Established 1887

U.S. to Pressure Citizens if They Won't Quit Libya

WASHINGTON — American cil executives were told Friday that the Reagan administration is pre-pared to use legal sanctions if nec-essary to force U.S. citizens to leave Libys.

Representatives of several U.S. oil industry firms met with State Department officials in Washington. Afterward, Alan Romberg, deputy State Department spokes-man, said that the oil executives had indicated "they would be cooperative with what the president is trying to do ... that they un-derstood the president's intention

Mr. Romberg did not say the companies will pull their employ-ces out of Libya, but said he was maware of any company refusing to do so. He said the executives did express concern "about the safety of their employees and the need to withdraw them in an orderly and measured manner.

President Reagan said he hopes the estimated 1,500 Americans in Libya will leave "as quickly as pos-

The administration, saying Americans in Libya lace "immi-ment danger." urged on Thursday that U.S. firms there order their employees home. It also barred travel by U.S. citizens to Libya. The moves followed reports that a Libyan-backed group had been dispatched to the United States to kill Mr. Reagan and other high of-

In Brussels, Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. on Friday disregarded allied skepticism about the U.S. actions, declaring that the moves were "minor steps"

gaed to save American lives. He said Washington has a spe-cial problem with Col. Qadhafi because he has made the United States "the focal point" of his ter-rorist activity. Mr. Haig also said the United States has better intelligence on what is going on inside Libya than its allies do.

Mr. Reagan spoke briefly with eporters Friday in the White trace Coal Office during a picture-taking session with visiting resident Gerald R. Ford, who enlorsed the president's decision.

"I have strong feelings about ar. Quihafi," Mr. Ford said, "I hank he's a serious menace to reace, not only in that part of the vorld but also on a global basis." Mr. Reagan, asked if he agreed with Mr. Ford's characterization d Col. Qadhafi, replied, "Yes, I hink we've made that plain." American oil firms began pull-

Saudi Prince, Reagan To Meet in Washington

United Press Internation WASHINGTON - Saudi Aravian Crown Prince Fahd will meet resident Reagan on Jan. 19, the White House announced on Thurs-

A visit to Washington by the igudi lender tentatively had been cheduled for this month but was sostponed. Mr. Reagan was exected to discuss with Prince Fahd he range of Middle East problems and to seek clarification of the 8soint Saudi peace plan for the viiddle East which has evoked controversy among the Arab states and is briterly opposed by Israel.

ng their U.S. employees out of Libya, but they gave no indication that they will shut their operations

A withdrawal of American workers from Libyan oil fields would inflict no lasting damage on the industry that is the backbone of Libya's economy, U.S. analysts

Because of its high prices, Li-bys's oil production has been cut to an estimated 700,000 barrels a day from about 1.7 milion barrels daily last Jamary. U.S. imports from Libya have dropped from about 350,000 barrels a day to less than 150,000 barrels, or less than 2 percent of total U.S. imports.

At the State Department, oil company representatives met with Ernest B. Johnston, deputy assist-ant secretary of state for economic affairs, in meetings intended to explain Mr. Reagan's decision.

One company representative said "They told us what they had done and said, 'The president is serious about this and we are pre-pared to apply sanctions to make this work." The executive asked not to be identified.

Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan said in a television interview Friday that the possibility that Libya would nationalize U.S. oil companies "was one of the eventualities we had to look at when we decided on this course of

In Tripoli, the Libyan news agency JANA said U.S. citizens there live in "peace and security" and that the U.S. warning of danger to them was an "absurd preten-

JANA said Mr. Reagan's inability to furnish proof of Libyan ter-rorism makes it clear that "Reagan is a lisr, a coward and that he places his personal dignity above any other consideration."

Meanwhile, U.S. border guards were alerted to watch for two purported Libyan assassination squads said to be trying to slip into

U.S. Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger said the U.S. Sixth Fleet in the Mediterranean is ready if necessary to evacuate U.S.

citizens from Libya.
In Abu Dhabi, OPEC oil ministers said Libya asked the oil cartel Friday to take joint action to blacklist U.S. oil companies that

withdraw from Libya. But conference sources said that no oil embargo against the United States was requested and that joint action by OPEC against U.S. companies was unlikely.

French View of Libya

PARIS (AP) -- France said Friday that it thinks Libya is no longsubversive international force and that it intends to resume normal relations gradually with Col. Qudhafi's government

In a statement, the Ministry of External Relations said the government believed that "the attitude of the Libyan government is no longer one of external destabiliza-tion" and France will try to "return progressively to normal rela-



Erich Honecker, right, greets Hehmut Schmidt at Schönefeld airport near Berlin.

Schmidt, Honecker Meet in East Germany

BIESENTHAL, East Germany -- Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany and Erich Honecker, the East German Communist Party chief, met in a hunting lodge Friday for the first full-scale talks between leaders of their countries in more than a decade.

The conversations, to involve five meetings in three days, are expected to produce little in the way of concrete developments. West German offi-cials hoped, however, that the talks at Biesenthal, about 40 miles (64 kilometers) north of Berlin, would improve the climate between the two coun-

After the first round of talks, an official accompanying Mr. Schmidt said the discussions were proceeding "in a very relaxed fashion."

Mr. Schmidt and Mr. Honecker had met briefly twice before, at the signing of the Helsinki Ac-

cords in 1975, and in 1980 at Tito's funeral. The current discussions are first official encounter between leaders of the two Germanies since 1970.

Mr. Honecker was likely to use the occasion, with the aid of live television coverage to West Germany, to continue his government's portrayal of the United States as the main cause of world tension. East German spokesman Wolfgang Meyer gave a hint of this in a television interview Friday night. "The question of securing peace," he said, "is at the center of the talks."

With almost no money to offer for joint projects, as the West German government has done in the past, Mr. Schmidt's main interest, outside of the effect on the talks on internal West German politics, was regarded as attempting to reduce some of the barriers East Germany has erected to slow the pace of West Germans' visits to the

Peruvian Is Chosen **UN Secretary-General**

din Aga Khan, former UN high

President Carlos Julio Arosemena

Monroy of Ecuador, Santiago Qui-jano-Cabellero of Colombia, Car-

los Ortiz de Rozas of Argentina,

Commonwealth Secretary-General Shridath S. Ramphal of Guyana

and Rafael Salas of the Philip-

Minimum Nine Votes

ioner for refugees, former

Assembly Expected to Back Vote on Pérez de Cuellar

From Agency Dispatches
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. — Javier Pérez de Cuellar of Peru was unanimously chosen by the Security Council Friday to be the next secretary-general of the Unit-ed Nations, ending more than six weeks of deadlock.

Mr. Perez de Chellar, 61, a dipiomat and former deputy to in-cumbent Kurt Waldheim, will begin a five-year term Jan. 1. He will be the first UN secretary-general from Latin America if he gets a majority vote in the 157-nation General Assembly — which seems certain in the next few days.

The Ugandan delegate, Olara Otunna, president of the 15-nation Security Council, announced the conneil's choice after an hourlong closed-door meeting to vote on seven candidates.

Mr. Waldheim had sought an unprecedented third term in the job, but was vetoed by China in 16 ballots. The United States had opposed Salim A. Salim, 39, of Tan-zania in 16 rounds of voting. First Mr. Waldheim, then Mr. Salim withdrew from the race. Then other new candidates entered the

Mr. Pérez de Cuellar was the only one of the seven candidates who was not vetoed, officials said. In the balloting, Mr. Perez de Cnellar received 10 votes, officials said. Afterward, the council made the nomination unanimous in a resolution to be sent to the General Assembly.

One elected member had voted against Mr. Pérez de Cuellar and there were four abstentions. Losers in the balloting Friday were Iranian-born Prince Sadrud-

Mr. Pérez de Cuellar and Mr. Khan were the only candidates who received the minimum of nine votes needed for election in the absence of a veto. But Mr. Khan was vetoed, it was not known immediately by whom. Mr. Pérez de Cuellar was not in

New York to press his candidacy. He was reported to be at his home in Lima. His victory broke the longest deadlock in UN history over the choice of a secretary-gen-Two candidates, Foreign Minister Jorge Illueca of Panama and Radha Krishna Ramphul, chief de-

legate of Mauritius, withdrew after private consultations among the Security Council members deter-mined that both would face vetoes. The Peruvian diplomat has been serving as Mr. Waldheim's special emissary on Afghanistan, and has

been one of the United Nations' top diplomatic troubteshooters for the past six years.

A year after the Cyprus war, in October, 1975, Mr. Waldheim appointed the Peruvian as his special representative in Nicosia. His task was to act as a mediator in the talks on a political solution between Greek and Turkish Cypriois. Mr. Pérez de Cuellar did much



Javier Pérez de Cuellar

to clarify the positions of the two factions.

Two years ago, Mr. Waldheim gave him a similar assignment to negotiate a settlement in Afghanistan and assigned him the rank of a deputy secretary-general.

Mr. Pérez de Cuellar will become the fifth secretary-general of the world organization. The first was Trygve Lie of Norway, who was followed by Dag Hammar-skjöld of Sweden, U Thant of Burma and Mr. Waldheim.

A soft-spoken diplomat, Mr. Pérez de Cuellar was a popular figure at the United Nations during his term as Peru's permanent representative from 1971 to 1975. He was president of the Security Council in April, 1973, and July, 1974, under the monthly rotation system. He also served as chairman of the Group of 77, which consists of all Third World countries in the UN and represents

Cubans Push for Full U.S. Talks the United States: At a press conference in London, on his way home from a NATO defense ministers' meeting.

By Martin Schram Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Cuban dipiomats have begun pressing through private channels for fullscale negotiations between the United States and Cuba to defuse what they call a "very dangerous situation" that could lead to a military confrontation in Central

America" between the two nations. The Reagan administration's re-sponse to this latest thrust in the verbal war games that have come to dominate the troubled Carib-

bean was a quick "no." Cuba's approach is taking place in the wake of one genuinely new development: a secret meeting in Mexico City about two weeks ago between U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and Cuban Vice President Carlos Rafael Ro-driguez. It was believed to be the al and with Mexico in particular. highest-level meeting between Cuba and the United States since the two broke relations in 1961.

The Washington Post has con-firmed a report, first carried in a Mexico City newspaper but never broad negotiations with the Unit-officially acknowledged by either country, that Mr. Haig and Mr. vana authorities have sought simi-

Rodriguez met Nov. 23. The session was characterized by an informed source as a wide-ranging discussion. But the source emphasized that it was not a prelude to negotiations between the United States and Cuba, and that no further meetings are planned between high-level officials of the two coun-

What took place at the meeting is not certain. Nor in fact is it clear why the meeting was held at all, given Mr. Haig's frequent warnings about Cuban military aid to rebel forces. Mexico has been anxious to serve as an intermediary between the United States and Cuba, however, and the United States has been anxious to convince the Mexicans that Washington sincerely wants to improve its

In recent days, Cuban diplomats attached to the Cuban Interest Section in Washington have begun contacting journalists to spread the word that Cnba is seeking

iar negotiations with Washington, but for the most part, this year they had not pressed the matter until the last few days. "Cuba fears that the United States and Cuba are facing the

possibility of a military confrontation in Central America," a Cuban envoy told a Washington Post reporter in a meeting arranged at the Cuban's request. "We believe that this is a very dangerous situation. It is important now, more than ever before, to

have negotiations between the United States and Cuba. Negotiations ... are not only desirable but necessary at this point." He said such negotiations should cover the entire range of bi-lateral issues between the two

countries. The envoy said Cuban officials have come to the view that negotiations are vital now because the officials are concerned about the tone and content of recent hardline comments by Mr. Haig and others about Cuban military aid around the world, especially in the Western hemisphere.



Carlos Rafael Rodriguez

Mr. Haig warned during last week's meeting of the Organization of American States that "the principle of nonintervention is being violated today" by Cuba.

Such Reagan administration statements, the Cuban envoy countered, are based on a U.S. misunderstanding. It is not a secret to anybody that we have troops in Angola and Ethiopia, and military advisers in other countries...in Africa."

ried by proxy in Montana last June to Mr. Semyonov, 25, Mrs.

Bonner's son by a previous mar-riage. The Soviet government

refused to recognize the proxy

marriage or let Miss Alexeyeva join her husband in Massachu-

setts, where he is a student at

Brandeis University.
Nine of this year's 10 Nobel

prizewinners sent a cable from

Stockholm, where they went to

receive their awards, to Soviet

President Leonid I. Brezhnev ap-

pealing for better conditions for Mr. Sakharov. There was no ex-

planation why the 10th laureate,

medicine co-winner Roger W. Sperry of the California Institute of Technology, did not sign the

Doubts Raised in U.S. On 2d Neutron Shell By Waiter Pincus Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — Scientists at the Lawrence Livermore nuclear weapons laboratory in California have designed yet another neutron weapon that could turn into the most controversial so far, an artillery shell for the relatively com-

monplace 155-mm gun. But the Pentagon is having second thoughts about producing it, according to informed sources.

The shell is so small, roughly six inches in diameter and three feet long, that for several years it was considered doubtful that scientists could make it into a neutron device, meaning into a very low-vield hydrogen bomb whose radiation output travels farther than its blast and heat effects. Two other neutron weapons are

already in production, the Lance missile warhead and an eight-inch artillery shell that is about onethird larger in size than the 155mm gun. These have already created enormous controversy in Europe; critics fear lower-yield nucleweapons would make it easier for governments to start nuclear wars. There are far more 155-mm guns in Europe in the hands of U.S. and NATO troops than eightinch howitzers and Lance missiles. The new shells would be costly,

nearly \$1 million apiece, according to congressional sources. And be-cause of their relatively short range – up to 18 miles (28.8 kilometers) with a rocket booster — they would plainly be intended for use on West European soil

The Reagan administration last March told the Department of Energy to move ahead with production of the 155-mm shell, but officials said Thursday a new Pentagon study has been ordered as to whether the Army needs a second neutron artillery shell, given the controversy in Europe.

During a recent series of interviews with NATO officials in Bonn, London, Rome and The Hague, the point was regularly made that any new discussion of controversial neutron weapons for Europe could endanger the politically fragile alliance decision to put new U.S. Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in Europe.

Long Delay Possible

Because of the controversy over the neutron Lance and eight-inch artillery shells. Defense Secretary that they be stockpiled in the Unit-ed States and deployed to Europe only after consultations with the

A Pentagon official said Thursday that the 155-mm shell production decision might be postponed "into the long-term future." Congress has already expressed its doubts about the need for a sec-

ond neutron artillery shell. In an appropriations bill signed by President Reagan last Friday, Congress cut back on fiscal 1982 money that the administration wanted to start production of the 155-mm shell.

If a new neutron 155-mm shell is

raised about the future of the more than 1,000 older 155-mm shells now in Europe, some of them 20 years old.

Congress, in its nuclear weapons appropriations bill also cut back on funds for two other warheads, the ground-launched Cruise missile and the new MX intercontinental ballistic missile.

The Cruise missile reduction of \$15 million was in operating rather than production funds. The funds that were held back can be obligated by the administration once it has shown the appropriations committees that the new warhead for the Cruise missile has been successfully tested and production facilities exist.

An administration official said Thursday he did not think the congressional limitations would have say effect on the planned December, 1983, initial European deployment date for the missile.

Congress cut almost \$50 million in fiscal 1982 production funds for the MX warhead. That reduction. according to congressional sources, could prevent new design work on an MX warhead.

INSIDE

OPEC Agreement OPEC oil ministers agreed to

cuts prices on some crudes in a move that Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani said would result in prices being trimmed a few cents throughout the world, including those for North Sea oil Page 11.

Nicaragua Talks

The Reagan administration carried on a secret dialogue this year with Nicaragua in an attempt, apparently unsuc-cessful, to head off the approaching collision of the two governments. Page 3.

Royal-Watching

The gentle art of chronicling royalty has changed in Britain into a frenzied chase after snippets of gossip. At the top of the pack of king-watchers is Robert Lacey, who disdains such methods and still manages to write best sellers about Ouean Elizabeth and now Saudi Arabia's rulers. Page 7W.

To Our Readers

Because of work stoppages by Paris printers and pressmen, normal distribution of the International Herald Tribune has been disrupted for the past two days. We apologize for any inconvenience this may have caused and thank you for YOUT DATIENCE.

Officials Tell Alexeyeva She Will Get Her Visa Monday til she went to Gorki and satisfied herself that Mr. Sakharov, Miss Alexeveva, 26, was mar-



Liza Alexeyeva after learning

MOSCOW — Soviet emigra-tion officials told Andrei D. Sakharov's daughter-in-law Friday that she would receive an emigration visa Monday to go to the United States and that she would be allowed go to Gorki immediately to see the Nobel peace laureate and his wife.

A U.S. Embassy spokesman said that two American diplomats met with Liza Alexeyeva to discuss emigration formalities. On Friday night. Miss Alexeyeva boarded a train for Gorki,

the Volga River city 400 kilometers (250 miles) east of Moscow to which Mr. Sakharov was exiled 23 months are.

telegram Friday from Mr. Sakharov and his wife, Yelena G. Bonner, which said, "We are happy beyond words. We are well. We are getting better to-gether." Miss Alexeyeva said the telegram included a pre-arranged code that authenticated it as coming from Dr. Sakharov.

Speaking outside OVIR, the government visa agency, Miss Alexeyeva said that officials told her that Mr. Sakharov had re-covered sufficiently for her to visit him. He and his wife had been on a hunger strike since Nov. 22 to pressure the Soviet government into letting Miss Alexeyeva join Mrs. Bonner's son, Alexei Semyonov, in the United States. In an apparent gesture to Western public opinion, the Soviet government told Miss Alexeyeva that she could leave the country as a Soviet citizen rather than as an emigré who could not return to the Soviet Union. "I feel strange," Miss Alexeye-

va said after meeting the OVIR officials. "I asked them why they don't want to strip me of my Soviet citizenship. They said that they don't want to, so that's the way they want it." The KGB, the Soviet secret police, told the woman on Tuesday that she would be allowed to leave the country and that Mr. Sakharov and his wife had end-

ed their hunger strike. But she

all right Mr. Sakharov, a leading nuclear scientist who has campaigned for human rights in the Soviet Union, was banished to Gorki in January of last year to restrict his access to foreign re-

60, and Mrs. Bonner, 58, were

The president of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, Anatoli P. Alexandrov, announced Thurs-day that Mr. Sakharov and his wife had ended their fast and were taking fruit juice in preparation to resuming a normal diet. He said that they were in a hospital and were in no danger. They were admitted to the hospital Dec. 5.

> out loudly and publicly about the persecution of intellectuals" in the anti-rightist campaign of 1957 and the Cultural Revolu-tion in the late 1960s.

> "A whole generation of Westernized intellectuals were deci-mated," she observes - professors, scientists, doctors, lawyers, artists, writers and architects "The institutions they helped to create — the universities, research institutes, journals, libraries and other creative enterprises,

Friday she would get a visa. Scholar Sees Double Standard in U.S. Views of Repression by China

By Fox Butterfield New York Tomes Servere CAMBRIDGE, Mass. — In the past two weeks, Americans followed with dismay the latest chapter in the plight of Andrei D. Sakharov and his wife, Yelena

Bonner, the Russian dissi-Jents who were conducting a hunger strike to protest Soviet authorities refusal to allow their inughter-in-law to emigrate. in the United States, persontion of Soviet dissidents fre-

quently becomes front-page tews. The Gulag Archipelago, he Soviet system of forced labor

tamps, has become synonymous

with the moral horrors of totali-tarianism. Dissidents such as the Sakharovs, Alexander Solzhenitsyn or Anatoli B. Shcharansky have at various times become practically household names, and

NEWS ANALYSIS

U.S. groups often agitate on their behalf, sometimes successfully. There has been no similar reaction to the widespread political persecution of intellectuals in China. Probably no more than a handful of Americans know the name of Lao She, one of China's

most popular writers, who was

drowned in the late 1960s by Red Guards in a Peking lake. He was the author of a poignant novel, "Rickshaw Boy," about the trag-ic life of a rickshaw puller in pre-

There have been no outeries about recent attacks in the Chinese press on a prominent writer, questions how successful the Communists have been. Bai Hua has been forced to make a selfcriticism and his fate is unclear.

Have Americans had a double

standard when it comes to the Soviet Union's and China's treat-

ment of dissidents? Merle Gold-

man, a professor of history at Boston University and author of a new book, "China's intellectuals: Advise and Dissent," believes the answer is a culpable

Other China specialists argue that Americans' different attirudes toward Moscow and Peking are based on slowness in un-derstanding China or on the Chinese Communists' less brutal methods of control.

cause "there are real differences

John K. Fairbank, professor emeritus of Chinese history at like those who knew about the Harvard, said he does not believe Hoiocaust, my colleagues and I there is a double standard be-

in style between the Russians and the Chinese, even if the Chi-nese still have their security police and labor camps." The Chinese have made a onblic confession" about the

atrocities of the Cultural Revolu-

tion, unlike anything in Russia,

and have made a greater effort to correct past abuses than has the Soviet Union, Prof. Fairbank be-But Mrs. Goldman, in an article in the current issue of the Radcliffe Quarterly, charges that,

in the China field did not speak

were also decimated." There are no overall government figures on the number of (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

NATO Allies Caution European Neutralists

BRUSSELS — The NATO goveroments Friday warned Western Europe's growing peace movement that one-sided nuclear disarmament would give Moscow a huge military advantage.

Foreign ministers of the 15-nation alliance, in a message largely aimed at young anti-war protest-

Polls Show Confidence in U.S. Drops

By Joseph Fitchett onal Herald Tribune

PARIS - Public opinion in Western Europe is increasingly skeptical about U.S. ability to deal responsibly with world problems, including nuclear issues, according to polls in NATO countries in Oc-

tober.
Polls released this week by the U.S. International Communica-tions Agency show that European confidence in the Reagan administration has slipped, with the number who are skeptical about the ad-ministration competence now equal to that of it's supporters.

Anti-nuclear demonstrations, the surveys indicated, slightly in-creased public opposition to the installation of new U.S. nuclear missiles in West Germany, Italy and Britain.

If the missile deployment is inked to arms control talks, sup-port for NATO's plan prevails. Nearly half the respondents in West Germany and Britain said they approved of missile deployment if arms control talks are pro-ceeding or have failed. In Italy, opposition narrowly prevails.

All three NATO governments are committed to deploying the U.S.-manned Pershing and Cruise

Although the public apparently attaches great importance to the disarmament talks, most people said they doubted an arms control agreement could be reached before the present deadline to start deploying the new missiles in late 1983 and early 1984.

The surveys, released in Washington, were conducted last October in Britain, France, West Germany, Italy, the Netherlands and Norway. They reflect European opinion just before President Reagan's disarmament proposals to eliminate both U.S. and Soviet intermediate-range missiles in Eu-

Widespread ignorance exists in Europe, the ICA polls show, about the Soviet missile advantage in the European theater because of SS-20 deployments. Nearly three-quarters of the people interviewed in Britain, Italy and West Germany were unaware that NATO has no existing equivalent to the SS-20 missiles that are at the center of Support for deploying new NATO missiles rose among people who learned about what the West con-

(Continued from Page 1)

Chinese intellectuals persecuted

since the Communist triumph in

1949, but there are some indica-

tions. A knowledgeable Chinese editor told Mrs. Goldman, who is

also an associate of the Center for

East Asian Research at Harvard,

that 400,000 to 700,000 intellectu-

als were arrested during the anti-rightist movement alone in 1957-58. Only in 1978, two years after

the death of Mao, was the last group of these people, 110,000, re-leased from prison or labor reform

camps, according to a Chinese

The Cultural Revolution of

1966-1976 engulfed an even larger

managers. The People's Daily, the

Communist Party newspaper, once reported that 100 million people

were affected by the Cultural Rev-

ohution. In a speech in 1979, Deng Kiaoping, China's paramount leader, disclosed that 2.9 million

people purged or imprisoned dur-

ing the Cultural Revolution had

By comparison, in the Soviet

since been rehabilitated.

number of people, including party

officials, army officers and factory

Communist Party document.

siders its inferior position. U.S. Double Standard Seen on Repression

ers, said the dangers would not be reduced if the West unilaterally scrapped its nuclear weapons.

The Soviet Union reacted in a comment by Tass which said that the United States appeared to have "twisted the arms" of its allies to make them confirm their commitment to deployment of new U.S.

NATO officials said their statement was carefully drafted in hopes of influencing peace campaigners who are trying to halt the deployment of a new generation of U.S. missiles in Western Europe.

Talks Welcomed

"Unilateral nuclear disarmament would give the Soviet Union, which could not be relied upon to follow suit, an overwhelming military advantage," the foreign minis-ters said after a two-day confer-

The NATO allies welcomed the opening of U.S.-Soviet talks on limiting European-based nuclear missiles and said the West was ready for "comprehensive negotiations" on other forms of arms con-

The foreign ministers offered full support for what they described as a "far-reaching and constructive program" for peace pro-posed by President Reagan in a

major speech Nov. 18. While France's Socialist govern ment joined the general endorse-ment, it abstained from a separate statement backing the U.S. negotiating position in the talks on medium-range missiles, which started Nov. 30 in Geneva.

Positive Incentive

Officials said this was a technicality because France, as the only NATO nation whose forces are outside the integrated alliance command, is not directly involved in NATO's military decisions. France, however, joined in wel-coming the U.S.-Soviet negotia-

ing in late 1983, unless the United States and the Soviet Union agreed before then on mutual arms cuts.

U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. said that the plan to continue progress toward deployment of the missiles was a "positive incentive" for arms control and pledged continued close consultation with the allies on the Geneva talks.

Mr. Haig emphasized that the United States had begun a dia-logue with the Soviet Union that would be intensified. But he said Soviet "lack of restraint" remained an obstacle to better East-West re-

On another subject, Mr. Haig avoided criticism of the Greek Socialist government of Andreas Papandreou, whose demands for a

He merely said that he had had

of political prisoners being held in

the Gulag Archipelago, aside from ordinary criminals. That is the esti-

mate of Joshua Rubinstein, the

New England coordinator for Am-

nesty International and author of

"Soviet Dissidents, The Struggle

for Human Rights," a book pub-

reached such proportions, Mrs. Goldman writes, that Chinese who survived "describe their experience

That analogy, she said, is not en-tirely correct. "Millions of people

were not killed systematically. Though Mao and his supporters

set the anti-intellectual tone, the persecution of the intellectuals was due more to the chaotic nature of

the time than to an organized gov-

ernment policy."
"Where were the Western China

scholars when this calamity befell our intellectual colleagues in Chi-

na?" Mrs. Goldman asks. "We

can't plead ignorance; the Chinese

newspapers were filled day after day with pictures of intellectuals

being paraded through the streets

Parfuni

Parfums

YESSAINT/AURENT

as comparable to the Holocaust."

Political persecution in China

lished last year.



Rescue workers at train collision north of London that claimed four lives.

4 Die in Train Crash in U.K. Blizzard

From Agency Dispatcher
LONDON — At least four persons died and 15 were injured in a train crash in a snow-storm north of London on Friday, and Britons shivered in

sub-zero weather that shut down

airports and blocked roads.

Heavy snow - up to a halffoot in some places — fell from southeastern England to Wales in the west and throughout Scotland in the north, closing airports, making scores of roads impassable and causing massive commuter delays. Much of the country was already blanketed with snow from a storm Tues-

The British Rail train crashed under a bridge in the village of

set up an emergency casualty center, but ambulances were Seer Green in Buckinghamshire. about 30 miles (48 kilometers) north of London, a railroad spokesman said. It was not imhours away. mediately known how many

people were aboard. The second train left six minutes before the passenger train and had stopped to allow crews to clear a fallen tree from the

tracks, officials said. Police said five persons, including the driver of the passen-ger train, were killed. Fight passengers were trapped for several hours as rescue workers battled snow to reach the wreckage,

Driving snow and sub-zero temperatures hampered medical teams, firemen and policemen trying to reach the area. Police

taking the victims to a hospital

Liverpool airport and London's Heathrow Airport, one of the world's busiest international terminals, were closed.

Storm Hits Upstate New York NEW YORK (UPI) -- A

storm dumped more snow Friday on upstate New York, al-ready buried by as much as 2 feet, and also piled on to the 20inch accumulation in the Maryland mountains. At least three deaths were blamed on the dangerous traffic conditions created by the snow.

The 14 other nations said they would go ahead with plans to base 572 U.S. Pershing-2 and Cruise missiles in Western Europe, start-

VALLETTA, Malta - Prime Minister Dom Mintoff, who in 10 years has transformed this once British-ruled Mediterranean island into a Socialist, nonaligned state. faces a strong opposition challenge in Saturday's general election. The central issue in the voting is

whether the island should continue along the Socialist path that has loosened its ties with the West and revolutionized its economy and education system or move back to the Nationalist Party and closer ties to the West. Edward Fenech Adami, 47, who

became opposition leader in 1977, has turned the Nationalists from a virtually silent party into a vigorous opponent of the Labor Party

guarantee against aggression by
Turkey scuttled plans by NATO

In the 1976 election the Nationalists lost by only 6,000 votes, and defense ministers to issue a com- Mr. Mintoff had a majority of only the Geneva arms control talks. muniqué after a meeting earlier three seats in the 65-seat House of Representatives

> Mr. Mintoff, who has led the very useful" discussions Labor Party for 32 years, has couwith Mr. Papandreon in Brussels. pled a radical foreign policy with a

> > to believe. It was too horrible."

"We scholars of China are en-

amored of its history, culture and people," she said. "We didn't want to believe that a country that had

developed such a high level of civi-

lization could be so cruel to its in-

In addition, Mrs. Goldman con-

tends, many Americans wanted to believe that Mao and the Commi-

nists "really had the answer to

China's problems after so many

years of chaos, famine and weak-

ness." In particular, some Americans on the far left, disillusioned

by the Vietnam War and Water-

gate, looked on Mao's calls for rev-

olution and egalitarianism as a model for the United States, she

For those wanting to study in

China itself, there may have been

practical considerations as well. As the United States moved toward

normalization of relations with Peking in 1979 and as it appeared

possible that China scholars would

be able to see the country "from which they had been barred since 1949," Mrs. Goldman noted,

most did not want to jeopardize their chance to get a visa."

Michel C. Oksenberg, a professor at the University of Michigan and a member of the National Se-

curity Council under former Presi-

dent Jimmy Carter, said that he is

troubled that Americans may have

a double standard toward Moscow

and Peking but that he believes it

is really a matter of American late-

In historical terms, Mr. Oksen-berg added, the Cultural Revolu-

tion was more like Stalin's vast

purges in the 1930's when Ameri-

cans who did not understand the

Soviet Union well were not as vo-

ciferous as they are now about

human rights in Russia.

ness in comprehending China.

Union there are perhaps 10,000 or in dunce caps. As in the Holo-at most several tens of thousands canst, we knew but we didn't want

tellectuals.

If-sufficient economically.

He served as prime minister under British rule and returned to power seven years after independence as the country's first Socialist One of his first act in office in

1971 was to ask the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to withdraw its base from the island. And in 1979, during his second term of office, Britain withdrew the last of its forces from Malta. Under his leadership the govern-

ment has taken over broadcasting, banks, telecommunications, oil and gas. A program to encourage more working-class students to go to school has transformed the higher education system.

Mr. Adami is offering the elec-

torate what he calls "a government of dialogue," with less state inter-ference and fewer restrictive measures. He also favors closer defense and economic ties with the West.

holds open the possibility of Malta joining the European Economic Community. But they are opposed to allowing foreign powers to again have military bases on Mal-

In international affairs Mr. Mintoff has been eager to emphasize Malta's nonaligned status.

Soviet Treaty

Under an agreement he signed with the Soviet Union earlier this year, Moscow guarantees Malta's nonaligned status, although Mr. Mintoff says it is not committed to defend the island if its territory is

In exchange the Russians have received facilities for storing up to 300,000 tons of oil on the island.

By Ihsan A. Hijazi

New York Times Service

ter invading Iranian territory, Iraqi

press agency, "that you must not

victories in its offensive, which re-

portedly began with a surprise at-

tack on Nov. 29 and resulted in the

recapture of the town of Bustan in

the Susangird region of Khuzistan province. Iraqi military commu-

Iran has been announcing daily

lose any more positions."

no mention of Bustan.

U.S. officials say they fear that oil could be used as fuel for Soviet warships just outside Maltese territorial waters.

But a close relationship with Liby a that might have given Malta the economic viability it has sought under Mr. Mintoff proved short-lived.

Last year, the two countries were unable to resolve their conflicting claims to the Mediter-ranean continental shelf, a potential source of offshore oil. After having sold oil at a concessionary rate to Malta since the mid-1970s. Libya cut off the supply in July of

The following month Libya forced an Italian ship sent by Malta to drill 70 miles [110 kilometers] southeast of the island to stop its exploration.

Mr. Mintoff's campaign plat-form pledges to provide more social services, more industries and more socialism. The Manor

ta's sovereignty and territorial integrity should be safeguarded by "those who can do so," understood to mean the West. They have vowed to retain all

existing social legislation and im-prove upon it. Mr. Mintoff's government introduced mandatory wage increases linked to increases in the cost of living a minimum wage and a 40-hour week. It set up many industries and established a national airline and shipping line.
The Nationalists have said they

may renegotiate the oil storage deal with Russia if they gain pow-

The opposition has repeatedly accused Mr. Mintoff of being antidemocratic, suppressing criticism and interfering with free speech.

party that it must agree to genuine power-sharing if Poland is to overcome its economic, social and political crisis. Solidarity leader Lech Walesa

told fellow union leaders that he now favored more forceful measures. "The policy of small steps has produced no results," he said, adding that he had hoped originally that the union and government might solve such issues as changes in the state structure and democratic elections by next spring.

Union Seeks

Vote on Key

Polish Issues

Solidarity Says It Has

ferendum to determine whether Poles supported the union or the

tion's parliamentary-style national

commission, meeting in Gdansk,

demanded the referendum during

respond to mounting pressure

Delegates said Solidarity, not the Communists, had the backing of the people and told the ruling

a debate on how the union should

from the authorities.

"I want a genuine accord," Mr. Walesa said after the 107-member commission assembled at the Lenin shipyards where the union movement was born last year. "But we want the government to serve the public and since it is not doing so we will have to teach it how."

Trilateral Power

Solidarity has proposed a power-sharing scheme to consist of Communists, the Roman Catholic Church and Solidarity. It has rejected the government's idea of a national forum in which the 10 million-member labor movement would be only one of seven social

The agenda included consideration of a resolution calling for a general strike if the government is given emergency powers to deal with Poland's social and economic

The commission also planned to discuss union demands for free lo-cal elections. That issue has em-barrassed the Communists who are uncertain how to reconcile promises of greater democracy with fears of being voted out of office.

The authorities in Warsaw, meanwhile, moved to avert a threatened strike by Solidarity members in radio and television by postponing plans to reorganize the control of broadcasting.

Solidarity said the plans would have seriously weakened journalists' influence over programs and would have effectively blocked union access to television and radio.

Government Charges Denied

"There are points on which we are not prepared to budge, such as Walesa said. He also mentioned a social council for the control of the economy and denied government charges that Solidarity planned a political takeover.

One member of Solidarity's pre-sidium, Grzegorz Palka, said the union faced a choice between passive resistance or proclamation of a general strike to demand free parliamentary elections. A branch. from Katowice, in southern Poland, also came with a resolution calling for free elections.

Mr. Palka, a Solidarity leader from Slupsk, in northern Poland. said he had been instructed by his members to express a vote of no confidence in the present authori-

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Argentine President Ousted by Junta

BUENOS AIRES — Argentine President Roberto Viola was removed

from office Friday by the ruling military junta, according to an official The Public Information Secretarias said that the junta's decision had Wide Popular Backing been conveyed to the Cabinet by Interior Minister Horacio Liendo in his capacity as interim president. Gen. Liendo temporarily assumed office WARSAW — Solidarity leaders called Friday for a national re-

Nov. 20 after Gen. Viola's heart condition was revealed to the public.

Government sources said that army commander Leopoido Fortunate Galtieri would formally assume office as the new president on Dec. 22.

Khomeini Aide Is Assassinated

The Associated Press

Communist government in a series of major disputes.

Members of the union federa-BEIRUT — A personal representative of Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini in Shiraz and seven or eight companions were killed Friday when a bomb exploded as they were heading to the city's main mosque, Tehran Radio and a police official said.

The prayer leader, Ayatollah Abdol-Hossein Dastgheib, 80, had taken "about 100 steps from the house when the bomb exploded," according to a police spokesman in Shiraz who was reached by telephone from Beirut. The spokesman said seven or eight persons with Ayatollah Dastgheib

Tehran Radio said an undetermined number of Ayatollah Dasighcib's companions were killed and others wounded. The broadcast, monitored here, blamed the blast on leftist Mujahidin-e-Khalq guerrillas.

French Refuse Advice on Soviet Deal

The Associated Press PARIS — The French External Relations Ministry said Friday it will not seek Western advice on a controversial \$300-million computer deal not seek Western savice on a controversal 3-RU-million compiler deal with the Soviet Union, saying the equipment is not of a strategic nature.

On Wednesday, the French computer firm Thomson-CSF signed a deal with the Russians under which it will provide sophisticated monitoring equipment for the natural gas pipeline from Sheria to Western Europe. Government officials held up the deal in October when they provided the company's original recoveral scaled down to retain the company's original recoverage. wanted the company's original proposal scaled down to prevent sensitive computer technology from passing to the Russians.

Government officials earlier had promised to submit any item that

might be strategically sensitive to Cocom, the Western committee that reviews strategic exports to Communist countries. But French officials said Friday that the equipment is not of a strategic nature and thus does not come under Cocom's authority.

Zimbabwe Holds Alleged Coup Plotter

SALISBURY — The Zimbabwe government announced Friday that a white member of Parliament has been detained in connection with an alleged comp conspiracy.

It did not name the person, but earlier the all-white Republican Front of Ian Smith, the former Rhodesian prime minister, said one of its legislators, retired railway worker Wally Stuttaford, had been arrested Thurs-

day in his home city of Bulawayo, southern Zimbabwe.

Prime Minister Robert Mugabe has charged several leading members of the party, including Mr. Smith, of plotting a coup to restore white minority rule. He also has said that 5,000 men loyal to Bishop Abel Muzorewa, another opposition leader, were being trained as saboteurs in South Africa. Both have denied the charges.

Haig Urges U.S.-EEC Trade Dialogue

BRUSSELS — U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. said Friday that the United States and Europe must avoid "beggar thy neighbor" economic policies.

Mr. Haig, leading a high-level U.S. delegation in trade talks with leaders of the European Commission, said Washington seeks with Western Europe "an elegant dialogue which above all avoids confrontation in the time of hardship which exists on both sides of the Atlantic."

Special trade representative William E. Brock, a member of the U.S. delegation, said the issue of subsidized European steel exports was one topic of discussion at the talks. He said he hoped the United States could get the EEC to abide by the U.S. "trigger price mechanism," which sets minimum prices for imported steel.

Bonn Objects to Cheysson Comments

BONN - West Germany expressed irritation Friday at criticism of the Enropean Economic Community declaration on the Middle East by

French External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson. Chief government spokesman Kurt Becker said Bonn regarded the 1980 Venice Declaration, which urged self-determination for the Palestinians and a negotiating role for the Palestine Liberation Organization, of government in EEC nations. France's Socialist government came to

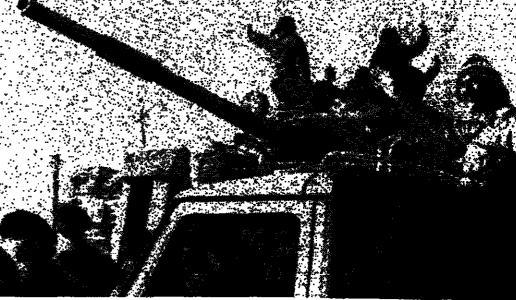
power last spring. Mr. Cheysson said Toesday in Israel that France would not be a party to the EEC peace imitative, which he criticized for not taking into account progress under the Camp David agreements between Egypt and Israel. Mr. Cheysson and other French officials have since said that some of his remarks were misinterpreted.

Arms Talks Off to 'Encouraging' Start

GENEVA - The director of the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency said Friday that new U.S.-Soviet talks on limiting nuclear missiles in Europe had got off to an encouraging start in a very good atmos-

But the director, Eugene Rostow, added that the two sides were still far apart. "I don't wish to create false hopes," he said at a luncheon after

taking part in the latest negotiating session. The two delegations had begun their work seriously and were proceeding with a minimum of procedural difficulties to the substance of the problem, Mr. Rostow said. "It is very encouraging," he added.



President Saddam Hussein of Iraq, right, welcoming troops returning from the Iran war front.

BODY FITNESS AND BETTER HEALTH WITH PORTUGUESE CYSTER POWDER

Feel young again with P.O.P.

ABSOLUTELY NATURAL DIETETIC PRODUCT, UNEQUALLED IN CONCENTRATION OF MOST NATURAL ELEMENTS REQUIRED BY THE HUMAN BODY FOR FITNESS. Immediately assimilated and surprisingly efficient. Developped by well-known Biologist, Medical Doctor L. MARCERON. P.O.P. is a sure way to better health.

Bottle of 150 pills, U.S. \$28 including registered parcel part, if air-post preferred, then add \$3. In France in Pharmacles, Health Food Shops, etc., if

LABORATORIES J.T.C., 117 Avenue Emile-Zola. 75015 PARIS, France.

soldiers were taken prisoner, according to the official Iraqi news BEIRUT - Fourteen months afagency, Reuters reported from Beirut. The agency, quoting its correspondent in the region, said the battle was continuing as dark fell.

war front and a number of enemy

forces appear to have lost some ground to regrouped Iranian troops who have reportedly been on the offensive since the end of It said heavy fighting was raging in the Sumar and Gilan-Gharb areas. [Tehran Radio, monitored in Iraqi President Saddam Hussein conceded during a week's tour of the battlefront in Iran's southern oil-producing province of Khuzisndon, earlier reported that an Iranian offensive in the moun-tainous Gilan-Gharb region of western Iran resulted in "remarktan that some Iraqi forces had been pushed back. able victories," and said 200 Iraqis were taken prisoner, Renters said. "It is very important," he told his troops, according to the Iraqi

Regrouped Iranian Troops

Reportedly Regain Ground

Daily Air Attacks

[Iraq denied an earlier claim by Iran that its forces had launched a counterattack to recapture Khurramshahr, in Khuzistan.}

Independent assessments of the situation are not possible since correspondents are not allowed to visit the battlefront.

niqués assert that the offensive has Iranian officials quoted by Iran's official press agency, said been beaten back, but they make their forces were now pushing to seize another town, Sabla, north-[Hundreds of Iranian troops were killed Friday in heavy fightwest of Bustan, in order to cut ing in the northern sector of the through Iraqi lines and isolate some Traqi units from supply lines.

Pilot Captured

Iraq's communiqués indicated that its air force is being used more heavily in the fighting. Daily air attacks have been reported, with the Iraqis apparently using the Mirage fighter planes they received from

France about a year ago.

The Iranians reported shooting down one of these Mirages and

GOLF INTERNATIONAL SERVICE Range Rover service is provided and all arrangements made to eight golf courses from GENEVA. Tel.: (022) 43.17.71.

fst. 1911 5 Rue Dounou, PARIS Just tell the taxi driver

"sank roo doe noo" or Falkenturm Str. 9, Munich,

HARRY'S N.Y. BAR ®

capturing its pilot. The Iraqi offi-

cer, brought before Iranian televi-

sion cameras, said that French

crews were training the Iraqis in

So far, France has delivered 25

Mirages to the Iraqis, who have

been relying chiefly on Soviet-made MiG jets. Reports published

in the Lebanese press this week as-

sert that the Soviet Union has re-

sumed delivery of heavy arms to

The Soviet Union discontinued

the use of the Mirages.

the Iragis.

military supplies to Iraq after the war with Iran began in September, 1980, and the Iraqi troops were scoring gains. Iraq is believed to have captured about 200,000

square miles of Iranian territory to back its demands for recognition by Iran of its claims to full sovereignty over the Shatt-al-Arab, the waterway that separates the two countries at the head of the Gulf.

President Hussein said in a speech last month that Iraq possessed more tanks and other heavy weapons than it did when the fighting started. He also declared that Iraq was capable of putting two million men under arms.

Iran Army Confident

But Iranian military commu-niqués distributed by the official news agency in recent days have been filled with confidence. The agency quoted Premier Mir Hossein Musavi as predicting that Iranian troops would soon move. the war to Iraqi territory.

The first signs that the Iraqis might be losing the initiative in the war came about two months ago when they were forced to abandon a position on the Karun River from which they were threatening

Abadan. This development followed the withdrawal of some Iraqi troops from the front to protect installations at home as a result of the Israeli air strike on the Osirak nuclear reactor near Baghdad in June and to counter Kurdish insurgents in the north.

Another factor that appeared to be aiding the Iranians was the reported recruitment of a new Iranian fighting force and the arrival of fresh supplies of arms. The tracis have charged that these supplies have come from Israel.

In addition, the Iraqi government was said to be running short of funds to finance the war.

According to reports in the press here Wednesday, Iraq is seeking additional loans from other Arab oil-producing countries. Knwait has reportedly agreed to provide Baghdad with a third loan of \$2 billion, raising the total to \$6 billion. Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates were said to have lent Baghdad a similar sum.

val De

MOVAI

127 F F F F B 12 H/4

22500000

E Land Comment

The deep

BRINGT IN و جران ا المالية And Described in the Calmania i con

Course in this a

Description of the second Market Contract

William Victoria TO FAIL TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF the strainte in the land

Wall bet witter de : is a familiar to the F Contraction of the FEET PARTY. and Marie Walter

Sentille the care

Allen Artist Artist

State Comments of the same

The Marie of the State of the S ton link link the same off and Par the battered refinery center of The Matter Co Taki ti di takan Will Woman

Special divisity green Age gain trains Jun Reported er ter in the train Time and Was de Calais Battanie Selling to g

April 100 m Lucian of St. Lin TALLES IN A PARTIE OF the late of their bhish wired self t

The state of the state of ويراقي والمنصر المحاطاتها

All American and the bearing

the state of the

Senate Passes \$4-Billion Cut, Sends Stopgap Bill to Reagan

WASHINGTON — The Senate voted Friday to give President Rengan \$4 billion in new spending cuts and sent him a bill to keep the government funded, ending government funded, ending a lengthy budget fight between Congress and the White House.

The stopgap funding bill was pushed through the House on Thursday, 218 to 197, by a coalition of Republicans and conserva-tive Democrats. The Senate approved the bill on a swift voice vote — and again on a 60-35 re-corded vote demanded by the Democrats.

The Senate rejected a series of Democratic amendments Thursday night and Friday morning before accepting the House version, which funds most government

standoff between Mr. Reagan and Congress such as the one last month that prompted the presi-dent to veto an emergency spend-ing bill and forced a partial shutdown of the government. The Senate vote also allows Congress to leave on schedule for its Christmas

Mr. Reagan vetoed the last bill that Congress produced because it cut less than half the amount he wanted. The new bill, while still cutting less than half what Mr. Reagan asked for on Sept. 24, is expected to be signed before Tuesday, when the last emergency funding resolution expires.

U.S. Budget Aides Find Usual Deals Don't Go

By Douglas B. Feaver

gton Post Service WASHINGTON - As President Reagan held a series of meet-ings with his Cabinet secretaries during the week to hammer out the unresolved issues in the 1983 budget, he was dealing with a longer agenda than any president has faced in recent years.

Career officials in the Office of Management and Budget said this first Reagan budget has become so controversial — especially in the domestic area - that they have been unable or unwilling to cut their usual deals with the departments on smaller issues while leaving only the large ones for the president and the secretary.

That is because so much money has already been taken from domestic programs that further cuts amount to policy decisions instead of the simple funding-level questions that can often be worked out in the old-boy network of budget division directors and their coun-

terparts in the agencies. While the budget process is generally on schedule, the number of unresolved issues means that much of the work on budget documents and backup papers that normally would be done by this time of year has not been completed.

80 or 90 Issues to Go

"By now, we would usually be down to the eight or nine really tough issues (for a department) that would have to be decided by the secretary, the director and maybe the president, and we would have disposed of 80 or 90 other issues," a division chief said. There are still 80 or 90 issues on the table. I think it's because nobody here (on the budget office's policy side) is willing to be reason-

Many of those issues were resolved in meetings during the week --- or will be in meetings next week - between the secretary and Budget Review Board, which consists of hudget director David A. Stockman, presidential counselor Edwin Meese 3d and chief of staff James A. Baker 3d. But many issues will have to be taken to the

"However," another budget official cautioned, "that doesn't mean we're all that far behind, because these guys decide things in a hurry once they get to it. I don't know of any real molasses in the system." Mr. Stockman's problems in making process."

published in the Atlantic magazine "didn't slow us down for more than a day or two," another said. He has enormous energy and was able to deal with that and keep the DIOCESS On COURSE.

By law, the budget must be presented to Congress 15 calendar days after Congress convenes in January. Since Congress now plans to convene Jan. 25, that would make the mandatory submission date Feb. 9, but the final schedule has not been set.

Printing Date

The budget office has been working toward publishing the budget on Jan. 18, but that deadline will undoubtedly slide, according to spokesman Edwin L. Dale Ir. As a practical matter, the budget must be completed at least several days in advance of the official date so it can be printed.

The Government Printing Office, which produces the four volumes that make up the Budget of the United States Government, reports that some material for the budget books arrived as early as Nov. 19. But final numbers for the all-important tables that tell people what is really happening to their favorite programs cannot be plugged in until the president decides whether to go with Mr. Stockman's cuts, accept a secretary's appeal or order a compro-

Budget office officials said that the delay in the budget is in no way related to the seemingly unending number of budgets they had to prepare or change. In addi-tion to the original Carter budget and four official Reagan modifications, there was substantial budget office staff work in the wrangling in July and the continuing resolution two weeks ago. It appears that the budget will finally be put to rest before Dec. 15, the expiration date for the continuing resolutionunder which the government is now operating.

The budget office's political appointees, who have to make the final decisions, have been impressed with the career staff. "They are precisely what professionals ought to be," an appointee said. "This is place of enormous discretion. People state their views internally. then accept the political decision-

of the House-passed measure late Thursday, defeating in rapid sucadd money for unemployment in-surance, the Head Start preschool program, job training, and mater-nal and child health care. The bill, drafted by congression

al Republicans and administration officials and endorsed by Mr. Reagan, includes a raise of at least 4.8 percent for top government of-ficials. The bill is necessary be-cause Congress has not completed work on most of the regular appropriations bills that fund the gov-

House Passes Aid Bill

WASHINGTON (UPI) - The House, with administration backing, beat back a move by conservaing, teat back a make a major cut in funds for the foreign aid program. The action came just before the body passed the \$11-billion foreign aid appropriations bill 199 to 166 and sent it to the Senate.

The attempt to cut the measure was aimed at the U.S. contribution to the International Development Association, which makes interestfree, long-term loans to developing nations. On Wednesday, the House passed 222 to 184 a sepa-rate foreign-aid authorization measure that did not include money international development

bank programs.

As it reached the House, the foreign aid appropriations bill for the current fiscal year provided \$850 million for the IDA, but Republican Rep. Mickey Edwards of Oklahoma, particularly criticizing IDA aid to India, proposed a \$330-mil-lion cut in the figure.

Republican Jack Kemp of New York offered a substitute amend-ment, making a cut of \$125 million, that was approved 282 to 113.

Although the administration's foreign aid package emphasizes aid, the White House opposed further cuts in the economic aid por-

The irony of Mr. Reagan supporting foreign aid in the face of opposition by conservative supporters was noted by Republican Edward J. Derwinski of Illinois, who said that the president has faced the "reality" of the world sit-

Rep. Kemp succeeded in modifying another amendment aimed at limiting IDA funds for India. "I don't think this body ought to do anything in that dangerous part of the world to start pushing India closer to the Soviet Union," he

His substitute plan called for the Treasury secretary to negotiate a reallocation of funds rather than setting a 15-percent limit for any one country. The House also rejected, by voice vote, a move to trim funds for the Export-Import Bank from \$4.4 billion to \$3.4 bil-

Military Increase

WASHINGTON (AP) - Mr. Reagan's next military budget may be increased by about \$6 billion to pay for two additional nuclearpowered aircraft carriers, Pentagon sources said Thursday.

The proposed increase for the 1983 fiscal year, which begins next Oct. 1, would raise the total projected by Mr. Reagan to about \$250 billion. But Pentagon offi-



HAITIANS HELD - About 2,500 Haitians who have traveled by boat to the United States are now in detention at federal centers including the Krome Avenue camp in Miami, pictured above. Rear Adm. Ralph R. Hedges, commander of U.S. Naval Forces in the Caribbean, said on Thursday that recent efforts to stop the flow of Haitians to Florida have been effective.

Cured Meat Only a Minor Source Of Nitrite Exposure, Study Finds

By Jane E. Brody New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — An expert committee assessing the safety of nitrites and nitrates as food additives has reported that cured meats accounted for only a small proportion of human exposure to cancercansing nitrosamines and the elimination of the additives from meats would probably not have a major impact on human health.

A far larger amount of nitrosamines may reach the average con-sumer through cigarette smoke, baked goods, vegetables, cosmet-ics, automobile interiors and drinking water, according to the committee chairman, Dr. Maclyn McCarty, a bacteriologist at The Rockefeller University in New

Nonetheless, the committee, convened by the National Academy of Sciences at the remest of the Food and Drug Administra-tion and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, urged at a news conrence on Thursday that the use of nitrites and nitrates in meat products be reduced "to the extent that protection against botulism is

Flavoring, Pink Color

The committee, in its 550-page report, also recommended that alternative curing agents be sought. A separate report, dealing with such alternatives, is due next

Nitrites, and to a lesser extent nitrates, are used in products like frank salami to help prevent the growth of deadly botulism spores. Nitrates also flavor the meat and give it a pink color. The safety of these additives, which have been used to preserve food for at least 2,000 years, has been challenged in recent decades after studies showed they could be converted to nitrosamines in the body.

Although the committee found that neither nitrates nor nitrites directly caused cancer in animals, cials said that virtually none of the nearly 200 types of nitrosamines 56 billion would actually go out of are known carcinogens in animals the Treasury in the 1983 fiscal and are therefore suspect as agents causing human cancer. The committee found some evidence to suggest that high exposure to nitrates and nitrites might be associated with an increased risk of cancers of the stomach and esophagus.

The committee also noted that vitamin C included in the diet or added to foods could help block the formation of nitrosamines. Vitamin E has a similar effect. But Dr. McCarty said that the possible value of supplementing the diet with vitamin C is not yet known and would require a separate

By far the greatest exposure to nitrosamines occurs among people who work in such industries as rocket fuel, leather-tanning and rubber manufacture. Their average exposure is about 250 micrograms per day, 200 times more than the 1.3 micrograms the average person would derive from a typical day's diet, which includes 0.17 micrograms from bacon and other cured meats. Outside of occupational exposures, the committee reported, cigarette smoke is the main source of nitrosamines. A person who smokes one pack of filtered cigarettes a day would inhale 17 micro-

Cosmetics such as facial creams. shampoos and soaps are also sources of nitrosamines, which can

be absorbed through the skin and into the bloodstream, according to a committee member, Dr. David Fine, a chemist at the New England Institute for Life Sciences. The committee estimated that the average person absorbed 0.41 micrograms of nitrosamines a day from cosmetics. Volatile chemicals released from automobile interiors account for an average exposure of 0.20 micrograms of nitrosamines a day, more than is derived from bacon, the committee said. The committee said the typical

American diet contained many potential sources of nitrosamines besides meats cured with nitrates or nitrites. Nitrate levels are naturally high in several vegetables, including beets, spinach, celery, lettuce and turnip greens. The amount of nitrates in such foods varies widely according to the soil in which they are grown, harvesting and storage conditions, and the amount of fertilizer used, whether synthetic or natural

Baked goods, cereals and fruit ivices also contain nitrates. Drinking water may contain large amounts of nitrates in areas where the water supply is affected by ag-ricultural runoff. Nitrites are present in significant quantities in baked goods and cereals, vegeta-bles and fresh meats.

Jerome Wurf, Union Leader Of Public Employees, Dies

Los Angeles Times Service WASHINGTON — Jerome (Jerry) Wurf, 62, who headed the nauon's largest public employees union and devoted nearly two decades to fighting City Hall on their behalf, died here Thursday. Mr. Wurf was president of the

OBITUARIES

million members of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees. He was known as one of the labor movement's more hot-tempered leaders, often in disputes with the late AFL-CIO president, George Meany, over such positions as U.S. involvement in Vietnam. Mr. Wurf opposed the Vietnam War from

the beginning. He had headed the union since 1964. As public employees began to feel more and more like targets of angry taxpayers, they turned their union into the fastest-growing one in the nation, becoming the AFL-CIO's second-largest affiliate. But recently, although enrolling nearly 1,000 new members a week, it was making little, if any, headway in the face of government iob cutbacks.

Mr. Wurf was born in New York City and at an early age was active in the Young People's Socialist League. He said later, "I was radicalized, but not at the expense of lacking concern for the basic premises of freedom."

Richard Hanser PORT CHESTER, N.Y. (AP) -Richard Hanser, 71, a television

writer whose credits included "Vic-tory at Sea," died Monday. Mr. Hanser was also chief writer for NBC's "Project 20" series, for which he wrote such scripts as "Meet Mr. Lincoln," "He is Risen" and "Mark Twain's Ameri-

Raymond Rouleau

PARIS (IHT) — Raymond Rouleau, 77, an actor and director who worked in the theater, opera, movies and television, died here Friday. He participated in more than 100 productions as an actor or director both in Europe and the United States. Among his credits were "La Machine à Ecrire," Ser-tre's "Huis Clos," "Siegfried" and the opera "Carmen."

John Kieran ROCKPORT, Mass. (UPI) -John Kieran, 89, award-winning naturalist, a long-time sports co-lumnist for The New York Times, author of more than a dozen books, and host of the radio and TV shows "Information Please," died Wednesday at his home.

Mr. Kieran was the author of Natural History of New York," for which he won the highest award given for natural history by the John Burrows Society.

He also was the author of the

story of the Olympic Games, published in 1936 and updated each four years, and various other books about birds, flowers, and trees. His autobiography, "Not Under Oath," was published in

Mr. Kieran wrote "Sports of the Times" for The Times, from 1927-43 and worked briefly for several other Manhatian newspapers, in-cluding The Herald-Tribune, New York American, and New York

Xavier Grall

PARIS (IHT) — Xavier Grall, 51, a journalist and poet who found his source of inspiration in the countryside of his native Brittany, has died at Quimperlé,

Samuel Stone

ELWOOD, Ind. (UPI) - Samuel Stone, 47, a journalist and for-mer official in the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development died Wednesday. Mr. Stone was a special assistant to HUD Secretary Carla Anderson Hill from 1973 to 1977. At the time of his death, he was a journalism instructor at Ball State Univer-

Harold James Brady CENTRALIA, IIL (AP) - Harold James Brady, 85, the father of White House press secretary, James S. Brady, died in a hospital

Amihud Kramer

BETHESDA, Md. (UPI) - Amihud Kramer, 68, an Austrian-born University of Maryland researcher who became a technical adviser to the world's food processing industries, died Tuesday after a heart at-

Soviet Grain Yield Is Seen Improving

The Associated Press
WASHINGTON — After three successive years of poor grain harvests, the Soviet Union is approaching the new year with improved prospects, according to the U.S. Agriculture Department.

"Conditions for the 1982 winter grain crop continued quite favorable themps has been been been to be a continued to the continued to

able through early December," the department said Thursday, "Pre-cipitation has been beneficial for crop development and has replenished subsurface moisture in those areas where levels had been less than optimal. Temperatures have been such that plants in most winter grain regions developed an av erage-to-good degree of hardening prior to dormancy."
The report said Soviet grain out-

put this year is estimated at 175 million metric tons, unchanged from recent months, That was down from 189.1 million tons last year and 179.2 million in 1979.

U.S., Nicaragua Held Secret Talks This Year

By Don Oberdorfer

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — In the late
summer and early fall of this year,
the Reagan administration carried on a secret dialogue with the revolutionary government of Nicaragua in a concerted attempt, apparently unsuccessful, to head off the approaching collision of the two

The dialogue, which began in August and ended Oct. 31, included more wide-ranging U.S. propos-als than have previously surfaced in fragmentary accounts of the ef-

In diplomatic letters to Managus on Sept. 8 and Sept. 16, the United States presented drafts of statements pledging to "vigorously enforce" neutrality laws and to clamp down on paramilitary exiles training on U.S. soil, and stating a commitment not to use or threaten force against Nicaragua, Washington also promised, but never sent, documents establishing the basis for resumption of cultural ex-changes and U.S. economic and technical assistance.

In return, the United States insisted that Nicaragua halt the use of its territory for support of guer-rillas in El Salvador and other neighboring states, a demand that was called the "sine qua non of a normal relationship.

In a draft document informally shown to a Nicaraguan official but never formally dispatched, Washington also proposed that Nicara-gua's regular military forces be limited immediately to between 15,000 and 17,000, the number Nicaragua acknowledged, but far short of the 23,000 or so U.S. intelligence estimated.

The United States also asked that the forces eventually be brought down to Nicaragua's "traditional size" under the Somozas - about 8,000, according to U.S. estimates - and for Managua to cease importing heavy weapons from Cuba and the Soviet Union and to agree to permit an international body, perhaps a unit of the Organization of American States, to play a part in verifying its arms

The security proposal, clearly among the foremost aims of the U.S. administration, was considered out of the question because the Sandinista revolution aimed from the first to end U.S. influence over Nicaragua's domestic affairs.

Why the negotiations bogged down after what seemed a promis-ing start — including the private declaration of junta leader Daniel Ortega to Assistant Secretary of State Thomas O. Enders on Aug. 12 that "our efforts must not fail" is a matter of dispute between the leaderships of the two nations.
 In the U.S. view, the chances for

a negotiated rapproachement were always uncertain but were considered worth a try because of the danger and cost of the collision course the two nations seem to be on. The effort, in the Washington perspective, probably fell prey to disputes within the ruling group in Nicaragua, with those taking the most radical course winning the

/mg
Ar-

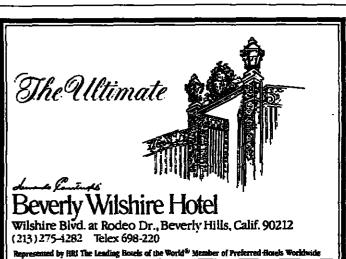
From the Nicaraguan viewcomt Washington was offering less than had been advertised in its two initial draft papers, and was asking too much in its demands for an end to support to other revolutionary parties and limits on the Nicaraguan military buildup.

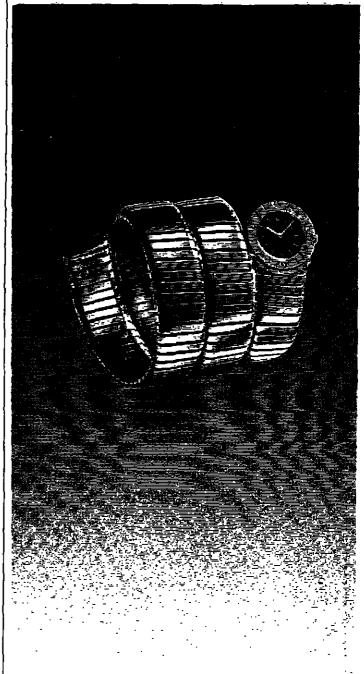
Cancellation of Aid

In addition, Managua argued that a Reagan administration decision, at a crucial moment in the dialogue, to cancel \$7 million in aid for Nicaragua arranged by the Carter administration was inconsistent with the spirit of the conversations. And the Nicaraguans objected vociferously to sever-al U.S. military exercises in Cen-tral America while the negotiations were in the balance.

Given the antipathy between the two governments, perhaps the most remarkable thing is that the dialogue took place at all. It was undertaken in Washington only after an internal argument with those who hewed to the letter of the 1980 Republican National Platform declaration that "deplores the Marxist Sandinista takeover of Nicaragua" and opposed the Carter adminstration's aid program for the new regime.

According to a well-placed diplomatic observer, at stake in the negotiations was whether the Sandinistas turn out to be Marxist-Leninists with heavy Soviet connections, or merely Marxists of an independent stripe. The public and private comments of administration officials leave no doubt of their belief that the Nicaraguans are proceeding down a road of "totalitarianism" and "militarization" on the Cuban model.





BVLGARI

ROMA 10 VIA DEI CONDOTTI **NEW YORK · HOTEL PIERRE** GENEVE 86 RUE DU RHÔNE MONTE CARLO · AVENUE DES BEAUX-ARTS PARIS HÓTEL PLAZA-ATHÉNÉE

Donovan, \$2,000 Payment Linked

WASHINGTON — Government sources say that a new FBI investigation of Labor Secretary Raymond J. Donovan is the result of an informant's allegation that Mr. Donovan was present when an official of his construction company made a \$2,000 payoff to a labor eader in 1977.

The White House confirmed Thursday that Mr. Donovan is facing an FBI inquiry of his business conduct before taking office. The allegations are separate from the ones Mr. Donovan successfully fought off last winter shortly after he was nominated to the Cabinet

Law enforcement sources said Mr. Donovan is under "prelimi-tary investigation" after new alleions surfaced about his activi-

intions surfaced about his activi-tion as executive vice president of a construction firm, Schiavone Con-struction Co. of Secaucus, N.J. At the White House, the admin-istration expressed continued con-fidence in Mr. Donovan. The New York Times Friday published a story identifying the informant as Mario Montuoro, once an official of the Blasters, Drillers and Miners Union. The Drillers and Miners Union. The Times based its account on interviews with Mr. Montuoro. He was not quoted directly, however; his remarks were paraphrased.

Name Reported

The official who allegedly received the payoff was identified by The Times and The Washington Post as Louis Sanzo, president of Laborera Local 29, also known as the historymics. as the blasters union.

Any payment by an employer to a union leader is a violation of the Taft-Hartley Act.
Under the 1978 Ethics in Gov-

Hashish Seized off Cyprus LARNACA, Cyprus - Police on Friday announced the seizure of 5.5 (ons of hashish aboard a freighter of Cypriot registry Thursday night as it was sailing past this south coast island port. Nine perum were arrested, police said. The ship was headed from Lebanon to an undisclosed European

ernment Act, the attorney general must conduct a preliminary inquiry of allegations against top government officials. If the reports do not prove frivolous, he must seek the appointment of a special prosecutor to further investigate

The Times said Mr. Montmoro, who has a criminal record and was a witness in Mr. Sanzo's trial last

O'Neill Protests Issuing U.S. Visa To Rev. Paisley

WASHINGTON - House Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill Jr. has asked President Reagan to review a decision to issue a U.S. entry visa to the Rev. Ian Paisley, a Northern Ireland Protestant leader.
Mr. O'Neill said Thursday that he had discussed this with Mr. Reagan on Wednesday and said he expected the administration would consider the matter seriously.

The Massachusetts Democrat, together with Edward M. Kennedy, Democrat of Massachusetts and Daniel P. Moynihan, Demo-crat of New York, also wrote to Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Ir. on Tuesday to express concern about reports that a visa had been issued to Mr. Paisley, an outspoken opponent of Irish unifi-

In the letter, the three objected to the visa "in the light of the inflammatory appeals by Dr. Paisley to bigotry and religious hatred in Northern Ireland, his long-standing tacties of intimidation and oppression, and his thinly velled expression, and his thinly veneu ex-hortations to secusize violence, es-pecially in the period following the [November] Anglo-Irish summit."

Belfast to Lift Car Ban

BELFAST (Reuters) - Cars are to be allowed back into the center of Belfast beginning Monday after having been banned for seven years because of their possible use in bomb attacks. All vehicles are to be searched before entering the

summer on racketeering and tax evasion charges, said he was at a lunch at a Long Island restaurant with Mr. Sanzo; Mr. Donovan; Ronald Schiavone, who at the time was company president and now is board chairman; Joseph Di-Carolis, then the company vice president and now president, and Jerry Ligouri, a company official.

Envelope Reported Passed Mr. Montnoro, according to The Times report, said company offi-cials wanted to know if Mr. San-zo's union could get jurisdiction over a subway project. The union's wage rates and work rules are less costly for an employer than those of another union representing tun-neling workers. The Times quoted industry sources as saying.

"During the lunch, Mr. Monusoros aid, Mr. DiCarolis produced a white envelope and handed it across the table to Mr. Sanzo. According to Mr. Monusoro, Mr. Di-Carolis said the envelope was in

appreciation for Mr. Sanzo's help." The Times said.

After lunch, Mr. Donovan "watched Mr. Sanzo open the envelope, and it contained \$2,000 in cash, Mr. Montuoro said," the

newspaper reported. Through a spokesman, Mr. Do-novan said Thursday that he first learned of the investigation Seoul Rounds Up

2,151 Hooligans The Associated Press
SEOUL — South Korea's national police said Friday that they have rounded up 2,151 alleged hooligans and blackmailers in the past 10 days under President Chun Doo Hwan's "social purification

program."
Police officials said some were placed under formal arrest, some booked for investigation without detention and the rest referred to summary court. The government's social purification committee reported on Nov.

30 that a total of 64,524 allieged

violent criminals and hoodlums

had been rounded up since last

Raymond J. Donovan "We know nothing more than what we have read in the newspa-pers," the spokesman said. "The secretary knows of nothing that lends substance to these reports and we will have no further com-

There is no information known to the president that would cause him to have any lack of confidence in Secretary Donovan," David R. Gergen, a White House spokesman, added.

Reagan Told

Mr. Gergen said Attorney Gen-eral William French Smith told Mr. Reagan Dec. 3 "that such an inquiry was being undertaken."

After his nomination, Mr. Donovan came under FBI scrutiny concerning allegations that he and his company had links to orga-

nized crime.

Mr. Donovan termed the allegations "scurilous lies" and was confirmed in office Feb. 3 after the investigation failed to turn up evidence of wrongdoing.

In its report then Mr. Donovan, the FBI said there had been 18

allegations against him and his company, ranging from making payoffs to union extortionists and engaging in social and business ac-tivities with known organized crime figures to forcing vendors at a company construction site to contribute to Mr. Reagan's presidential campaign.

Saturday-Sunday, December 12-13, 1981

Price of a Soviet Visa

It now seems virtually certain that Andrei Sakharov's daughter-in-law, Liza Alexeyeva, will be permitted to leave the Soviet Union and join her husband in the United States. She has been told officially that a visa will be issued Monday. Dr. Sakharov and his wife, Yelena Bonner, have ended their hunger strike, which was intended to put enough pressure on the Kremlin to cause Miss Alexeyeva's release. But until Miss Alexeyeva actually leaves, reports of her departure must remain qualified. It would be uncharacteristic for the Soviet government to reverse itself at this stage, but the situation is unprecedented so there is no reliable way to predict what might happen.

There are, however, questions about what has already happened. Why did the Sakharovs resort to something as drastic as threatening a fast unto death? Wouldn't it have been wiser to save perhaps their most powerful weapon for a cause with a broader principle, a cause that was less personal? What about fasting for the release of prisoners such as Anatoly Shcharansky?

Two possible answers come to mind. First. Dr. Sakharov said he felt personally responsible for Miss Alexeyeva. He believed, probably correctly, that she was being held hostage at least in part because of him. Secondly, because of the personal nature of the case, he might have calculated that the Soviet leaders could concede without giving much away politically. If he fasted on behalf of political prisoners that would not have been so.

Then, there is the question of Dr. Sakharov's stature. Because he is who he is, the struggle for Miss Alexeyeva's visa took place in the full glare of world attention. No matter what position the Kremlin now takes, it will seem to the world that Dr. Sakharov and Miss Bonner, through their moral and physical courage, forced the Soviet leadership to back down. That must have been difficult for them to swallow.

But Dr. Sakharov's stature also meant that Western governments would take notice and try to influence the outcome by threatening sanctions. We don't know what messages were delivered to Moscow by Western governments, but with the situation in Poland and Afghanistan, Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles and a disastrous harvest on their minds, the Soviet leaders were unusually vulnerable to political and economic pressure. It is a reasonable bet that some was applied.

It seems unlikely that this case will be a precedent. It has too many special characteristics. Nevertheless, there is always a case to be made for exerting pressure on Moscow on behalf of those who want to emigrate and those who are suffering because they are po-litical dissidents. Efforts should continue to save Shcharansky and all who are being held captive for their convictions in the gulag and the mental hospitals of the Soviet Union. Each life saved through such pressure, each Soviet citizen allowed to emigrate, represents an important triumph.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.



Mobil's latest move in the great merger wars is an extraordinary display of unbridled financial power. Mobil is now in singleminded pursuit of Marathon Oil's rich reserves in Texas and, in the heat of the chase, appears to be giving very little time to any larger consideration. Mobil wants Marathon's Texas properties, Mobil is prepared to throw staggering resources into this acquisition and, as far as Mobil is concerned, that's that. Checked, at least temporarily, by U.S. Steel, Mobil has now swing around with a threat to retaliate by taking over U.S. Steel, itself.

Even those spectators who are not sentimental about the steel industry will find this possibility dismaying. It has little to do with the traditional anti-trust rules. Both the steel and oil industries are competitive, and no combination of mergers among these three companies would greatly affect that competition. The concern arises in the prospect that the country's largest steel company might come under the control of a different management, with an entirely different tradition, and the single motive of stripping one asset from a subsidiary.

Mobil's threat is credible. It has already offered \$6.5 billion for Marathon. In contrast, all of U.S. Steel's stock, at current prices, is worth about \$2.7 billion. No doubt a takeover would drive the price of the stock up substantially, but the point remains that by far the larger company - U.S. Steel, with nearly one-fourth the capacity of the entire American integrated steel industry - can be

bought at a lower price than Marathon, the 17th-largest American oil company.

Two powerful trends over the past dozen years have profoundly changed the course of American industrial development, Energy has become very much more expensive, and international trade has expanded enormously. The first of those trends has enriched the large oil companies to a point at which their central preoccupation is to find useful ways of investing their profits. The second has severely restricted the markets, and the profits, of many of the older heavy industries in this country -- notably including steel. It is necessary and right that the steel companies should have to shrink and move into higher technologies. But the large numbers of jobs in steel mean that this transition has to be accomplished within certain speed limits. Mobil, an exceedingly capital-intensive company of great technical skill, gives little indication of possessing the patience that this process will require, or the sensitivity to the social strains that it will impose.

The rise in oil prices has shifted the flow of wealth among American businesses, benefiting the energy sector greatly at the cost of nearly everyone else. Mobil's challenge to U.S. Steel sharpens the question of whether it will be necessary for Congress to impose a brake, not to try to stop change, but to prevent the lucky companies from running roughshod over the rest. The remedy is not more anti-trust regulation. The remedy is an increased windfall tax on oil.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Next Budget Showdown

The Reagan administration has now officially recognized that the scenario laid out by its economic advisers last winter was considerably off the mark. The sharp economic downturn — and overly optimistic spending and revenue estimates — have headed the budget toward record deficits in 1982 and beyond. That's not surprising news, but the official admission of this prospect adds another element to the administration strategy for the 1983 budget.

The outlines of the president's 1983 budget - due for unveiling next month - have begun to emerge as one department head after another leaks reports of the OMB's insistence on massive reductions in their respective budgets. Some gamesmanship is surely involved in these performances.

The Cabinet secretaries who are now protesting had already proposed large cuts on their own. OMB's grab for more allows the secretaries to gain some needed credibility with the special interest groups that normally support their departments. The recognition of massive impending deficits, however, makes it more likely that OMB will prevail despite the secretaries' appeals to the presi-

Seeking very large cuts may also be a good strategy to take to Congress. It's more likely that members will settle for substantial cuts in popular programs such as housing and education if the alternative is total decimation. Congress will also be reminded that if it fails to go along with the budget cuts, the administration may try to shift the blame for the coming deficits onto its shoulders.

This strategy, however, may meet with strong resistance. As the consequences of this year's budget cuts translate into real losses of income and services among its constituents - and massive confusion for state and local governments - Congress has been losing its taste for more bloodletting. With a record number of people unemployed in substantial sections of the country, further reductions in aid may seem increasingly self-defeating. This is particularly true since many of the cuts will cause real pain and still make only a small dent in the likely budget deficits.

Congress must accept some blame for the present dilemma. It swallowed the administration's economic program nearly whole last summer — and then threw in some extra tax cuts for good measure. In its defense, Congress may argue that it was only following the leadership of a popular president with the discipline so frequently urged upon it. As congressional leaders develop their strategy for the coming showdown, however, they can no longer afford to ignore the danger that the nation faces. That is the bleak prospect that present policies may be steering the country into a downward spiral: tight money forcing economic slowdown, translating into lower incomes and tax revenues, producing bigger deficits that remain despite budget cuts, prompting tighter money. That is not a good scenario for politicans seeking re-election or for the citizens they represent.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

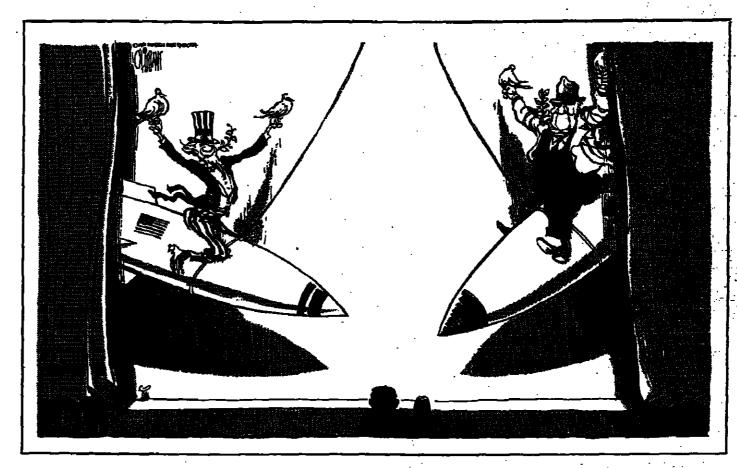
Dec. 12: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

1906: Church and State

PARIS - Church and state were officially separated yesterday when the law of 1905 came into operation. This separation cannot be described as by "mutual consent." The Pope has refused to consider the proposals of the state, with the consequence that the government has started to take action. At a cabinet meeting in the morning, final steps were taken by the government. The most sensational was the order to expel Monsignor Montagnini di Mirabello, who acted as secretary to the nuncio until the latter was recalled by the Holy See two years ago. Since that time, papal interests in France have been represented semiofficially by Monsignor de Mirabello.

1931: A Plot in Manila

MANILA - Discovery of a plot against U.S. rule in the Philippines led today to the arrest of 214 suspects in Manila alone, many belonging to the Tanguian revolutionary organization. An attack on the administrative authorities in the Manila district was timed originally for midnight tonight. The projected revolt is the latest of a long series of attempts by Filipinos to gain independence from the United States and set up a republican form of government. The revolutionary leaders previously had arranged to purchase munitions from Japan, but because of the present Manchurian trouble, this supply has now



U.S. Troops in Europe: A New Debate?

By Philip Geyelin

WASHINGTON — It is no more than a hunch, but remember, as they say, where you heard it first: In a matter of months, or at least within the next year or so, we may well be witnessing the first setious American debate in a decade on the wisdom of maintaining 300,000 U.S. troops in In reality, the alternatives are

And the worst of it is that the content, if not the outcome of the debate, may be determined not so much by free choice in Washing-ton as by how well the Soviets play their side of the negotiations in Geneva on intermediate-range nu-Geneva on micrope. clear weapons in Europe. administration's

opening "zero option" proposal would appear to offer only one of

BRUSSELS - Just when the Atlantic alliance has begun to

of addressing public opinion, along comes Greece's new premier

to demonstrate the disruption fan-

The difficulty of sober explana-tion of complex Western defense issues has never been more obvi-

ous and more important. And Pre-

mier Andreas Papandreou has

shown how to make a mockery of

the effort among 15 countries with different histories, cultural back-grounds and politics.

Papandreou, presumably playing to domestic opinion and the Greek lobby in the United States,

stole the headlines from the

NATO defense ministers here with

his intentions ambiguous. It was a

more dramatic version of a similar display at the Common Market

summit meeting last week. In both places he sounded openly threaten-

ing in public statements, more sub-

tle in conferences and positively

charming in bilateral talks, accord-

In a news conference at NATO,

he seemed to be saying that he would pull Greece out of the alli-

ance's military structure unless it guaranteed Greece against Turkish

aggression. He even read three

paragraphs from what he said was

his speech, but which it turned out

After long haggling, he vetoed a compromise version of a communique by telephone to a late-night meeting that he had not bothered by Thomseles version.

to attend. But Thursday morning be told me that the Turks had

refused to compromise and that he

Papandreou said, in the inter-

view, that Turkey was a greater

menace to Greece now than the

Warsaw Pact, which "can only be

TEW YORK — At the impres-

sive church on the outskirts of Greenwich, Conn., with a choir very nearly as sublime as the

themes it sings about, was a visit-

ing bishop from Charleston, S.C., a great imposing figure with a voice to match, introduced as the visiting "homilist." The bishop weighed in on the subject of "social instine"

It is no wonder that he used the

word "justice" as frequently as he

did, because he subsumed in it vir-

tually every documented Christian

virtue. For instance, he asseverated, there can be no love without

that he did not distinguish between

justice and social justice, using the

two terms interchangeably and

thereby causing some confusion,

because justice is more easily de-

fined, in and outside theological

discussion, than social justice. But

this was only the beginning of the

It is not widely known among

non-Catholics that sermons that

touch on current controversies are

extremely rare. The impression is widely reached that Sunday morn-

ings, for Catholic communicants,

are devoted to homilies on abor-

tion, or on Communism, or on civ-

il disobedience, or on whatever

was the issue that figured most

prominently in the week's news. It

happens that this isn't so. For in-

stance. I have yet to hear a sermon

on the subject of Ireland — not one. And I have heard only two on

the subject of abortion, one on the

subject of the Vietnam War.

bishop's confusions.

After a while it became clear

found the climate "very positive."

he had not actually delivered.

ing to participants.

cy tricks can cause.

face up to its serious problem

two prospects: Either the Soviets dismantle their SS-20s and some other nuclear rockets (SS-4s and SS-5s) aimed at Western Europe or the United States will deploy Pershing-2s and Cruise missiles along NATO's front line.

not nearly so clear-cut. And the stakes go well beyond warhead counting. Hanging in the balance at Geneva is the fundamental nature of the alliance relationship. Given the numbers game, it will

probably be months before the two sides sides work their way through the first step of deciding what should be counted in or out in establishing the existing balance (or

Papandreou's NATO Debut

By Flora Lewis

a threat in the context of a general war." Boiled down, his objectives

seem to be to win guarantees for

Greek sovereignty over all the Ae-gran air, sea and underwater space surrounding the Greek islands near the Turkish coast. Turkey

claims a line running down the

Papandreon said there was little

danger of war now because Greece

was spending so much on defense, but that planned military aid to

Turkey would tip the balance and

"create a danger of conflagration."

gotiations on removal of U.S.

bases in Greece. If the United

States needs to use them for opera-tions outside NATO, in the Mid-

dle East or the Gulf, Greece would

tional interest," he told me. He

told the NATO council, others

said, that Greece could not allow

friendly relations with Arab

Papandreon denies that he is

anti-American. But he said Greek-

U.S. relations had been damaged

by American acceptance and sup-

port of the colonels' junta for seven years, and failure to prevent the

Turkish invasion of Cyprus. There

he has some good points, and it

was to be expected that sooner or

later Athens would present a bill

But he is taking a highly inflated, and very noisy, bargaining position at a time when the United States policy in the Middle East

policy is in trouble and the future

are more strategically vital than

streperous tactics. He may

Bishops Are Stirring

By William F. Buckley Jr.

iust as Catholics do not place com-

munity song or common prayer high in their liturgical tradition, neither do they celebrate the ser-

mon. It was not until Vatican II

that a general scolding was given on the subject, the homily being

prescribed as integral to the Mass. Daily Masses habitually omitted it

altogether, and many churches sus-pended the sermon during the summer. It was thought rather an

accretion, and it does not really

surprise that the greatest homilist

came in from the Episcopal Church, and in the 20th century

(Sheen, Sheed) the first achieved

his reputation speaking over the

radio, and the second as a layman.

S.C., could be ignored only if one attended church wearing one of

those portable ear-to-ear machines

used by joggers and commuters to

drown out distractions. The bishop

ing to the challenge of social jus-

tice, and he gave two illustrations.

In his early years as a curate, he said, he had served in the death

house at the state penitentiary, and

six times he was as close to the

man being executed "as to this mi-

One of the six, said the bishop,

was discovered years later to have

been innocent. This last datum

was rendered in triumphalist ac-

cents, inviting the conclusion that a miscarriage of justice is an in-

dictment of a jurisprudence, which

abject of the Vietnam War.

It is generally safe to say that chievous bishop is an indictment

announced that the church was ris

But the bishop of Charleston,

the 19th century (Newman)

ered at home for trying, but he

for these past errors.

states.

moves to compromise its

Meanwhile, he has asked for ne-

middle of the Aegean.

imbalance): bombers with dual conventional and nuclear capability or sea-based nuclear forces, for two examples. Only then will it be possible to tackle the business of bargaining out a unitually acceptable new balance.

In the meantime, NATO is operating under a "double-track" agreement reached in December, 1979. While the palavering winds on in Geneva, the United States will be moving toward its planned deployment of the Pershing and Cruise missiles by 1983. This is supposed to keep the pressure on Soviet negotiators.
But it also proceeds from a prac-

is not likely to get far. The attempt could be counteracted by enhanc-

tional forces in Europe (including those American troops) are overwhelmingly inferior to compa-rable Soviet conventional forces.

Let's suppose that the Geneva negotiations drag on with the usual hints and planted progress (or notainly have worn off.

So it is not too much to stipu-

Come deployment time for the rest of its public. Only the wave of massive demonstrations and the pleas of allied leaders convinced Washington that excessively tough talk addressed to Moscow was scaring the European public to the point of fearing U.S. plans more than those of the the Russians. President Reagan's Nov. 18 speech made a good start on mending the damage. Now, U.S. officials have begun a campaign of reassurance that we really want

It is not enough. For one thing, European leaders are not fulfilling plaining defense needs to their

Second, there is a tendency for Reagan administration officials to interpret their task as making the Soviet menace sound louder. Growls about Cuba and Nicaragua and Libya are also heard in Europe, which only revives doubts about America's eagerness for di-

The dual need is for more and more convincing U.S. signs that we really want to negotiate with the Russians to reduce nuclear weapons in Europe, getting rid of as many as possible on both sides if there isn't agreement on all of them. And for European leaders to face more openly the inadequacy of their own defenses and make a greater conventional effort to be safe with a smaller nuclear umbrel-

of Iran remains dicey. U.S. bases and the NATO position in Turkey Papandreou showed how to upset friends without budging adver-saries. The greater the scale, the less well singing or roaring in the rain is likely to work. For obvious reasons, the rest of the allies are irritated by his ob-

©1981. The New York Times

of the institution of the priesthood.

tion of capital punishment on the grounds that "its time has passed,"

and omitting to explain exactly what it is that we now know about

capital punishment that we didn't

know about it at a time when no

theological opposition to it had

been categorically formulated, the

bishop went on to talk about pris-

on conditions, which he de-nounced as delumanizing.

The bishops have been very ac-

tive of late. The ordinary of

Charleston having outlawed capi-

tal punishment, perhaps he will proceed to outlaw murder. But the bishops are stirring and their in-volvement in public policy sad-

dens. One recalls the late Willi

Schlamm, who defined scientists as

men who first build the Brooklyn

01981, Universal Press Syndicate

Bridge, then buy it.

Having then called for the aboli

the more so if European "neutralists" or "pacifists" can point convincingly to some sort of "prog-ress." Drawn-out negotiations, then, are no guarantee against a hardening of opposition on the part of the countries that matter— West Germany, the Netherlands, even Italy — to more nuclear weapons, under American control,

What then? We come back to the imbalance of conventional forces that gave rise to the whole idea of matching the Soviet SS-20s with deployment of Pershing and Cruise missiles. The logical answer, as Rep. Les Aspin has argued, is that "if the Europeans want to reverse field and stop relying on nuclear weapons" then they ould realize that this means heavier outlays for conventional

But "anti-nuke" isn't the only tide running in Europe. Economic distress and perceived neglect of welfare programs are producing powerful resistance to "heavier outlays" for defense of any sort. If that continues to hold true, at what point might we expect the revival of the spirit that gave rise a decade ago to the campaign by Mike Mansfield, then Senate majority leader and now ambassador to Japan, to begin a phased with-drawal of at least half of the American forces in Europe? At one point, he had 51 senators with him.

you that a similar spirit of "unila-teralism" or "neo-isolationism" lies only just beneath the surface today. For the United States, As-pin argued, the issue would become the safety of our troops in Europe. This opens yet a third prospect if the Geneva venume fails. "If we emerge from this exercise with neither nuclear mod-ernization nor higher defense budgets in Europe," he declared, "a proposal to withdraw our

©1981, The Washington Past.

to the Editor," and must include the writer's address and signature. Priority is given to letters that are brief and do not request anonymity. Letters may be abridged. We are unable to acknowledge all letters, but value the views of readers who submit

They are, accordingly, considered inadequate as a deterrent to a conventional Soviet attack, unless reinforced by an intermediate range nuclear force on the Western side, comparable to the Soviet SS-Talks Drag On

progress) reports right up to the target date for the first Pershing and Cruise deployments. There will be scape-goating, all around. The magic of Ronald Reagan's "bold" initial offer will almost cer-

late, assuming at least some show of Soviet reasonableness, that, at best, the European resistance to the NATO nuclear deployments will remain no less intense than it is today. The Soviets, who were winning the "peace" argument be-fore the Reagan "zero option" of-ler, may well have regained the iniing Turkey's value to the alliance.
So much for Papandreon's way
of bargaining. Much more troublesome is NATO's problem with the

> American intermediate-range nuclear forces, you can pretty much count on continuing public pres-sure on political leaders in Europe to hold off just a little bit longer,

Imbalance

forces or no defense at all."

A lot of congressmen will tell

troops would go through Congress like a prairie fire."

Letters intended for publica-tion should be addressed "Letters

After Cancian: Time to Drop **Old Notions**

By Jonathan Power

TOKYO — Nearly two months after the Cancin summit, this is a time for introspection by Third World leaders. Whatever alse Ronald Reagan accomplished, he has deflated their expectations to the point where, for a period at least, they no longer think it is worthwhile to press the point that the West owes them a living.

Perhaps some will say it is time to jettison the cartload of Socialist theory that so many developing countries loaded up with at inde-pendence. This would not only please Ronald Reagan, but it would bring some fresh air into

stagnant economies.

Tanzania would be a place to start. It has received more than its share of aid and yet its agriculture is moribund and its commercial sector dead on its feet. Julius Nyerere's dream of African socialis rooted in the collective ujamaa vil-lages has been a recipe for eco-nomic mactivity. His moment of inspiration — that development was best based in the villages, not the towns — was clouded by Socialist convictions that his people had to revolutionize their natural habitat to progress.

The Socialism of the heavy-

handed bureaucrats is a weighty load to carry when resources are scarce. Isn't this the lesson too of Michaeled Manley's Jamaica, which managed to produce eight consec-utive years of declining growth? Wasn't it the triumph of Socialist ideology over common sense that led the Manley government to overtax the aluminum and bauxite companies to such a degree that all other investors took fright and

Socialism, many observers used to claim, was working in China be-cause the Chinese were experienced administrators. But Socialism was not, it seems, able to pre-vent the disease of large-scale un-employment. Now the covers are off; the Chinese appear desperate to modify their rigid economy and give at least some capitalist practices a chance.

Alternatives

Or what about Senegal? The Socialism of Leopold Senghor was of an ardent, pro-Western variety. Yet Senegal failed to advance, hampered by a large, inefficient, nationalized sector and a peasan-ry which refused to produce in the face of the government's artificially low price ceilings.

If this introspection leads to

looking Socialism in the face, Reagan's intransigence will have

served some purpose.
The trouble with the Reagan prescription is that it ignores the equal and opposite evidence that indicates that open-market capitalism, if left unchecked, does not answer the immediate needs of the large numbers of very poor and illfed people in these societies,

Brazil had a decade of dynamic end of it most of of the people in the northeast have a lower life expectancy than Bangladesh. Yet Brazil has a per capital income 15 times as large as Bangladesh's.

Or look at Jamaica's problems today. Mr. Manley's successor, Edward Seaga, is an able and shrewd administrator with a nose for some of the priorities of life - such as making the country's agricultural sector come alive. Yet even with all the good will of Washington, he is finding it an uphill struggle to renew economic growth.

Zero Growth

Look too at Malawi. After seven years of steady growth, the last two years have produced zero growth. Diminishing aid, falling prices for raw materials, higher oil prices and high debt servicing have crippled a well-run Western-orientated economy.

There has to be intervention. both national and international. The Brazils of the world — Mexico, Indonesia, Kenya, the Philippines, South Africa — must begin to realize that if they do not they redistribute more of their wealth as they grow, then at some point social upheaval will probably wreak havoc with what has been

The governments of the industrialized countries have to realize that unless the rules of lending of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank are liberalized only a handful of countries will be able to keep growing in this era of high oil prices and high interest They also have to understand

that unless they increase and redirect their aid to the very poor countries, the number of families in poverty is going to increase sharply. Internal reforms to ensure that the money is well spent are necessary, but without aid from outside the future of these countries is worse than hopeless.

After Cancun, there is evidence that the developing countries are beginning to ask themselves some of the right questions. But in Washington, London and perhaps in Bonn, too, there seems to be no self-questioning.

O[98], International Herald Tribute.

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

John Hay Whitney Chairman

Katharine Graham Artisur Ochs Subberger Co-Chairmen

intermetational Housel Televans, S.A. to capital de 1 200 000 F. R.C. Paris. No. 72 il 2112. 179/181, avo. Chindro de Guelle, 92521 Neulity-sur-Scient. Tel. 2174-1245. Televa, 12718 Humble, Paris Chiller, Herild, Paris, Directurar de la publicatione Water N. Thayer U.S. subscription price 3233 yearly, Second clean public price at Long falmed City, N.V. 1101 0 1981 Intermedical Herital Televans, Al cights network. General Manager, Asia: Alada Lerope, 24-34 Heanessy Road, Room 1801, Hong Kong, Tel. 5-28 56 18/9 Teles; 61170 DITENTIX.

René Bondy François Desmaison Richard H. Morgan

Lee W. Huebner

Philip M. Foisie

Walter N. Wells

Robert K. McCabe

Stephen Klaidman

Associate Publisher Director of Finance Director of Circulation Director of Advertising

Publisher

Executive Editor

Editor

Deputy Editor

Chief Editorial Writer

ro-ng Ar-l a

ex-rld

ng est

Angolan Rebel Says Official Talks In U.S. Have Enhanced His Position

By Lee May

Los Angeles Times Service
WASHINGTON — Angolan
rebel leader Jonas M. Savimbi says that talks here with Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and other officials "tremendously en-hanced" his position at home, where he has been fighting the Soviet- and Cuban-backed government for five years.

When he returns, he will assemble his followers to discuss "the question of peace or continued war" with Angola's central government, Mr. Savimbi said Thursday at a news conference.

Mr. Savimbi, who is president of the National Union for Total Independence of Angola (UNITA), said that while he received no promise of aid from private groups, he "met with a lot of sym-pathy" for his cause. An act of Congress has prohibited U.S. goveroment aid to any Angolan faction since 1976.

But Reagan administration officials view the 47-year-old gnertilla leader as a key element in achiev-

Italian Teacher's

Student Fiancée PEKING - A Chinese student actress who had planned to marry an Italian teacher in Shanghai but was arrested last month has now been freed, informed sources said

Friday. Francesco Cardo, 30, a teacher at the Shanghai Foreign Languages Institute, and Song Xiao Ling, 23, a student at the local drama institute, had planned to marry this month after Miss Song had

graduated. In November Mr. Cardo said charges against her had not been made known, but that authorities had told him to be patient about

The arrest followed a similar incident in Peking involving Em-manuel Bellefroid, a French diplomat, and Li Shuang, an artist, who were engaged to be married. Miss Li was seized by police outside Mr. Bellefroid's apartment compound and sentenced to two years of "reform through labor,"

20 Die in Clash in Burms

BANGKOK - Twenty tribesmen were reported killed in Burma when rival gangs of smugglers clashed with rocker grenades and other weapons over a shipment of opium and morphine, Thai border officials said Friday.

ing a settlement in neighboring Namibia, where rebels are strug-gling to gain independence from South Africa. Also, the administra-tion and Mr. Savimbi both oppose the presence of 20,000 Cuban troops in Angola, which is on Namibia's northern border.

At his news conference, Mr. Savimbi said his group controls most of the Angola-Namibia border and therefore must be included in any

Namibian talks. He said the talks with U.S. officials enhanced his group's political strength "not only with UNITA, but even within the MPLA," the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola, which is in power

In January, 1975, UNITA joined with MPLA and a third liberation organization, the National Front for the Liberation of Angola, to sign a treaty that led to Angola's independence from Portugal that November. But two months after independence, UNITA and FNLA rebel forces began to engage the government in guerrilla warfare.

From the time he arrived in the United States, Mr. Savimbi was the target of critics who charged that he receives aid from South Af-rica. Rep. William H. Gray, Democrat of Pennsylvania, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Task Force of the Congressional Black Caucus, said the visit could alienate other African countries.

Mr. Savimbi said he receives no aid from South Africa but does get help from other countries. He said he had been aided by Egypt, Sene-gal, Morocco, the Ivory Coast, Ga-bon and some Arab countries.

Angola Seeks Ties

BELGRADE (AP) — Angola has appealed to the United States to help normalize relations between the two countries, the Yngoslav news agency Tanjug reported Friday from Luanda

José Eduardo dos Santos, the Angolan president, appealed for direct contacts between the two countries, but also denounced the



Jonas M. Savimbi

U.S. government for having granted "official treatment to puppet movements in Angola." The ap-peal was made at a rally in Cabin-da, northern Angola, to mark the 25th anniversary of the founding

China Said to Free Look-Alike of a Boeing 707 Built by China Is Reported to Succeed in Its First Flight

By Michael Weisskopf

Washington Post Service PEKING - The Chinese have gotten a new jetliner off the ground that American aircraft in-dustry officials say should never have been taken off the drawing

The Americans claim that the Chinese-built craft that reportedly was test-flown Tuesday from Shanghai to Peking was copied from one of 10 Boeing 707 jetliners bought by China in 1972.

Chinese engineers secretly have been working on the plane for at least two years, according to U.S. aircraft company representatives who saw it in a factory outside Shanghai last year.

Although the 178-seat aircraft officially is named the Y-10, some Chinese who noted its similarity to the Boeing craft call it the 708. American experts were told by Chinese engineers last year that the Y-10 could not fly because they had failed to establish the plane's center of gravity.

Journey to Peking

But a Shanghai newspaper Thursday displayed a picture of the Chinese liner lifting off a runway and declared that this "plane of our design and making" suc-

cessfully journeyed to Peking.
"At 2:15 p.m. the plane landed smoothly in Peking with the few dozen passengers feeling good," re-

When China's plans for the Y-10 became publicly known 18 months ago, U.S. businessmen questioned whether the direct copy of an American aircraft design without a license violated U.S. export control laws.

Other foreign business executives in Peking said the project confirmed their fears that China intended to buy only a few pieces of high technology from abroad, learn how to copy them and thereby limit foreign purchases.

"The Chinese want to be in a position to produce everything they need," said an American busi-

U.S. Man Found Guilty Of Killing Ribicoff Kin The Associated Press

SANTA MONICA, Calif. — A 22-year-old man has been found guilty of murdering former Con-necticut senator Abraham Ribicoff's niece, Sarai Ribicoff, 23, during a holdup on Nov. 12, 1980.

Frederick J. Thomas was also convicted Thursday of robbery and assault with a deadly weapon. Because the slaying was committed during a holdup, Mr. Thomas could receive the death penalty un-der California law.

ported the front-page article. "The nessman here. "We want to be in the position of selling them everything we can. Obviously there's a contradiction."

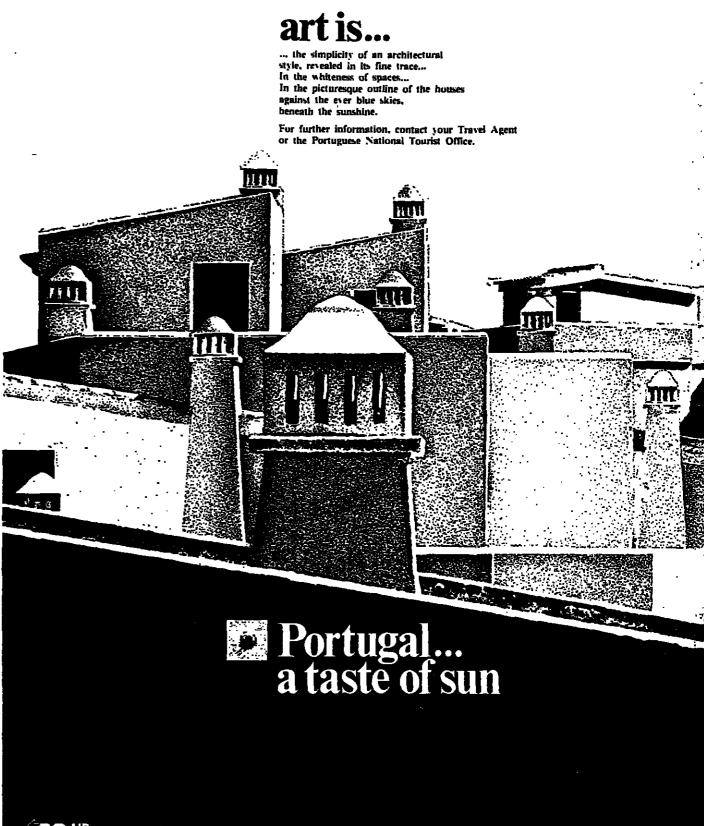
A Western diplomat who deals with the problems of foreign businessmen in China said every firm trying to enter the market here has to "weigh the risk of getting ripped

Ironically, the potential for in-dustrial piracy in China is considered lowest for sophisticated technology, such as aircraft, which requires a level of qualified personnel and equipment thought to be years ahead of the Chinese engi-

Boeing officials say they have avoided raising the Y-10 issue with the Chinese because they do not want to make customers feel uncomfortable. Boeing also has sold China three 747 jumbo jets. It is now reportedly competing with McDonnell Douglas Corp. for a large order of a smaller civilian air-craft, Boeing's 737 vs. McDonnell Douglas' DC-9.

An official in Boeing's support office here expressed doubt last year, after the 747 sale was made, that the Chinese would try to copy that jet because "it is far too complex a technology." The 707 is a 1954 design.

Chinese officials with responsibility for the Y-10's production have denied that it is modeled af-





United Arab Emirates Ten years of independence

On December 2nd, 1981, the United Arab Emirates marks the tenth anniversary of its independence. Comprising seven individual emirates, Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Ras al-Khaimah, Fujairah, Ajman and Umm al Qaiwain. The UAE lies on the South Eastern corner of the Arabian Peninsula, with six of the seven emirates lying on the Arabian Gulf coast, and the seventh, Fujairah, on the Gulf of Oman. With a population of 1,040,275 at the December 1980 census, and with an area of 30,000 square miles, it is relatively small in terms of the rest of the developing world, although the fortunate existence of substantial reserves of petrol have given the country the ability not only to embark on a major internal development programme, but also to emerge, together with fellow members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, OPEC, as a major provider of development assistance to other developing countries.

The highest body in the county is the Supreme Council of Rulers, which in November re-elected the President, Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan al-Nahyan, and the Vice President, Sheikh Rashid bin Said al Maktoum, to third successive five year terms. They were first elected in July 1981, before the country, formerly known as the 'Trucial States', actually achieved its independence.

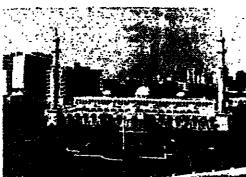
Within the Arabian Gulf, the UAE is a member of the Arab Gulf Co-operation Council, established at a meeting in Abu Dhabi in May this year, between the UAE, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar and Oman,

The past decade has seen the United Arab Emirates emerge from being a disparate collection of emirates that were widely different in terms of area, wealth, population and development into a well-established federal state. The achievements of the Government in fields such as social services, housing, health, education, and communications have helped to weld the country into a firmly linked whole, while over the past decade, the very idea of the UAE itself has taken root in the hearts of the people. Now the longest surviving federation in the Arab world, the United Arab Emirates has become, in the words of President Sheikh Zayed, "A living and

THE BUILDING OF THE STATE

For the citizens of the United Arab Emirates, the country after ten years of independence has taken on a completely different aspect from the time when the flag of the Federation was proudly raised for the first time. Under the leadership of President Sheikh Zayed and Vice-President Sheikh Rashid (who has also been Prime Minister since April 1979), the government has spared no efforts to ensure that the people are provided with the necessities of life, not just in burgeoning urban conurbations, like Abu Dhabi and Dubai, but also in the smaller towns and mountain and desert villages.

At independence, there was a grave shortage of hospital beds, with the ratio of beds to head of population being 1 to 1000. Today, despite the fact that the population has risen more than five times the ratio has dropped to 1 to 300, indicative of the massive expansion of medical facilties, which now reach out everywhere except the remotest mountain-top hamlets. Education used to be concentrated in the towns, with only about 35,000 children at school. This year, there are more than 125,000 in the government schools alone, with around another 25,000 in private schools, while since 1977, the country has had its own university, at the inland oasis city of Al-Ain, which turned out its first batch of graduates this year.



The Grand Masque of Abu Dhubi



The lirst summit meeting of the Heads of State of the Gulf Co-operation Council in May 1981

The country now has 4 international airports, handling more then 3.500,000 passengers a year, and some of the best equipped ports of the Arab Gulf at Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Jebel Ali, and Fujairah (the latter due to open in February) on the Gulf of Oman coast. Communications to the rest of the world have also been improved by the inauguration since 1976 of 3 earth satellite stations, carrying telex, television and telephone channels, through direct dialling, to much of the rest of the globe.

Many of the country's citizens used to live in substandard housing, not just in the mountains or desert, but also in the rown's housing that was ill suited to the harsh and variable climate, with temperatures ranging from 43 degrees centigrade in summer to a few degrees above zero in some areas during the winter. Over the past few years however, most people have been re-housed in specially-built government accommodation, or in new private developments. In pursuit of Sheikh Zayed's directive to take the benefits of civilisation out to the Bedouin, rather than make them come to the towns for it! Whole new townships have been built in the desert, to help the country's nomads enjoy the fruits of the developments more easily available to their brothers in the towns. Also benefiting at all levels, have been the country's women, now taking an increasingly active role in education, commerce and various spheres of government, encouraged by the President and his wife through the Federation of Women's Associations, and through a variety of other means, such as adult literacy programmes and training schemes run by the Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs.



The UAE has pioneered 'cooled protected cultivation' in specially designed "greeniouses" DIVERSIFICATION

A: the economic level, the country's growth has, of course, been underpinned not only by its active commercial community, continuing a 5,000 year old tradition of maritime trade, but also by the country's substantial oil income. In the past few years, however, the results of the Government's diversification programme have become apparent, with a whole range of industries. ranging from aluminium to cement, explosives to pharmaceuticals, and steel fabrication to food processing playing their role in meeting local demand and providing a useful expert surplus. Gas, new liquified rather than ilared off as in the past is also being used locally and exported. In pursuit of food security, the country has also been able to increase production so that it now meet nearly forty per cent (40%) of its needs despite a five-fold rise in the population, and the harsh climate, where rainfull rarely exceeds 150mm a year in even the most



H. H. Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan al-Nabyan opens the Arab Book Fair in Abu Dhabi, 1981

The past decade has seen the UAE create the infrastructure of a modern, rapidly developing state, an achievement that 10 years ago would have seemed almost inconceivable. That it has been able to do so is due not merely to the good fortune of available resources, but also to the commitment of President and People to the goal of creating an educated healthy and modern society.

Ten years ago, the UAE could be classified in almost every way 25 underdeveloped. It lacked housing, power supplies, schools, hospitals, roads, ports, airports and had virtually no industrial sector, while the agriculture that existed was little more than mere subsistence farming in the least arid areas. Today the country has been fortunate enough to make major strides towards development. At the same time, however, it has remained aware of its own heritage and underdevelopment, and has become one of the world's major providers of Foreign Aid.

According to recent figures, about 15% of the Emirates Gross National Product is now provided in various forms of overseas aid, through bi-lateral agreements, through membership in regional bodies such as the Arab Bank for Economic Development in Africa and the OPEC Fund for international development, and through international organisations such as the specialised agencies of the United Nations and the International Fund for Agricultural Development. During each of the past 3 years, the UAE has provided more than one billion dollars of aid through such channels, the highest percentage achieved by any country and well above the 1% (one per cent) target set by the United Nations Development Decade - a target which none of the members of the industrialised nations (the organisation of Economic Co-Operation and Development — OECD) have managed to reach.

A substantial amount of the UAE's aid flows through the Abu Dhahi Fund for Arab Economic Development ADFAED, which was established even before the UAE achieved its independence, in July 1971. In 1973 its terms of reference were widened to include the whole of the developing world. This body concentrates on bilateral projects aid, with other government organs such as the Ministry of Finance and Industry looking after contributions to regional and international organisations

The key to the bi-lateral assistance from the Emirates is its emphasis on Aid to the countries described by the

United Nations as "Most seriously affected" (MSA'S) or 'Least developed'' (LDC's). These countries, which fined the greatest difficulty in raising the finance necessary for the basic development programmes on the international Capital Markets, have found the UAE willing to help with infrastructural project financing. With a long grace period, repayment periods of up to 20 years, and with an interest rate rarely exceeding three

Among recipients have been not only other Arab countries, such as Sudan, the 2 Yemens and Mauritania but also other countries throughout Africa and Asia. Over the past couple of years, for example, loan agreements have been signed with some of Africa's poorest nations, like Lesoto, Cape Verde, Guinea Bissau and the Comoro Islands. Recent Asian beneficiaries include Bangladesh, Pakistan and the Maldives - whose International Airport was opened in November and was partially financed by the Abu Dhabi Fund.

The type of projects financed are usually of the type to help Governments meet their basic infrastructural needs. Assistance has, for example, been provided for airports in Sudan, Gambia, Lesoto, The Maldives, The Comoros for Power Projects in Bangladesh. South Yemen and Malagasy and for Agriculture in Morocco. Guinea

Bissau and Somalia. Speaking to the UN General Assembly five years ago, the late UAE Minister of State for Foreign Atfairs, Saif Ghobash commented: "The Third World still suffers from poverty and deprivation, and the gap between the advanced industrialised states and the developing nations is on the increase. We will continue in future to provide aid to our brethren with all the limited means available to us as a developing country."

As the country's record shows, that commitment and that pledge remain at the centre of government policy

For further information apply to: Ministry of Information and Culture P.O. Box 17 Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates

| Dist Annexico | 120 | 241 | 577 | 120 | 241 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 271 |

| 200 Croyles |

713747964年47799737564373866436954年834655591451115443738111428744778255975437543243342433355539555973716173734444555474373855474738554

dri E 280 pf 199 pf 2 pf 8.38 pf 2.87 pf 2.87 pf 7.24 ist 2.39 pc 40 y wi

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing

1.30e \$1.34 \$.50 \$

ifr 1.48 mi 1.48 pt 2.54 pt 2.55 pt 3.48 pt 3.50 t 1.586

9 1.30 9 1.30 1 1.14 1.20 913.74 913.75 913.75 913.75 917.30 1.31 1.31 1.31 1.31 1.31 1.31

276 justiment 2.12
169 justiment 2.12
169 justiment 2.19
289 justiment 2.19
289 justiment 2.19
289 justiment 2.19
169 justiment 2.29
169 justiment 2.29
169 justiment 2.29
169 justiment 2.29
170 justiment EF 140 pm 40 314 KDI n 415 KDT 2412 KLM 1514 K mart 1415 Kaispal

17.22 25.25

NYS of NY 211% Ookin 8
17% Ookinep
17% Ookinep
17% Ookinep
17% Ookinep
17% Ookinep
16% Ookinep
16% Ookinep
22% Obleco
22% Obleco
11% Ookinep
11% Ookinep
17% Ohe p
17% n.15 n.15 n.16 n1.20

14 Rollins:
13t Rotroci
13t Romaen
15th Reper
15th Reper
15th Rowge
15th Reper
15th Reper 25% Ryders

18 SCA
27 5CM
16% SFN
20% SPS Tec
25% SpS Tec
15% Spd TINGSONS STATE OF THE STATE OF THE TOTAL STATE STATE OF THE STATE OF T

.95 .95 .92.44 1.54 1.54 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 2.15 2.15 2.40 2.40 2.42 7 2.44 P 1.54 P 1.54 P 1.54 P 1.54 P 1.54 P 1.55 P 158 10 14 1902 Seeal # .97714 See1Air .97714 See4Air .97714 .97714 See4Air .97714 .97714 See4Air .97714 .

Revin off.19
RoyAl 2.49
RoyAl 2.49
RichCo 1.56
Roth 1.40
Rockul 1.56
RochTi 1.

Arts Travel Leisure

NTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

Architecture: The Structure **Begins to Sway**

by Michael Gibson

ARIS -- As three exhibitions in Paris now demonstrate, architecture in the industrial world seems to be reaching a turning point. The reasons are varied: Some are related to a change in the very notion of rationality while others derive from new

economic circumstances.

One of the shows, at the Institut Francais d'Architecture (6 rue de Tournon, Paris 6 to Feb. 6), is devoted to manifestations of what is now termed the "modern vs. post-modern" de-bate in France. Another show deals with the same general subject ("La Présence de l'His-toire, l'Après Modernisme") in a presentation that was originally on view at the Venice Bien-nale last year and is now to be seen in the chapel of the handsome 17th-century Hôpital de la Salpetrière (47 boulevard de l'Hôpital, Paris 13 to Dec. 20).

The third show, at the Centre de Creation Industrielle at the Pompidon Center, is devoted to earthen buildings and casts an unexpected light on this 10,000-year-old technique, revealing its often unsuspected use in contemporary architecture, reflecting a concern with onsite materials that do not squander energy. ("Des Architectures de Terre," Beanbourg to Feb. 1, Frankfurt Kunstverein, March 25 to May 7, then possibly Venice for the Biennale, London at the Barbican Center in January and February, 1983, and then to Brussels, Palais des Beaux-Arts in March and April, 1983.)

The idea of rationality in architecture has been changing under the growing awareness that playing the rational for a machine is not re-

that what is rational for a machine is not rational for a human being and that a human being — because he has a psyche and personal habits and social needs and an inarticulate heritage that he can repress but not eliminate - is extremely sensitive to the structure, organiza-tion and aspect of the buildings in which he is

But that is not all. The key word of 20thcentury architecture so far has been "func-tionality" — an expression of rationality ap-plied to building. A functional building, for instance, reveals its structure on its facade (e.g. the Pompidou Center), instead of dressing it

look at a building with the eyes of reason alone, but we perceive it also as an expression of what the world is and of what we want to make of the human presence in the world. This may be hard to perceive at first sight in an age of functional architecture, but even functionalism, not to mention "brutalism," does not es-cape from this rule. Such buildings are symbol-ically saying that the world is essentially logical and that we intend to bring enlightenment, in the form of a puritan rationalism, to domi nance in our society.

Chesterton once observed that a madman is someone who has lost everything but his rea-son, and in this sense Auschwitz — absolutely functional but negating all human needs — appears as a durable monument of rational architecture. Certainly the historical experience that Auschwitz expressed and that is still a part of daily life in various parts of the world today—the awareness that humanity is something we can lose—deflated triumphant rationalism and left us with the bleaker postwar form dic-tated by the logic of cheap housing and highrise profit.

The last 10 years have brought in new atti-tudes that do not yet propose a mature alternative but that express a sense of dissatisfaction, a feeling that "This is not enough." Auguste Perret's dogma, "Ornament always conceals a structural error," was probably right when it came to the architecture of the late 19th century of the structure of the late 19th century of the 20th Part and the 20th Part ry and its prolongations far into the 20th. But what Perret could not immediately see, be-cause only experience and millions of disas-trous "housing units" could make it apparent, is that a building is the synthesis of two logics: One is structural and the other expresses a definition of man and his world.

This sort of statement can strike one as argle-bargle unless one sees that it expresses something that we all experience in the form of oppression or delight in a building. A hospital can be utterly oppressive because it is functional for everything and everybody except the patient. He is aware that he "does not count" or more exactly that "count" is all he does, being a cipher, a unit, and not a living destiny of qualities and aspirations, a sensitive and vulnerable identity.

'The 20th century has tried very hard to believe that building was a practical structure; it ignored the fact that it was also a symbolic one. We do not look at a building with the eyes of reason alone, but we perceive it also as an expression of what the world is and of what we want to make of the human presence in the world.'

up for the sake of pomp or charm. A functional building was to be conceived according to the needs of the people working or living in it rather than to what habit or status deemed appropriate in past centuries. The grand staircase, for example, that an architect would once build either out of tradition or a desire for prestige now gives way to an unadorned flight of steps.

But functionalism also results from standardization of the means of production im-posed by the economics of new building tech-niques. Once most buildings were full of barely perceptible inequalities of values: a window was not quite identical to the next one, a wall would not be entirely vertical at all points. This was possible because craftsmen shaped one piece at a time. And it was thanks to this that a building had life and charm.

Later this variation came to be considered the result of insufficient competence or primi-tive tools and material. But that may have tive tools and material. But that may have been a rationalization that followed the elaboration of new techniques: When buildings begin to be made of metal and glass, or out of precast concrete modules, this expressive unevenness could no longer exist. And so the rationality that has been the high court of appeals for the architecture of this century has, to a compine exist, turned out to be the longer to a certain extent, turned out to be the logic of the means of production.

But only to a certain extent. The 20th century has tried very hard to believe that a building was a practical structure; it ignored the fact

But every building has to do more than implicitly answer the question: What is man? It also answers the question: What is the world? A church or a temple, from the outset, was intended to be a symbolic model of the cosmos of heaven and earth and human destiny. But it was so not only because the architects had arbitrarily decided that it should be so; it was so also because there is an organic connection between the way we see the world and the way we build our churches, homes and cities.

Even the plan of an Amazonian Indian vil-lage expresses this, and the missionaries who moved some tribes out of their villages and

moved some tribes out of their villages and into European-style buildings on a rectangular plan witnessed the spectacular decomposition of those little societies and their cultures.

This implies that architects today should be open to a broader rationality than functionalism implies, that they should be cosmologists. philosophers, psychologists, artists, mathema-ticians, sociologists and, above all, mothers and fathers all rolled into one—an impossible assignment. So let's say that they should at least be aware that these are the implications of their art.

New trends in architecture represented in

the shows on "post-modernism" reflect the awareness, among architects today, that "func-tionalism is not enough." The question is:

And this is where the debate goes off like a hand grenade — in all directions. Some archi-Continued on page 10W



Robert Lacey, chronicles of royals.

Lacey, the King Of King-Watchers

by Isabel Bass

ONDON - Over the last decade, the gentle art of royal chronicling has altered beyond recognition. An escalat-ing pack of hard-nosed writers and photographers hurtles around the world in pursuit of the royals, desperate for the snippet of gossip or unofficial snapshot that represents big syndication bucks. Just this week the ball-ish press was asked by Queen Elizabeth to curb the hordes assigned to record Princess Di-ana's daily doings. (No promises were made by

The man at the top of the heap, Robert Lacey, 37, scorns powerful binoculars and vigils outside Buck House, as the pack calls Buckingham Palace, or outside the Prince and Princess Wales' estate in Highgrove in rural Gloucestershire. Still he too is at work on one of the nine books about Princess Diana due in the next few months —his will be called "Prin-cess" when it appears in the spring before the birth of Diana's child.

birth of Diana's child.

The book, Lacey says, will be "a celebration" — 300 photographs in color and 20,000 words to be written in the next 6 weeks. His method is to combine historical biography with magazine writing and come up with what the British call a good read; his best-selling Silver Jubilee biography of Queen Elizabeth II, "Moizer," many descriptors done here.

"Majesty," spawned countless clones here.

After that work, he scurried after the world's richest and most-powerful royal family, the House of Saud. It took four years and most of his savings to come back with a huge patchwork of impressions, sketches and legends titled "The Kingdom" and recently published in London by Hutchinson at £9.95. The book ranked seventh last weekend on the Sunday Times best-seller list.

Times best-seller list. Although the international business community serized on Lacey's Middle East knowledge
— he recently chaired meetings on U.S. business exposure in the area and lectured at the Royal Institute of International Affairs, besides serving as a U.S. television network's commentator for the Royal Wedding — book reviewers still regard him as a royalist writer of

coffee-table books. "The Kingdom" was harshly criticized by most reviewers. They accused Lacey of being too gossipy, personalized, of lacking a long-term general grasp of the Middle East, of being too sycophanic to the sheikins. Many personaled his precion of the kinddom as a fairty regarded his version of the kingdom as a fairy tale — strong on history and sympathy for the Sandi rulers — but shallow on such matters as Sandi corruption, family rivalries and internal

and external political realities.

Lacey responds by saying his readable style is not the only thing that upset academics and Middle East experts here. He feels that all those who believe the country will collapse within five years are against his book because they regard it as too optimistic.

To meet Robert Lacey is to understand how heavy the image of royalty-watcher sits on him. In a conversation peppered with com-ments about AWACs and King Fahd's peace plan, he lets it be known that he considers the royal beat to be narrow and trivial. "I never wanted to be a royal expert. I wanted to be a don and ponder matters of historical import," he says in his luxurious Chelsea apartment, stuffed with royal commemorative china and Middle Eastern knives and purchased with the

proceeds of "Majesty."
Has his view about Queen Elizabeth altered since he chronicled her life and times? He concedes that it has. "I came to be very fond of her and what she stands for. But now I worry about whether she's living up to the picture I created in 'Majesty.' This summer's nots in British cities made me feel that she and her children don't give enough of their energies to the have-nots, that they are too closely associated with the haves."

Lacey, contrary to the commonly held view here, was not himself born closely associated with the haves. He came from a middle-class family and broke out of the grammar-school mold by winning a scholarship to Cambridge University. "But I was brutally told at Cam-University. But I was britially told at Cambridge that I wouldn't qualify for research, except at a red-brick university," he says. "It was suggested that I serve Her Majesty overseas in a confidential capacity, which sounded interesting until I realized I would end up as lowranking diplomat who maybe received a

knighthood at age 60." Instead, the young Lacey entered Fleet Street. By day, he edited material on teapots and new life-styles. By night, he slogged over a biography of the Earl of Essex, the flamboyant favorite of Queen Elizabeth I who led a revolt against her and who was executed at age 33, a character who Lacey concedes intrudes on his

"He was a young man caught up in the pre-conceptions of his society. He went off and fought brave battles and then he danced attendance on Gloriana, the old woman with no hair. I wrote the book because I wanted to find out what made him tick. At the end, I decided that he saw through the attitudes of his times."

So why did Lacey leap on today's Glorianas? He explains that his books came about by

"Majesty," he explains, came about because his wife, Sandi, harangued him either to write a best seller or to spend evenings with the fam-ily, in which there are two children. "The Kingdom" emerged from a casual conversation at a dinner party in 1977.

"I was told about a young poverty-stricken Arab desert prince, about how he led his fol-lowers to conquer Riyadh and vast desert areas, and how he rose to create the powerful House of Saud," says Lacey. "At the time, I didn't even know Ibn Saud was the man who put the Saud into Saudi Arabia.

Giving a Gift Without Giving Offense Too

by Fred Farris

ASHINGTON — For those travelers and expatriates who must decide what to give associates or friends from other countries, the year-end gift season is a sociological briar

Western Europe? No.

A small travel clock to a Chinese friend or

business contact? Never A fancy pocket knife to an associate from

A gift for the wife of your host in Abn Dhabi? Under no circumstances.

A bottle of Scotch to a business acquain-

tance in Japan? Yes, but only if he gave you a

These and dozens of other bits of advice are offered in a new study of international gift-giving written by Dr. Kathleen Reardon of the University of Connecticut. As the 32-year-old assistant professor of communication sciences said in an interview: "Gifts are really a form of interpersonal communication and interperson-

The study, sponsored by the Parker Pen Co., is based on 125 interviews with well-traveled executives of top U.S. and multinational companies as well as studies of culture patterns in Europe, Japan, China, the Arab world and Latin America. The information in the study titled "International Gift-Giving Customs" is aimed at U.S. businessmen who travel abroad and therefore gives no hints about what to give to Americans. Other than that gap, the booklet is valuable for most people who meet other nationals socially.

In her study, Reardon says: "To help the international business person avoid unintended offense or an unwanted obligation when presenting gifts...a good rule is to give with thought more than money. Thoughtfulness is appreciated all over the world. It obligates othappreciated an over the world. It congates one
ers to think of you as a person. Such obligation
does not fit the American definition of bribery.
And it can go a long way toward securing your
business opportunities.
"The best advice is to do your
homework...familiarizing yourself with col-

Western Europe: Do not bring perfume to a woman in Europe unless she or her husband has asked that you buy a certain type for her. It is considered too personal.

In France, flowers are a must, preferably sent before arriving at someone's home for dinner. But chrysanthemums, which represent mourning, should not be used, and flowers in even numbers are often considered gauche. The number 13 should be avoided, and if you stay at someone's home for a few days, a gift

of silver is appropriate.

In West Germany, too, avoid even numbers or 13 in flowers. And no red roses, which are reserved for lovers. A box of fancy candies, souvenirs of your home region or something with intellectual or cultural significance is fine. Well-planned entertainment is a good gift, but

Because the British don't usually use gifts in business, entertainment — "dinner at a fine restaurant or an evening at the theater — is the primary means used to express appreciation of a good relationship.

Japan: The Japanese give gifts under every conceivable circumstance, especially at the mid-year and year-end holidays. Gifts should be simply wrapped with ribbons used only on advice of someone familiar with Japanese wrapping customs; black-and-white combina-tions, for example, are reserved for funerals. Present gifts privately to your host unless you have gifts for everyone present. Gifts received should not be opened in front of the giver un-

less you are asked to do so.

China: There are precise rules and business gift-giving is not common among individuals.

The giver thus must determine the appropriate recipient as well as the proper gift and manner of presentation. A gift should not be given in front of others because if the recipient must reject it, he may cause the donor to lose face and may himself lose face in refusing it. A good reason must be given for the gift to allow the recipient to justify accepting it. Chinese are

not allowed to accept any foreign currency.

A very acceptable gift, however, is a banquet at which further gifts can be exchanged: When the dinner you are hosting is completed and the head representative of your group makes a brief speech, he should then present a collective gift." A plaque or framed scenic

'A good rule is to give with thought more than money. Thoughtfulness is appreciated all over the world It obligates others to think of you as a person. Such obligation does not fit the American definition of

ors, shapes, numbers and gift merchandise which may cause offense. Also, be sure that any gift you take will make it through customs and that, if you send a gift, the recipient will

not have to pay a tax on it."

Reardon, in the interview, was asked what advice she would give to a visitor to Western Europe, Japan or an Arab country.

"In Western Europe, I would make sure the person I was giving the gift to would be a per-sonal friend as well as a business associate...I would select a gift that would show I had real-ly studied his likes, hobbies or personal tastes. would enclose a card that was not pre-printed but had my own thoughts to express to the

'In Japan, there are a number of possibili ties. They just like gifts quite a bit. I would find a distinctively American gift. If my friend happened to have children, I would perhaps bring a T-shirt from the University of Connecticut, because in many parts of the world Tshirts from colleges are appreciated. If it were a more formal occasion, going to the home, I would bring a bottle of good brand-name

Scotch whiskey — not bourbon.

"If I went to the Middle East, as a female I would bring a gift for the wife of a business associate. If I were a man, however, I would associate. If I were a man, however, I would definitely not do that. The best approach would be to bring something for the children, if they have children. That is the safest approach until you know the person well. If I did not know him or her well, I would bring a book, a gift that compliments the intellectual ability of my associate."

Here is a support of the 29 page booklet's

Here is a summary of the 29-page booklet's guidelines for gift-giving:

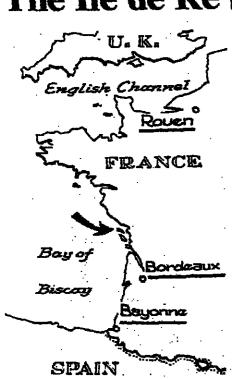
photograph from your home region is accept-

Do not give a clock. The pronunciation of the Chinese word for clock is very close to a word suggesting death or funeral, so the gift of a clock is considered to bring bad luck. Simi-larly don't give a fan because the Chinese word for it is pronounced like the word "separate" or "break up." The Arab world: The Arabs value generosity and believe in reciprocity, so the exchange of quality gifts is an important ritual. "What people will say is the main criterion by which an Arab judges his actions. This is the first step in gift selection." Gifts with intellectual value, such as a book, are rewarding. Never bring a gift for a wife or wives. American and German merchandise is considered quality for a gift but be careful when choosing items showing animals — many con-note bad luck. Present your gift to an Arab host in front of others. But do not admire an object openly: You may become the recipient

Latin America: While the Latin American enjoys gift-giving, one should not give a gift until after a somewhat personal relationship has developed, unless it is given to express ap-preciation for hospitality. Never go empty-handed to visit a home. Give your gifts during social events, never during the course of business. The number 13 (flowers, etc.) is considered unlucky, and do not give a knife (it implies cutting off a relationship).

The booklet may be obtained by sending \$5 to the public relations department, The Parker Pen Company, P.O. Box 5100, Janesville, Wis. 53547.

The Ile de Ré Should Strike the Flag



The arrow points to the Ile de Re.

by Waverley Root

ARIS — At last, the battle that I have been following for a dozen years as an honorary citizen (self-appointed) of the Ile de Ré has been won — or lost, depending on how one feels about it. I think it has been lost.

The struggle was over the question of whether to link the island to the mainland by a bridge; the building of a bridge has just been voted — in the name of decentralization, which seems to me to be flying in the face of logic. An island that can be reached by bridge is, in my opinion, no longer an island; I think the fle de Re should give back to the island of Cutridge Mass. the fine benefing on the wall Cuttybank, Mass., the fing hanging on the wall of the mayor's office in La Flotte-en-Re that it received in its status as an island.

How did it happen that a flag from Cut-tyhunk was displayed under official auspices in so unlikely a locality as the Ile de Ré, off La Rochelle in western France? Let me confess: It Rochelle in western France? Let me consess: it was thanks to me and the International Herald Tribune, which until now has not known about it. True, the role of this newspaper was solely inspirational. I happened to be on the Ile de Ré in 1977 when the IHT published an article about the threat of Elizabeth Islanders, disgruntled at a redistricting that put them under the thumb of the mainland, to secret from the conversion of the mainland, to secret from the sovereign state of Massachusetts. They had even devised a secessionist flag, decorative in the IHT even without its color — a white gull

flying slantwise across a golden circle (the sun) on a field of blue (the sea).

on a field of blue (the sea).

My hotel at La Flotte-en-Re was flanked by six tall flagpoles that usually flew the flags of countries represented by the guests; but in moments of whimsy the proprietor hoisted others that he apparently hoped nobody would be able to identify. I recognized the ensigns of the United Nations, the Common Market and the feat national flag of the United States, vinthe first national flag of the United States, vin-tage 1777, with its 13 stars arranged in a circle; others baffled me. I thought the flag of the Elizabeth Islands. I bels, a real puzzler, might

Elizabeth Islands' rebels, a real puzzler, might appropriately fit here.

Besides, the file de Ré was then also in conflict with mainland authorines who wanted to increase their control over the island. An alliance was clearly indicated. I wrote to the authorities of Cuttyhunk, the only one of the Elizabeths I know (unless Martha's Vineyard is included in this archipelago, which is not impossible), pointing out that the two islands were sisters in rebellion; Cuttyhunk sent its flag to the Ile de Ré. It proved too small to join the others on the flagpoles, so Monsieur Léon Gendre, proprietor of the hotel, who was also mayor of La Flotte, hung it in his office in the city hall.

Cuttymak and the He de Ré have more in common than resistance to off-islanders: they are, for instance, two of the only four places where I have been able to eat lobster only minutes out of the sea. The other two were the spit of land reputed to be the nearest point to Europe in the United States. I had intended to add them to a North Atlantic Confederation of Autonomous Lobster Republics, but the idea ran out of steam, or I did, and I was left

Cutryhunk and the Ile de Re are alike in that both possess local histories little-known except on their own territories. I doubt if many Americans are aware that the first permanent building (a fort) erected in English-speaking America was built on Cuttyhunk in 1602 by a forgotten hero of early American exploration, Capt. Bartholomew Gosnold, who also named Cape Cod, an act now attributed unanimously but erroneously to the Pilgrims.

The Ile de Ré is intensely conscious of its history. A taxi driver temporarily in my employ once ground his car to a stop before a fragment of wall of ecclesiastical character, strenched towards it a trembling and accusatory arm, and roared in fury: "Bukenoom did that." The vehemence of his anger suggested to the this color would have been committed no that this crime could have been committed no earlier than the preceding Thursday, but on investigation I discovered that it was in 1627 that the Duke of Buckingham had destroyed the 12th-century, originally Cistercian, Abbey of St. Laurent des Chateliers.

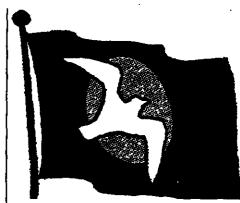
History has left its mark on the names of the ile de Re. La Flotte probably commemorates the fleet Richelieu sent there in 1621 to stamp utes out of the sea. The other two were the out the Protestantism with which the island island of Brehat, off the northern coast of British had become infected from the Huguenot tany, and Rockport, Mass., on Cape Anne, a stronghold of La Rochelle, just across the Per-

tuis Breton on the mainland. (Ré's strategic position as the key to La Rochelle carned for it the unwelcome attentions of warriors through the centuries, including, in World War II, those of the Germans, who left there the solid bunkers seen in "The Longest Day," which was filmed partly on this island). When I first came to Prance in 1927, the Ile

de Re was the last place in the world I would have picked for a vacation; it was a name of dread. It was from there that the notorious La Martinière, named from St. Martin, sailed two or three times a year, emptying the prison that had once been Vauban's fort of convicts bound for Devil's Island. Capt. Dreyfus presumably passed through; Mirabeau was once jailed here, but he was not en route to the penal colony.

Even today I would not think of visiting Ré in summer, when it must be something of a hellhole. Its year-round population (some of whom have never left the island) is 10,000; its summer population varies from 150,000 to 200,000 ("A wonder it doesn't sink," the Rhétains say). Once, arriving there earlier than usual (September). I found the surface of the sea almost invisible under the flotsam and jetsam the vacationers had left behind them; it seemed to be paved with toilet seats, an article that the summer visitors must have consumed in inexplicable quantity.

I usually go there later, when the hotels and summer homes are boarded up, to enjoy the balmy temperatures, regularly 3 degrees Centi-



Flag of the Elizabeth Islands.

grade above those of the mainland, though it is so close as to be visible from the eastern part of the island. The waters of Re provide the northernmost refuge for fish escaped from the Mediterranean; during much of the year it is golden with mimosa.

The last time I was there I sat on a bench at the edge of the sea waiting for the car that would return me to Paris. The sky was an Italian blue, the sun was warm, the light breeze seemed to promise the imminent arrival of spring. At my feet, the grass was spangled with the miniature daisies called poqueretes. The

International datebook

AUSTRIA

VIENNA, Konzerthaus (tel: 72.12.11) — Dec. 13: Vicana Symphony Orchestra, Lawrence Foster conductor, Vladimir Ashkenazy piano (Beethoven). Dec. 16: Isolde Ahlgrimm cembalo (Bach). Dec. 19: Vienna Chamber Orchestra, Philippe Entremont conductor/soloist (Beethoven, Mozart).

BELGIUM

BRUSSELS. Cirque Royal - To Dec. 19: "Eros Thanatos."

Palais des Beaux-Arts (tel: 512.50.45)

Dec. 13: Belgian National Orchestra, Frank Collura conductor, Ivry Gitlis violin (Beethoven).

ENGLAND

LONDON, Aldwych Theatre (tel: 836.64.04) — Royal Shakespeare Company: Dec. 12, 14 and 15: "Richard III." Dec. 16-17: "The Merchant of III." Dec. 16-17: "The Merchant of Venice." Dec. 18-19: "Richard III." •British Museum — To Jan. 30: "Medieval Limoges." To mid-March:
"Goya's Prints."

OColiscenn (tel: 836.31.61) — English National Opera: Dec. 12 and 17: "La Traviata," Dec. 15 and 18: "Pelléas and de." Dec. 16 and 19: "Der

 Potish House (tel: 589.46.70) — Dec.
 12-20: Wanda Ostrowska (watercolors). PRoyal Festival Hall (tel: 928.31.91) -

HOTELS

SWITZERLAND

ZURICH

FIZERHO

100 years of exceptional pitality in Zurich

hofstrasse/Bahnhofolara

Opposite fly-rail/main-station

The screne quietness

of a resort hotel in the heart of down-town

HOTEL SCHWEIZERHOF

Phone 01/2118640

Telex 8(3754 szhof ch

PO-Box, CH-8023 Zurich

Dec. 13: London Philharmonic Orchestra, Sir Georg Solti conductor, György Pank violin, Ralph Kirshbaum cello (Haydn, Brahms, Prokofiev). Dec. 15: London Symphony Orchestra, Eduardo Mata conductor, Ida Haendel violin (Chavez, Sibelius, Dvorák). Dec. 16: London Mozart Players, Mark Elder. conductor, Monserrat Caballé soprano (Mozart, Haydn, Rossini). Dec. 17: Philharmonic Orchestra, Eschenbach conductor/piano, Justus Frantz piano (Mozart, Bee-

Sadler's Wells Theater (tel: 837.16.72) "London Contemporary Dance Company: Dec. 12: "Eos"/Cohan, "Something to Tell"/Davies, "Danger, Work in Progress"/Bannerman, Dec. 16-19: "A Christmas Carol" (Musgrave), Virginia Onera Association

PARIS, American Center (tel: 321.42.20) — To Dec. 18: Merce Conn-

mgnam worksnop. ●To Dec. 22: Festival d'Art Sacré (tel: 277.92.26). Includes: Eglise St.-Séverin
— Dec. 15: Paris Orchestral Ensemble,
Jean-Pierre Wallez conductor (Haydn). Temple des Billettes — Dec. 13-14: Po-etry readings dedicated to the memory of Charles Péguy and Henri Guillemin by Benoît Allemane, Jacques Monod and Jean Topart

eLe Louvre des Antiquaires (tel: 297.27.00) - To Feb. 14: "Art in the

HEALTH CLINICS

GERMANY

SURGICAL TREATMENT

OF MALE IMPOTENCE

Plus complete range of

plastic and cosmetic surgery.

Frankfurter Klinik

TRAVEL

PORTUGAL

HOLIDAYS

see classified

TO PLACE YOUR

CALL YOUR

NEADEST REPRESENTATIVE

Kroegerstr. 10 6000 Frankfurt/M., W. Gen

EDINBURGH, Playhouse Theatre (tel: 031/557.25.90) — Scottish Opera: Dec. 12. h Die Fledermaus." GLASGOW, Theatre Royal (tel: 041/331.12.34) — Scottish Ballet: To Det. 19: "Cinderella."

lioz, Tchaikovsky, Prokofiev).

Theatre des Champs-Elysees — Dec.

13: Jean-Pierre Rampal flute (Haydn.
Bach, Mozart, Saint-Sains). GENEVA, Grand Café du Grütli, 16 rue Général-Dulour — From Dec. 15: "L'Incomme de L'Orient-Express" (Beretti). Grand Théatre — Dec. 17: Isaac

Theatre de Carouge — To Dec. 31: "La Locandiera" (Goldon). "Victoria Hall (tel: 23.31.21) — Dec. 14: Salvatore Acardo violan. ZURICH, Thomas Mann Archive Schonberggasse, 15 — To Dec. 23: "Stanley Roseman," drawings of Benjamin Britten's opera, "Death in Venice."

UNITED STATES

NEW YORK, Circle in the Square (tel: 581.07.20) — "Candida" (Shaw), Josanne Woodward. Joanne woodward. Second Stage (tel: 787.83.02) — "My Sister in the House" (Kesselman), Eliz-

(tel: 860.13.00) — To Jan. 3: "Art of the Avant-Garde in Russia: Selections from the George Costakis Collection." To Jan. 17: "Giorgio Morandi," exhibi-

WALES

CARDIFF, To Dec. 12: Music Festival (tel: 31055). Includes: Dec. 12: London Mozart Players, Norman del Mar con-ductor, Jack Brymer clarinet (Elgar, Mozart, Haydn).

WEST GERMANY

BERLIN, Deutsche Oper (tel: 341.44.49) — Dec. 12, 15 and 17: "Idomeneo." Dec. 13: "Die verkaufte Braut." Dec. 16: "The Masked Ball." Dec 18: "Hensel and Gretel" Philharmonie (tel: 26.9551) — Dec.
 Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, Zubin Mehta conductor (Handel's "Messiah"). Dec. 13: Berlin Philharmonic Choir and Symphony Orchestra, Peter Schwarz conductor (Bach). •Renaissance Theater (tel: 312.42.02)

AMSTERDAM, Concertgebouw (tel: 71.98.71) — Dec. 12 and 16: Concertgebouw Orchestra, Bernard Haitink conductor (Mahler), Dec. 14: Isaac Stern violin, Andrew Wolf piano (Brahms, Schubert, Barrók, Franck). - "Whose Life is it Anyway?" (Clark). MUNICH, Haus der Kunst - To Jan. 31: "American Painting: 1930-1980." STUTTGART, Württembergische Staarstheater (tel: 0711/22.13.07). Grosses Haus — Dec. 12: "Rigoletto" (Verdi). Dec. 13: "Satyagraha" (Glass). Dec. 14: "Vivs la Manma" (Donizetti). Dec. 16: "Pollicino" (Henze).

THE HAGUE, Mauritshuis, Plein 29 — To Jan. 4: "Jacob van Ruisdael," exhi-

JAZZ, ROCK AND POP

Petit Palais — Through February:
 "Mexico: Yesterday and Today."
 Sallo Pleyel (tel: 563.07.96) — Dec.
 12: Paris Orchestra, Michel Plasson conductor, Schlomo Mintz violin (Berlier Telephone)

•TMP-Châtelet (tel: 243,44.44) — To Jan. 10: "West Side Story," Jerome

HONG KONG

HONG KONG, City Hall, Concert Hall (tel: 26.15.84) — Dec. 12 and 14: "La Bohême" (Puccini), Ella Kiang, Rico Serbo, Hong Kong Philharmonic Orchestra, Carl Pini conductor.

MALY

ROME, Accademia Nazionale di Santa

Cecilia — Dec. 13-15: National Academy Orchestra, Mstislav Rostropovich

VENICE, Palazzo Ducale (tel: 041/70.92.88) — To Dec. 31: "From Titian to El Greco: For the History of Mannerism in Venice (1540-1590)," ex-

JAPAN

TOKYO Bunka Kaikan (tel: 586.33.97)

— Dec. 19: Andras Schiff piano (Scarlatti, Schubert).

Matsuyama Ballet, Tokyo City Philhar-

monic Orchestra, Kazuo Fukuda con-

Showa Women's University Hitomi

Memorial Hall — Dec. 5: Yo-Yo Ma cello (Stravinsky, Schubert). •Yakult Hall (tel: 401.03.15) — Dec.

NETHERLANDS

Stadsschouwburg (tel: 25.57.54) — Dec. 13 and 17: Dutch National Ballet. Dec. 16, 20 and 22: "The Masked Ball"

(Verdi), Netherlands Opera. •Stedelijk Museum, Paulus Potter-straat — To Jan 3: "Henri Cartier-

hibition

Robbins choreographer.

PARIS: Trafalgar (tel: 8746600) — Timough Dec 13: Kenny Claike and Lou

Sharps and Flats

FRANKFURT, fahrhunder-faulte (nd. 30.10.56) — Dec. IX Benny Goodsman LONDON Rousie Scott's (tel: 4990147) Through Dec. 12 Jacques Lousier, Dec. 14-Jan. 3 George Melly

Trois Mailletz

starting at 16 p.m.: Nina •Hotel Meridien (tel: 758.12.30) — Every night starting at 10 p.m. Joe New-

VIENNA, Stadthalle (tel: 92.66.01) — Through Dec. 20: Babblin' Brown Sugar

ON TOUR: :: Dollar Brand's African Group Dec. 14 in Geneva at the New Morning and Dec. 15 in nch at the Schwabinger Bran, Leopoldstr. 82.

Chow Bites Back at Gault-Millau

by Vicky Elliott

ARIS - These foreign food critics speak with forked tongues - and Mr. Chow's doesn't like it. The latest Gault-Millan Guide to

New York takes a withering look at the plush Chinese restaurant on East 57th Street, and its et-setting proprietor, Michael Chow, has lashed back with a libel suit — the French good-food team's first in the United States. Back in Paris, Christian Millan isn't ruffled.

In almost two dozen years of candid eating out, he says, he and his sidekick Henri Gault have had to cope with a round two dozen lawsuits - in France, Britain, Belgium and Switzerland. "And we've won every one of them." say the masters of gastronomic deflation, lickne their lips

Their Guide to New York (published last April in French and scheduled to appear in English next fall), complains that Mr. Chow's Peking duck pancakes are "the size of a sancer and the thickness of a finger," that the "princi-pal concern of the waiters (Italian) is to sell you expensive alcoholic drinks," that "in a pinch, you might not care that you have to wait 10 minutes to obtain chopsticks instead of forks, that it is impossible to have the basic condiments" on the table and that the chow has "only the slightest relationship to the es-sential spirit of Chinese cuisine." It continues in this vein for eight paragraphs, taking time off to concede that the decor is "superb."

Michael Chow, who also owns Mr. Chow's estaurants in London and Beverly Hills, Calif_ collects Art Deco and likes his customers to be artistic. He himself has been spotted making a flying visit to Paris to buy a prototype teacup. To a person of such refinement, such iconoclasm must be galling.

They describe my fried rice as swimming in oil," he says in a telephone interview, "and throughout my 12 years' career in Mr. Chow's restaurants, I have been famous for my lack of oil. They say my Peking duck is finger-thick; but they would have to devise a very unique method to make it one-half inch - it would be impossible to eat. They say the green pepper was frozen on the plate. Well, even the worst restaurant in the world wouldn't freeze fresh

In addition to these technicalities. Chow's lawyers are out to prove that the review was "published willfully and maliciously, intending to defame and to injure and destroy

But in Gault and Millan's experience on their side of the Atlantic, judges have preferred to recognize what their lawyer likes to call "the French spirit of Voltaire" — their satirical impunity. "If we've been served a bad meal by people who couldn't give a damn," say the pair, "we don't see why we should write nice things about them."

It isn't unheard of, they add, to use legal proceedings as a publicity ploy. "When an actor is criticized for acting like a horse, he has a perfect right to sue for it." adds Millau. "but it doesn't mean he'll win."

In a dozen cases fought in France, says their lawyer, Eric Bernard, the judges have agreed that the law enshrined the right both to have



one's say and to have one's fill. Put more prosaically, consumer information and liberty of expression have always won out. In Rouen, an offended restaurant owner was told that the Gault-Millan magazine was right to exercise its functions rigorously, without worrying about his sensibilities.

By now the better-known among the French establishments know better than to bring things to court. Lesser members of the species have stopped proceedings in midstream. Since a trial in Metz, two years ago, when a judge decided yet again that Gault-Millau's caustic humor and highly personal delivery did not contravene the law or the two tenets of libel unrelieved denigration or intent to harm -French restaurants have kept their litigious inclinations under control.

And woe betide those who try to ape the French and sue. A swanky hotel in Geneva was miffed that the pair called its furnishings "banal" and cast aspersions on the heredity of its tapestries. The judge ruled that it wasn't the

critics' business to be constrained to pay compliments.

Chez Victor, the London bistro, smoldered at Gault-Millau's references to "rayfish in ammonia" and the "galvanized stomach" of the proprietor, whom the restaurant had advertised as a regular customer. Victor's owner lost the first round, lost at the appeals court and was due to take the case up at the Old Bailey but didn't. Gault explains gleefully that the plaintiff just happened to find himself in prison at the crucial moment, for reasons, the

critic says, that he now forgets.

Michael Chow is determined to have the last word. "Of course the article is quite amusing." he admits. "I have a sense of humor too."

He mentions the case brought against Gault and Millan for their remarks on that melting pot Marseilles — its "pathetic crowds" and "lousy diseases." (The complaint was rejected.) "I hear that the mayor of Marseilles [Gaston Defferre] has become Interior Minister," says Chow. "Maybe I should call him and unite."

INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION DIRECTORY

SWITZERLAND



AMERICAN COLLEGE **OF SWITZERLAND**

prope's only independent, fully accredited for year college with complete boarding facilities.

A., B.S. programs in Int'l Business Administration Economics, Political Studies, French, Modern Languages, and Int'l Studies. Spring semester begins February 2, 1982.

Please contact: Richard Calkins,

1854 Leysin (021) 62.53.61. Tlx.: 453227.



SCHILLER

Science, International Relations, Economics, Physics, etc. * College preparatory programme 2 years (11th & 12th Grade) * Summer Courses Business Administration, Liberal Arts, Theatre.

* Unique intercampus and U.S. transfer possibilities.

SCHILLER INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY Royal Waterloo House, 51-55 Waterloo Roed, London SEI 87X London Campuses: Royal Waterloo House, opposite Waterloo Station. Wickham Court, 15 mantes by train from London's Victoria Station, between Croydon and B

ST. JOHN'S INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL RDUSSFLS

International, Ecumenical, co-ed, day and resident school, nursery through 12th grade; American Academic Program including Advanced Placement courses together with G.C.E. O level and International Baccalaureate. French second language: extensive European student travel, strong athletic and extracurricular programs. Bus service covering general

FULLY ACCREDITED BY THE MIDDLE STATES ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Attractice Boarding facilities for High School students.

ST. JOHN'S INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL Drève Richelle 146, 1410 Waterloo, Belgium. Telephone: (02) 354.11.38

FRANCE

The most renowned school for French,

THE INSTITUT DE FRANÇAIS Overlooking the Riviera's most beautiful bay

MAKES LEARNING FRENCH A WONDERFUL AND UNIQUE EXPERIENCE

ext 4-week all-day immersion program starts Jan. 4, Feb. 1st and all year.
LODGING IN PRIVATE APTS. AND 2 MEALS INCLUDED. For adults. 6 levels: from beginner I to advanced II. of research & experience in the effective teaching of French to adults. INSTITUT DE FRANÇAIS - L.12

23 Av. Général-Laderc, 06230 VILLETRANCHE-S/MER, Tel.: (93) 80.86.61. LEARN AND LIVE THE FRENCH LANGUAGE



LEARN AND LIVE THE FRENCH LANGUAUS
in caim and idylic surroundings near Monte Carlo.

Cap d'All, a health resort, offers a wide range of hotels and pensions
The CENTEE MEDITERRANEEN D'ETUDES FRANÇAISES offers 25 years
of experience. Whatever your level, you may acquire a mastery of
French to suit your professionad or cultural needs. Small groups. 4, 8 or
12-week courses starting each month. Camette topes and library are
available to students supervised by a professor.
Brackware with enrolment free, alone or with board and ledging:
CENTEE MÉDITERRANEEN D'ETUDES FRANÇAISES
AACOR Cam d'All (France). Tal.: (93) 78.21.59.

SPAIN

American SCHOOL OF MALLORCA.

Accredited by Middle States Association CO-ed, day K-12 and boarding 8-12. College Preparation.
Industrial Arts and Secretarial Program College Boards, TOER Test Center. Learning Disabilities and ESL program.

e sports and activities p CALLE ORATORIO, 9 - PORTALS NOUS -MALLORCA - SPAIN TBL: 675850/51. TBLEX: 69066 HTBN

EUROPE

PINE CREST SCHOOL Fort Lauderdale, Florida

ing sons and daughters of foreign-based families Full accreditation, university prep. grades 7-12, Advanced Placement courses all departments. 52 athletic teams for boys 🚪 and gris, choral and band programs, drama, art and dance Founded 1934 Convenient to Mami International Almort.

1501 N.E. 62 Street, Fort Louderdale, Florida 33334 U.S.A. Tel.: 305-492-4103 Send for a free copy

of the

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE'S

SCHOOL & CAMP GUIDE

Write to: Françoise Clément, International Herald Tribune, 181, avenue Charles-de-Gaulle. 92521 Neully Cedex, France.

IO DE JANEIRO - "Feijoada com-

The World's Fare: Feijoada

pleta," a bubbling black stew set on a groaning board and ringed by coninitiated, but to Brazilians it is as cherished as the flag and the national anthem. Heitor Villa-Lobos, the composer, once showed his appreciation for the version he ate in the home of the Brazilian consul general in New York by scribbling a four-part canon in the cook's recipe book. Each voice stood for one of the main ingredients of the feijoada.

If, in fact, a complete feijoada was limited to

by Warren Hoge

just four components, it might not appear so formidable. But the sum of its parts is closer to 20 as the late Sergio Porto, a humorist and writer, took into account when he remarked that a feijoada was truly complete only if you stationed an ambulance at the front door. A thesis on the Brazilian penchant for dishes

like feijoada, submitted to the faculty of medicine in the northern state of Bahia at the turn of the century, argued that the "epilogue to all this abuse and sensuality" was "dyspepsia, stomach ulcers, diseases of the liver, intestinal disorders, afflictions of the kidneys, cardiac syncope, aneurism, apoplexy and other ills."

Luis da Camara Cascudo, author of "His-tória da Alimentacao no Brasil," warned strangers away. "It is useless to consider feijoada as attractive to foreigners. It would be like offering snails and frogs to someone who had spent his life living on the prairie."

The reaction of Alfredo Casal Torunes, a Spaniard, to his first glimpse of the dish 30 years ago bears out Cascudo's words of caution - but the story has a more telling ending. "I took one look at feijoada and I thought, it's so black, and how do I know what they're hiding in there?" Today Casal is not only an enthusiast, he is a part-owner of Alvaro's, a res-taurant in Rio de Janeiro that makes one of the most highly touted feijoadas hereabouts.

Visitors from the United States can also adjust more easily than Cascudo imagined, be-cause the dish — which is pronounced fayzheuowaada — has the same origin as American "soul food." Like the hearty cuisine created by

slaves from the parts of farm animals that plantation owners thought unfit for their families and discarded. Brazilian slaves took the largely fatty ingredients, mixed them with rice; black beans and manioc meal, and feijoada

The dish has been refined in the two centuries since its beginnings. French travelers to Brazil 150 years ago frowned on it, but today one of the most talked-about ferjoadas in Rio is served at a French restaurant called Le Bis-

The meal can be the setting for highly spirit-

ed conversation and family reunions. In rural

areas it has served as the forum for settling

bloody family vendettas. In earlier days, when it was still being created in family kitchens, feijoada was the Sunday meal. With time, it became the typical Saturday lunch, and while Saturday remains the traditional day, feijoada can be eaten at selected restaurants around Rio every day of the week. A typical Saturday feijoada in the Rio de

Janeiro of the 1930s was served to 50 people seated at tables made from boards placed on sawhorses under towering mango trees. The trees served two purposes: They shaded the diners from Rio's punishing midday sun and they supported the hammocks that provided respite after a complete feijoada.

At Alvaro's a feijoada is served only on Sat-

urday, but it begins to take shape at the end of the week when the manager, Jose Pedro de Araujo, makes his shopping rounds. It is a pro-digious list he carries for the 150 portions the establishment prepares each Saturday: black beans; sun-dried beef slabs (carne seca); pork loins and ribs; pig's feet, tails and ears; smoked tongue; bacon; two types of sausage; kale; oranges; rice; onions; garlic, olive oil and peppers.
On Friday the chef, Otacilio Ribeiro Melo,

and his four assistants put all the meat into a tank of water and soak all the beans in another. To make the meat less salty, the water is changed every three hours. On Saturday morning they layer large pots with a base of beans, then carne seca and finally all the other meat. which has been cut into pieces. This is covered with the water in which the beans have been soaking and topped by sliced onions, garlic, bay leaves, black pepper and whole unsliced

The pots are left for four to five hours over a high flame, with water added periodically. Then the meat is removed, the oranges are thrown away, the broth is separated into another container and the remaining soft beans are mashed before being reunited with the liquid. The final step is to sauté sliced onions and garlic in olive oil until they are golden and then to mix everything together again and bring it to a boil.

Then the leafy kale is shredded and boiled in salted water and sautéed with oil, garlic and onions. Farofa is made from manioc flour sautéed in bacon fat with cubed bacon and sliced garlic. Other side dishes include white rice, sliced oranges, hot peppers in oil and vi-negar, bacon cubes and draft beer.

٠. :

. .

4 27

A half dozen wine buckets are filled with sliced limes used in making caipirinhas, the po-tent drink based on the Brazilian sugar cane distillate called cachaca that is the required appetite arouser preceding a feijoada.

If the weather is bad, people begin showing up at Alvaro's around 12:30 p.m. If the sun is out, diners linger on the nearby beach. They are permitted to eat their meal in bathing suits as long as shirts are worn.

Alvaro's — born 12 years ago in the Leblon

neighborhood from the union of a butcher shop and a stand-up luncheonette — is a de-cidedly informal place with wooden benches at many of the tables and pub mirrors and rows of bottles on the wall. The kitchen is tiny, and the bar area is narrow enough to permit those behind the bar to keep both hands working the draft-beer spigots while a kick backward shuts cupboards and refrigerator drawers.

Somehow 110 people manage to be seated at one time during peak hours while dozens of others stand around waiting for a table. Waiters sing out their orders at the kitchen window and return minutes later when one of the cooks swats a desk clerk's bell with his palm. The atmosphere is cheerfully raucous, with all the determinants of that mood rising throughout the afternoon as more caipirinhas and beer

move across the bar. 01981 The New York Times

Computerizing the Yuletide Flower

by Brendan Boyle

ONSTER, the Netherlands - Nic van Geest has devoted almost every waking hour since the begin-ning of August to his poinsettias. He has watered, fed, trimmed, potted and pampered them so that each is just 12 inches tall with its green spread of leaves turning red. pink or white exactly as and when he planned.

"It's been worse than having newborn twins in the house," says his wife, Corrie, whose pre-Christmas weeks are spent in dread of the bell that can summon him to his greenhouse at any hour, day or night.

By Dec. 1, van Geest had left 50,000 of the bright, festive plants that the Dutch call Christmas stars. The first 100,000 raised in his 4.2-acre greenhouse had been sold for export. "It's a gamble every year and this is my sixth season," says van Geest, who had been up since I a.m., packing 4,000 plants into cartons

for a refrigerated truck bound for Geneva.

"The Netherlands produces between 10 and 12 million poinsettia plants each year," he continues. "They go all over Europe, but they sell only in the six weeks up to Christmas and everything has to be geared to that short rush."

Van Geest bought the plants as seedlings in early August. With three helpers, he transplanted them closely and transplanted them again a few weeks later to give them room.

A computer handled the daily feeding and watering chores and checked the temperature and humidity constantly. But each of the 150,000 pots required repeated individual attention. The computer frequently rang for human help when it came up against problems beyond its capacity.

"We spray the plants with a growth inhibitor to achieve the most popular height-to-density proportion," van Geest says, "And I can fool them into changing color by pulling black plastic over the roof to simulate night."

The risk lies both in assessing the demand and in bringing the plants to their peak at the right moment. "Last year was bad," his wife adds. "We were left with 15,000 - exactly the number that should have brought in our profit. And after Christmas you can't give these things away."

The van Geests' farm in the oddly-named village of Monster, near the Hague, is among the larger of the 3,000 glass-covered farms that occupy 7,500 acres in the temperate coastal region. This area, called Westland, boasts the world's largest concentration of greenhouses. the highest productivity per square yard of vegetables and flowers and probably, a distri-bution system that will move a plant from farm to store anywhere in Western Europe in 24 hours.

Farmers come from the United States, Japan and the Soviet Union to study methods used here. But Prof. Frans Kriellaars, chairman of the commission for foreign integration in agriculture, says Westland's "glass city" is

threatened by rising energy prices. "The domestic natural gas used to heat the glasshouses has risen from 4 cents a cubic meter in 1970 to 27.9 cents now," he says. "The heating bill represents a quarter of the farmer's costs today." Van Geest explains that he will not be able to pay much more than his present annual bill of \$80,000 for gas.

"I hope to cut my gas consumption by 30 percent next year," he says. "That's my only hope." He will begin planting tomatoes as soon as the last poinsettias are gone, and will experiment in the spring with new soils, glass and planting techniques.

0/981 United Press International

EUROPE

INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY

An American university with campuses and study centres in Central & Greater London, Paris, Madrid, Heidelberg. * ABA., BBA majors in Marketing, Accounting Management, International Business. * MBA., MIM., International Business. * AA., BA., MA., Liberal Arts, Art, Modern Languages, Political

ALSO
BBA & MBA part-time evening programme in Central Loudon

ENGLAND

35 acre country campus only 18 miles from central London and 6 miles from Heathrow airport. Founded in 1976, offering American college prep and ESL curncula Coed, grades K-12 day; grades 7-12

The oldest, independent American boarding school in Europe, founded in 1955 American college prep. General Studies and Int'l Section. Coed, boarding and day grades 7-12 plus a Post Graduate Year. boarding. Complete sports, activi-St. Montz ski term and extensive travel throughout Europe.

AMERICAN EDUCATION IN EUROPE WITH AN INTERNATIONAL DIMENSION **SWITZERLAND**

10 miles from central Athens. The American School in Switzerland, CH-6926 Montagnola, Switzerland. Tel: Lugano (091) 546471 Tix: 79317 TASIS England. Coldharbour Lane, Thome. Surrey, England TW 20 8TE. Tel: Chertsey (09328) 55252 Tix: 929172

GREECE Founded in 1979 in affiliation with Hellenic Int'l School American college prep. British GCE, General Studies and ESL curricula. Coed, grades K-12 day; grades 7-12 boarding. Diverse activities, sports, travel, Campus in residential Kifissia only

TASIS Hellenic, P.O. Box 25, Kifissia-Athens, Greece. Tel: Athens 8013837, 8081426 Tix: 210379

Christmas Shopping: In the Sweet Buy and Buy In Paris

by Jean Rafferty

ARIS — Christmas shopping in Paris and looking for something besides wine and perfume, always good buys here? Start with the national obsession -food -and you can't go wrong. An original idea for your favorite gourmet: A paté of the month for six months from master charcuter Lucultus d'Auteuil, 55 rue d'Auteuil, Paris 16 (tel: 525.65.22) who proposes a kilo of pâté delivered to Pasis and near suburbs on the 21st of each month starting with pâté de Lucullus with foie gras for December, followed by pâtés

with fote gras for December, followed by päies of pheasant, wild boar, rabbit, duck and finishing in May with a paie de campagne au poivre vert. The cost: 500 francs (about \$90).

For chocolate lovers: a basket of chocolate truffies, 70 francs from Le Nôtre, 49 avenue Victor Hugo, Paris 16 (tel: 501.71.71), who has the merriest Christians lines in Paris. A chias the merriest Christmas lines in Paris: A whitegloved waiter serves free champagne to waiting clients. Or offer a champagne bottle filled with chocolate champagne corks, 85 francs from Diffices du Chateau, 9 rue du Château, Neuilly (tel: 624.59.73).

The chef in the family might love a French chef's toque, 29 francs from the work clothes department of La Samaritaine on the rue de Rivoli, Paris 1 (tel: 508.33.33); the food shopper, a smart canvas and wood shopping cart, in beige, black or khaki, 350 francs from La Joie du Home, 60 rue de Boulainvilliers, Paris 16 (tel: 504.31.17); the restaurant con-noisseur, a special address book with sections for histros, foreign restaurants, French cuisine, and late-night ones, 59 francs from Mec Plus Ultra, 45 rue La Fontaine, Paris 16 (tel:

520.72.16).
What else are the French famous for? One answer is lingerie: For soigné nightdresses, go to Candide, 4 rue Miromesnil, Paris 8 (tel: 265.80.55), from 150 francs up. Danielle Mitterrand, wife of the French president, reportedly sleeps in oversize T-shirts. They come from Sommeilla, 26 rue Pierre Ier de Serbie, Paris 16 (tel: 720.52.02), 60 francs. Two of the freshest nightgowns — a multicolored cotton one, 350 francs, and a cream silk one, 420 francs, with matching beribboned neck bol-sters, 165 francs; and 185 francs — come from one of Paris' prettiest boutiques, run by Sophie Canovas at 5 place du Furstenberg, Paris 6 (tel: 326.89.31). Or a lace-trimmed satin "tanga," based on the minimum worn by Amazonian Indians, 370 francs at Les Nuits d'Elodie, 1 bis avenue MacMahon, Paris 17 (tel:

Gild your special lity with a makeup session with Olivier Echaudemaison, the man who transformed Princess Anne for her wedding. The cost is 290 francs at Harriet Hubbard Ayer, 120 rue du Faubourg St. Honoré, Paris 8 (tel: 073.02.03). Or indulge her with breakfast in bed on a clever beanbag-weighted tray, de-tachable for cleaning, 161 francs in a choice of pastel Impressionist and naif scenes at Perrier, 3 boulevard Raspail, Paris 7 (tel: 548.25.23).

If you have a fashionable lady on your list, give her the Paris accessory of the year: the shawl. Altona, 8 rue de l'Odeon, Paris 6 (tel: 325.53.93) has the least-expensive nice ones at 185 francs; Souleiado, 78 rue de Seine, Paris 6 (tel: 326.74.62), offers wool and silk ones for 465 francs; Sophie Canovas has smashing cashmere and silk shawls at 650 francs. For the sporty: gray flannel edged in leather, 370 francs at Pierre Frey, Natécru, 39-41 Galerie Vivienne, Paris 2 (tel: 260.46.85).

Don't be alraid of the glamorous stores even if you're shopping on a shoestring. There's something about that orange Hermes box or that Dior label that makes a lot of hearts beat faster. The riding shop at Hermes, 24 rue du Faubourg St. Honoré, Paris 8 (tel: 265.21.60) is where clever young Parisiennes buy horse combs in leather cases, (130 francs) and hoof scrapers in leather pouches, used as change purses, (145 francs). Both sport the distinctive Hermes saddle nail as a snap and Hermes will initial for free. The braided leather of a trotting whip (155 francs) makes a super belt, and a chic way to wrap your breaks or sprains is in Hermès horse bandages, 30 francs in eight colors—a thought for the skiers on your list?

Bookbinding is the "in" hobby (Mme. Mitterrand does it) and those characteristic market bled and severe and falsing the form of a total color and falsing the fal

bled papers and fabrics are to be found on everything from cushions to obelisks. One of the cleverest uses: accordion-pleated lampshades on a bedside light in a choice of 17 different patterns, 145 francs from La Tour de Bebelle, 29 rue Conde, Paris 6 (tel: 326.97.86), which also has a marbled bridge set: card case and scorebook, 55 francs each; or small mag-netized photo frame, 35 francs. Ask young bookbinder Ariane Gervais, 1 rue Crébillon, Paris 6 (tel: 329.75.31), to rebind a friend's favorite book. From 200 francs in a wide choice of hand-printed papers.

Some people can polish off their entire list at the shopping counters of the Louvre Museum, place Carrousel, Paris 1 (tel: 260.39.26). New this year, a gilded bronze comb pendant, 380 francs, based on an antique from the museum's collection. For the stamp-mad child you know, first-day covers based on Louvre-inspired issues, 12 to 40 francs. Upstairs, the print shop has an enormous selection of Chalcographs, hand-printed on modern paper from some of its 14,000 original engraving blocks dating from the 17th century. Prints start at 30

The funniest ashtray in town looks like a house; the smoke from your resting cigarette comes out the chimney. It costs 85 francs at La Boutique du Sommeil, 24 rue Pierre Ier de Serbie, Paris 16 (tel: 720.57.36). Other gadgets great for stocking presents: a curved ballpoint pen bracelet, the rage of Paris schoolgirs, 10 francs from La Gadgetière, 1 rue Georges Bizet, Paris 16 (tel: 720.52.20); an Alpine climbers' hook keyring, 36 francs from Prism, 16 avenue Victoria, Paris 1 (tel: 236.36.68); political playing cards—the last four Fench. litical playing cards — the last four French presidents are the jokers in the pack — 32 francs from Bag and Ber, 9 avenue Niel, Paris 17 (tel: 572.15.04); French house number plaques, 40 francs for 2 numbers, 80 francs for 3

or more at La Papeterie Moderne, 12 rue de la Ferronnerie, Paris 1 (tel: 236.21.72). There's one thing almost every child would put top of his list: an animal. Delight your child and help a charity by adopting a dog or cat from the SPA, the French Society for Proection of Animals. Free from the SPA pound, 30 avenue Pont de St. Denis, Gennevilliers, (tel: 798.57.40). Bring identity papers and a paid electricity or rent bill.

Or you can remember those often forgotten during the holidays — the old — with a dona-tion to the foundation Claude Pompidou, 42 rue du Louvre, Paris 1 (tel: 236.45.73). It provides retirement centers for the aged as well as helping handicapped children.

In Rome

by Barbara Donnelly

OME - When Christmas shopping there are few things for whetting one's acquisitive appetite like strolling the streets in front of the Spanish Steps past the shops full of jewelry, clothing and leather goods by designers like Gucci. Pucci and Fiorucci. One shouldn't miss it, if only for the show.

A few steps from the throng, at 22B via delle Carozze (tel: 678.29.73), there's a place called Miranda where you'll find luxurious mohair scarves and apparel, hand-loomed in a corner of the store. The colors of the material are bold and lustrous, just the thing to keep the winter's gloom at bay. Big wraparound scarves in solid colors or plaids, about 18 by 70 inches, are priced at 18,000 lire (\$15). Shawls run up to 28,000 lire, while clothing prices range from 60,000 to 95,000 lire. If you don't find what you want on display, they'll make it to order for you at no extra cost. Major credit cards are

On the other side of via del Corso, on a little street just off the piazza di Campo Marzio, vicolo delle Coppelle 59 (tel: 65.95.38), is the only shop in Rome that sells ceramics by the Sicilian artist Giovanni de Simone. The place is called Nonostante, which means "notwith-

standing," and it's irresistible.

De Simone's pottery features fantastical people and animals that are executed in a lively, colorful Cubist style on a white back-ground. Enormous coffee mugs or a cup and sancer from the artist's workshop costs 4,500 lire, with pitchers and vases running as high as 11,000 lire. Pieces designed and signed by de Simone range from 25,000 to 30,000 lire. Nonostante also carries marionettes, ingenious wooden mechanical toys and bird whistles from southern Italy and the Mediterranean.

For the espresso lover, the pantry supply store Bagagli Vittorio on via Campo Marzio 42 (tel: 679.06.93) offers coffee pots that combine utility with the best in modern Italian design. Among the handsomest stove-top models is the Carmencita Lavazza with its streamlined shape and domed top, available in high-quality polished stainless steel from 26,000 lire (three cups) to 32,000 lire (six cups); also in copper for 45,000 to 55,000 lire. If that isn't your cup of caffe, Bagagli Vittorio also carries electric cappuccino makers by Pavoni. This piece of machinery will steam milk for coffee or hot chocolate and makes 8 to 10 cups of espresso. It's priced at 195,000 lire, while the 18-20-cup model runs 260,000.

For the right coffee to go with the machine, try the Tazza d'Oro — a cross between an Italian café and a South American coffee warehouse - near the Pantheon. It has huge burlap bags and bins of different roasts to blend, as well as a preparkaged Regins di Café brand that is very rich and good. While you're there, treat yourself to a belt of espresso with a dollop of whipped cream (caffe con panna); it's a

On via della Scrofa, between the Pantheon and Piazza Navona, you'll find writing accessories at Pineider (tel: 654.80.14) to add a touch of elegance to the best-endowed office or desk. The stationer offers a selection of fine Florentine leather boxes and frames in jewellike burgundies, forest greens and royal blues. Hand-worked frames with simple gold trim range from 26,000 to 66,000 lire depending on



the size and quality of the leather. Sculpted leather boxes range from under 25,000 for the smallest sizes to 58,500 lire for the medium-sized — 4-by-6-inch model — and 118,000 lire for the 6-by-9-inch size. Pineider also has beautiful leatherbound agendas and datebooks that start at about 10,000 line.

For real extravagance, Pineider — which has branches in Florence, Milan, Viareggio and Catania, Sicily — sells a huge precision brass pencil sharpener, with a magnifying glass built into the top to show the clocklike works withing for 40 000 line. in, for 94,000 lire.

It is also worth braving the chaos at the Christmas bazaar on piazza Navona. Brightly lit booths line the oval piazza, selling crafts, toys, games and crèche figures, which are the traditional Italian Christmas decoration. The candymakers hawk piles of torrone, a nut taffy, and spun-sugar confections that are enough to make healthy teeth hurt two blocks away.

Just off one end of the piazza is a charming ceramic store called La Bella Copia, at via Coronari 8 (tel: 654.15.29), that sells handpainted pottery from all over Italy, including the boldly patterned Tuscan ceramics. Prices start at about 4,000 lire.

Charity begins at Rome. One could start by sending contributions to the Italian headquar-ters of the Sisters of Mother Teresa, Missionari della Caritá di Calcutta, at 1 Salita San Grego-ria al Celio 00184 Rome, (tel: 731.62.17). The Comunita di Sant'Egidio, piazza San Egidio, 3-A 00153, Rome (tel: 589.59.45) runs a socialaction project for refugees, lodging and feed-ing them at their hostel and helping them regularize their papers.

In Bonn

by Hal Piper

ONN — Since West Germans are both rich and materialistic, they already have everything. So what do you give a German for Christmas? What does a German give another German? "It's a problem," admits a suburban housewife. Some of her friends are trading up to a factive high Some are checking out video casfancier hi-fi. Some are checking out video cassette recorders. And many this year are think-

A second vacation in the winter is still something for most Germans to work toward, and recession or no, many of them have made it this year. Popular gifts, the housewife reports, are ski parkas — or whole ski vacations.

Then there are the Germans who are going

native. Germans are now so rich that they can afford to search for lost roots. So they are dressing up in national costume. The most dis-tinctive of the national costumes of Germany is generally identified in the public mind with Bavaria — diradis, lederhosen, loden coats and happy-wanderer hats garnished with a sprig of boar-bristle. Not all of these articles are enjoying a sales boom this holiday season, but most of them are, and most of them are being adapted so as not to look too awfully Bavarian.

Dropping the hem of a diradi to floor length makes a Rhineland matron feel both eveningdressy and just a little bit ethnic. (A Bavarian

thinks it a travesty).

Prices, of course, depend on the style and quality of the individual dresses, but diradls do not come cheap. A plain summer dress can hardly be found for less than 200 Deutsche marks (\$90). As we move up the scale to silk brocade evening diradls with silver buttons, the numbers spin up to 2,000 or 3,000 DM.

Men, too, have come out of the forest and into the streets in their knee-length knickerbockers and tight-collared jackets. And loden has progressed from outerwear to outdoorsy wear, and branched from the traditional green into brown and gray colors. A woman now may be completely outfitted in loden — skirt (125 DM), slacks (150 DM), vest (80 DM) and

coat with embroidery stitching (595 DM).

The accessory for all of this is grandl, hunting jewelry. At its simplest, grandl is a deer's tooth set in gold and worn by either sex to dress up a diradi, a student-prince jacket or other suitably German-looking costume. Ideally, of course, the deer's tooth should be a trophy bagged by the wearer, or her mate. Grandl has surpassed itself, however, and become a branch of the jeweler's art, complete with mailorder catalogs and artisans who will design in-dividual pieces on commission for hunters who have brought home something of particular

pride.

Tight-fisted men who indulge their women in nothing else are caught up in the grandi craze. Our suburban housewife reports that one of her neighbors finally learned how to cash in on her husband's mania for hunting: After years of being made to scrimp and save on grocery money and shoes for the children,

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

she announced that she wanted some hunting jewelry; he forked over, and has continued to fork over without a whimper on every subse-quent request. Grandl has done wonders for

their marriage.

As with all serious collector passions, grandl ian is expensive. A man's tie clip comes for 400 uld DM. Keychains, earrings and ladies' rings may the ent

run into the thousands of marks. ent Another Christmas fad is dolls. Well, Christ- mg mas dolls are more of a tradition than a fad, awbut this year fad meets tradition in antique /. dolls. The real thing, of course, is a collector's rurarity, but doll kits or ready-made china dolls ang in the antique style are popular gifts, at prices Arranging from 39 DM to 279.

se dolls and others are available at Pup- expen Koenig, at Gangolfstrasse 8 in the down-rld town pedestrian zone (tel: 63.74.15), Bonn's ng best toy store. There is even a doll whose hair est allegedly grows and can be dyed and permed (85 DM).

The store also has the capital's most elaborate electric train setup (with a vilage of act quaint, half-timbered houses) and biggest in-ventory of doll houses and furnishings, includ-int ing a Pennsylvania Dutch-style grandfather's clock for a doll house at 3.95 DM. No, at that ad

price it doesn't keep time, but it is cute. Along with the usual electronic games at ("Hunt the U-Boat," for example), Puppen u-Koenig offers a full line of wooden toys for ciwhich Germany has been famous since the me- Pdieval handicraftsmen of Nuremberg. They are we made now with smooth, clean lines and range from a horse or duck (7.90 DM) to buildozers. tractors and a crane rigged to hoist blocks (67 33

For something more in the traditional style, th buy a colorful wooden nutcracker guardsma These come in various prices (15 to 85 DM), reflecting size, craftsmanship and perhaps the prestige of the regiment depicted.

But what shall we get for the legendary rs great-aunt who is so hard to please? How in about German Christmas decorations? Kunstgewerbe Vogt, at 10 Stockenstrasse (tel: t-63.27.55), near the university, has a line of win-re dow and table decorations and tree ornaments s,
— star-shaped wood shavings, wrapped packages, gingerbread cookies, angels, toy soldiers al
and the like — starting from 1.95 DM. And if the legendary great-aunt should happen to be a jogger, just remember that West Germany exports Adidas to the world. Kunstgewerbe Vogt has a key-fob, real-leather running shoe, (9.70 DM), authentic down to the angle of the trademark stripes.

Perhaps your great-aunt would prefer to make a donation to charity. Germans give to many causes, of course, but many families have adopted German families on the eastern side of the wall and send them clothing and food specialties. As life has improved in East Germany, this charity is less needed, and so many West Germans now are adopting Polish families. A Catholic charity organizing relief for Poland is Kolpingwerk-Deutscher Zentralverband, Kolpingplatz 5/11, 5000 Köln 1.

Our exclusively-designed leather pocket diary is thin, flat and elegant.

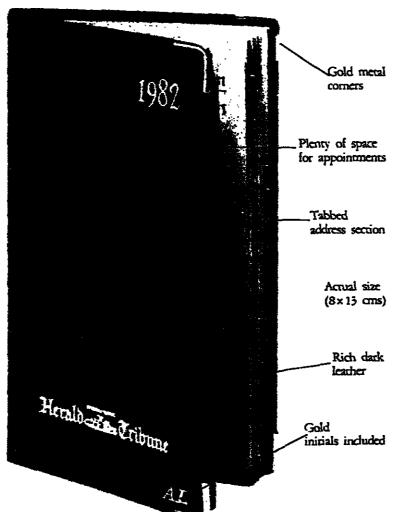
No sooner was it introduced than everybody wanted one! The International Herald Tribune diary started as a distinctive Christmas present for a few of our friends, was such a huge success that now we make it available to all

our readers.

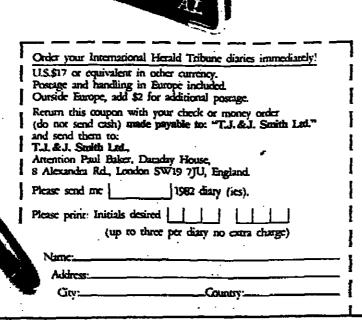
This ingeniously designed diary is flat as can be-next and luxurious-including a built-in note pad. Slips into your pocket without a bulge and is ready with instant "jutting" paper the second you need it. Personalized with your initials (up to 3) at no extra cost. The perfect Christmas gift for almost anyone... including yourself.

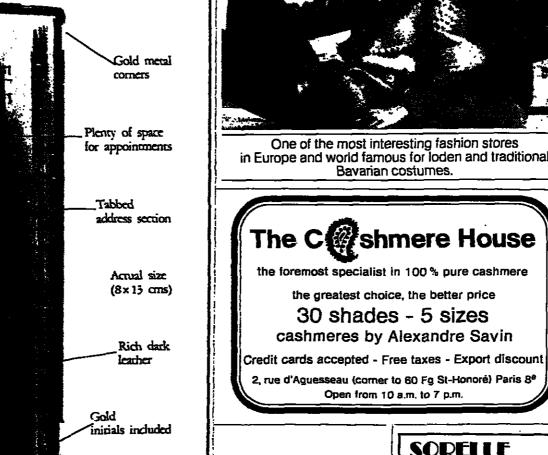
- Note paper sheets are fitted on the back of the diary-a simple pull removes top sheet. -- No curled up edges. No torn

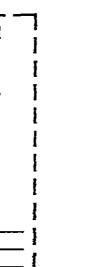
- Comes with note paper refills, - Format: 8x13 cms. PLUS: Pages of useful information. Conversion tables of weights, measures and distances, a list of national holidays by country, airport distances, vintage chart and other facts... all in this incredibly flat little

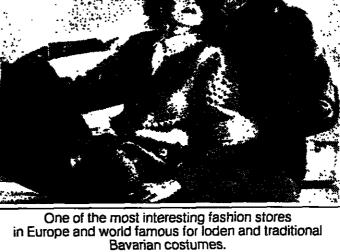




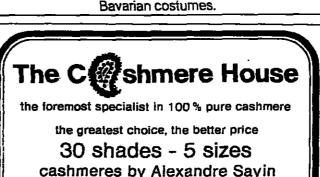








LODEN-FREY



SORELLE CHRISTMAS

THOUSANDS OF BOOKS

□ ENGLISH □ AMERICAN ☐ FRENCH

GIFTS

GALIGNANI 224 Rue de Rivoli 75001 Paris

Métro: Tuileries Buses: 68 or 72

Original & precious objects 12 rue de l'Échaudé, 75006 PARIS Tel.: 633.59.41

tedd et rosy

Children's shoes of outstanding quality 5, rue Sédillot, Paris 7th Tel.: 556 1438

MICHAELA FREY Jewelry Hand-enamels Antique Jewelry Rae Du Deagon, 75006 Paris.
 Tela: 544-12-20. 90 Fbg. St.-Honoré, 75008 Paris. Tel.: 265.86.31.

American Gift Store Open 10:30 a.m. - 7 p.m. Mon.-Sat. and on Sunday 13th and 20th December.

A vast store for easy shopping "definitely a must!" Santa C.

50 Rue de Passy, 75016 Paris. Tel.: 525.64.17



GENUINE HANDICRAFT FOR CHRISTMAS

Tel. (06221) 46044

of Craftsmen Guilds offer a wide choice of products by skilled craftsmen: Cercenics, jewelry, ten brass, copper and pewter.

Only for 15 days: from Decembe 19, except Sunday, from 12 to 7 Thursday evening until 10 p.m. A.P.C.M. - 12 Avenue Marcett Paris-8^e - Metro Alma-Marcett

All current American and British titles

in GENEVA-

GIFT CERTIFICATES

This year offer tickets for demonstration classes at the famous LE CORDON BLEU COOKING SCHOOL

75007 Paris - Tel.: 555-02-77.

24, rue du Champ-de-Mar-

CHRISTMAS GIFTS advertising feature

will appear on: DECEMBER 19

The NEXT

by Souren Melikian

ONDON - The market has never before been watched with quite as much anxiety by professionals in almost every field. The sense of danger that has been perceptible since July has made buyers considerably more hesitant for some time and this week's sales were awaited like opinion polls by political leaders before an

The first test came on Tuesday at Sotheby's auction of Western medieval manuscripts. It was positive - in its own limited area. The star piece was a French manuscript illuminated around 1370 or 1380 in the Parisian court atelier for the brother of King Charles V, the Duc de Berry, who was the greatest European bibliophile in the Middle Ages.

The volumes included a large-format miniature and 33 column-wide square miniatures. They had immense charm but no great beauty, like most miniatures of that period - except for those executed by such an outstanding figure as the Maître de Boucicault, whose masterpiece, a manuscript of Boccaccio's "famous men" with 50 miniatures, done around 1410, was sold in Paris last year for close to \$1 mil-

Sotheby's manuscript neither ranked among the great achievements of the late Middle Ages nor was it in particularly good condition: It lacked several folios and showed some waterstaining along the edges. Like the Paris manuscript, it had lost its period binding.

But Sotheby's manuscript, however, had one asset: It contained the text of "Les Grandes Chroniques de France," a memorial to the feats of the French royal family undertaken in the 12th century, continued under the reign of St. Louis and further amplified on the request of King Charles V, who made it his favorite reading

Copies of the work are very rare. But what made Sotheby's manuscript important is that it offers many variants differing substantially from the 10-volume critical edition produced by the French scholar Jules Viard between 1920 and 1953. Such variants are important for they cannot have been caused by negligence since the heraldic devices of the Duc de Berry prove that it was intended for him. This type of manuscript would necessarily have been executed in the Paris court atelier and is therefore datable and securely localized, an important consideration for illuminated manuscripts. In short, it is the superlatively luxurious archivist's dream. To sell such a volume is anything

A brilliant entry written like a scholarly article by Sotheby's expert Christopher de Hamel, himself a passionate medieval scholar, certainly helped. Its successful sale is nonetheless miraculous. The book just made it over the reserve price as it reached £223,000 paid by a French foundation called the Société des Manuscrits et Autographes Français.

The second test came on Wednesday at Sotheby's sale of Old Master paintings. This time, the outcome was slightly different. Several works failed to sell, accounting for 21 per-cent of the gross total. Another indication of a definite reticence on the buyer's part was provided by some low prices paid for a few good paintings. A typical case was that of a Dutch portrait of a woman done by Johannes Verspronck in 1654. The suggestion of a smile on the woman's lips shut tight, the light springing up mysteriously from behind her head, com-bined to create a subdued, cool atmosphere summing up the austerity of Northern Europe-an Protestantism. At £11,000 it was decidedly the day's bargain.

And, while Sotheby's expert Tim Llewellyn declared himself highly satisfied with the £101,000 — almost twice the estimate — paid by the Wildenstein New York branch for a painting of "The Penitent Magdalen" done by Guercino, one may wonder if it is not worth quite a bit more than even the price it rose to.

First, it is a masterly composition characterized by an extraordinary handling of space. Its feel for nature anticipates Romanticism, in attuning the dramatically lit landscape to the mood of the scene: The kneeling saint is gaz-ing at a cross under a stormy sky at sunset. Second, its condition was quite good, despite thick glassy layers of cheap varnish repeatedly applied at short intervals by the authorities of the Borough of Macclesfield, to which it was presented in 1903. Third, its provenance can be traced far back in time and is entirely noncommercial - the work has never been owned

or sold by dealers. Sooner or later the Guercino will resurface in some museum or institution — after proper cleaning. Having said that, it is sad to add that it would be hard to get a higher price for such a painting at auction. It takes the setting of a top art dealer to negotiate such works, which are not sufficiently obvious to create a stir with the public — as well as a determined curator as the interested party, who will put it across to his board of trustees that a large-size Guercino is very hard to come by.

However, Sotheby's moment of triumph came right at the end with a portrait painted by the Geneva-born Jean-Erienne Liotard in Paris around 1770. Liotard could equal the greatest masters in pencil or red chalk but, as a painter in oil, he was hardly a genius. He may

well have been aware of it himself, for only six paintings of his are on record. Sotheby's painting shows his son in a manner too obviously inspired by Chardin. On Wednesday this rarity helped it, judging from the dizzying £297,000 it fetched. This reflects the intense competition that involved, among others, Swiss buyers, who seem to regard him

as a "national" celebrity despite his supremely

French manner.

The third test came at Christie's on Thursday. An astonishing collection of more than 200 Iberian bronzes was being offered, consisting of small statues in a highly peculiar style, at times remotely reminiscent of archaic Greece or Etruria. All had been found in a cave in southeast Spain at the turn of the century. Nothing of the kind has been offered on the market in the last three decades or so, nor is anything like it likely to come up again.

The reaction was one of considerable interest in some of the more important pieces -as it should have been. A stunning figure of a man in the nude, closely related to the archaic Greek style of the late 6th century B.C., went up to £11,000. The figure of a warrior brought £6,600 and a horse brilliantly executed went up to £7,150.

Good prices but hardly surprising ones. Much the same applies to other archaeological pieces in Christie's sale. For example, a very fine Attic amphora found in an Etruscan tumb near Vulci in 1829, acquired by the Wiirtzburg Museum in 1872 and sold by the institution during World War I, was knocked down at £15,400. A satisfactory price, no more, which summed up the sale as a whole and probably the market generally. The market is not deflated, but it has cooled down since last year.

A further warning that things are not all plain sailing was given on Friday at Christie's Old Master sale in which 39 percent of the £2.5 million grand total remained unsold, despite some excellent scores. A painting by the 17th-century Roman artist Guido Canlassi, betterknown as Cagnacci, zoomed to a record £209,000. But the main picture, a family of peasants considered to be by the Le Nain brothers, remained unsold at £550,000. It was later the object of a private negotiation.

Pinocchio Turns 100 in Florence

by Susan Lumsden

LORENCE — It has struck more than one adult foreigner passing through Florence this season that Pinocchio. that childhood character unconcerned with nationalities and borders, is - but of course - Italian.

In fact, the wooden puppet whose adventures have enlivened bedtimes from Boston to Burma was created exactly 100 years ago by the Florentine writer Carlo Lorenzini, who took the pen name "Collodi" from the Tuscan village in which he spent much of his child-hood. The adventures have been translated into more than 80 languages and in Italy alone there have been 256 editions. All of which warrants a centennial party. Among the festivities are several exhibitions, the most important being "Pinocchio e la sua immagine" (Pinoc-chio and His Illustrators), at the Spedale degli Innocenti in Florence until the end of Decem-

ber.
The 23 illustrators, selected from more than 150 over the years, show not only the broad variety in artistic interpretations of Pinocchio, but the evolution of illustrative art since 1881. The contradictory nature of the poor puppet

who wanted to be a good son to his carpenter with waited to be a good time, too, was a boon to illustrators. So was Collodi's sparse description of places, people and animals. As a result, the Red Crayfish Inn, the talking cricket, the lame fox, the blind cat and the blue-haired fairy all lend themselves to different portraits. Best of all, there was Pinocchio's mysterious nose, which grew every time he told a lie:
The first illustrations of "Pinocchio"

appeared in the Giornale per i Bambini, a children's newspaper in Rome in which the tale was serialized. Collodi needed quick cash to pay off gambling debts and, some say, a way in which to vent his disgust with Italy, divided even after unification.

In any case, Collodi's previous political journalism was decidedly inferior to the masterpiece that began to unfold week by week. When Pinocchio was hanged by assassins in the 15th chapter and the book ended, he had to be brought back to life and print by popular

by Max Wykes-Joyce

outery. The adventures continued for another 21 chapters until Pinocchio became a real boy, a reward for having risked death to save his poor old father. The Christian theological interpretation seems clear, but even Marxists and Freudians have laid claims to the story.

When it was printed as a book in 1383, Collodi's old friend and colleague, the illustrator Enrico Mazzanti, gave Pinocchio an elegant, but heavy, adult 19th-century world where people lorded it over animals. Carlo Chiostri, his successor, took the opposite tack in his devotion to details of animals and atmosphere. With Chiostri, the world of Procechio begins to be properly suspended in the eternity of

The first luxury color edition of "Pinoc-chio," illustrated in 1911 by Attilio Mussino, shows the influence of such U.S. illustrators as Winsor McCay, the creator of Little Nemo. Indeed. Mussino was later responsible for bringing Little Nemo to Italy and having it published in another children's journal, Corriere dei Piccoli. Another American, R.F. Outcault, the creator of the Yellow Kid, also left a mark on Mussino: Action had become all-important. Reprinted in luxury, economy and paperback editions, Mussino's work is still the most successful of the century.

For sheer beauty, there are the illustrations of Luigi and Maria Augusta Cavalieri, published in 1924. Pinocchio is cast in a feminine "Art Nouveau" world of soft color and swirling design. Also captivating are the 1935 illustrations of Piero Bernardini, the only person to fix Pinocchio unmistakably in Tuscany with its undulating hills, cypresses and graceful farmhous

Walt Disney's 1940 film was a dire and undesirable change in the Pinocchio tradition, according to the exhibition's organizers, Valenti-no Balducci and Andrea Ranch. Gone is the lean and wily character of the Italians, and in its place is a chubby doll that seems more like a baby, or Mickey Mouse if the long nose were exchanged for large ears.

With the boom of television and films in the 1950s and 1960s, the quality of illustration de-clined as books ceased to be the main instrument for teaching children. At the same time,

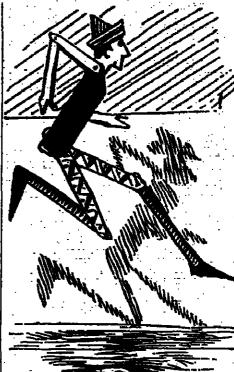


Illustration by Ugo Fleres.

Pinocchio's illustrators seem to have only an adult audience in mind. Sergio Rizzato's illus-trations are high realism, Alberto Longoni's have the acid style of Saul Steinberg and Jean-Pierre Sempe. Both are fascinating cerebral art, but art, not illustration, and for adults not children. But then, maybe one should ask a

After Florence, "Pinocchio and His Illustrators" will be shown in Tokyo at the Takashi-maya Store in April and May, 1982, in Paris at the Pompidou Center in July and August in Ma-drid in the fall and then in the United States in a city not yet chosen

Architecture's Future Continued from page TW

tects are concerned with a "human scale," others with regional style or stylistic reference to the past, others are keenly aware of the way unobtrusive architecture shapes the movements of those who live in it, others are concerned with the expressive value of forms, the salvaging and reconversion of old factories and water towers, the low-profile restoration of rundown urban districts, but also, occasion-ally, with spectacular, eclectic or kitschy extravaganzas, sometimes solemn, sometimes with a dash of corny humor.

The show at La Salpetrière includes contributions by about 60 architects or teams of architects from countries around the world and is clearly presented in a handsome catalog. Unfortunately the show itself is almost beyond the grasp of the visiting layman.

symbolic, that it should be presented in the shape of a somewhat shabby-looking maze of pretentious plywood facades that may have looked newer in Venice but that convey nothing in particular. As a result the visitor does not really feel he is looking at an exhibition and leaves with the impression that he has been sifting through archives — a mass of plans, drawings, photographse and sometimes

The exhibition at the Institut Français d'Architecture is limited to French architects and is, on the whole, easier to grasp, despite some cryptic panels that stand here and there like statements of principle.

obscure theoretical demonstrations.

Such obscurity can be objected to on the

Perhaps it is more than accidental, in fact | grounds that architecture concerns everyone, and that statements about architecture consequently should refer to things that are a matter of common experience.

It is quite normal that architects, among themselves, should have a stenographic language, but it is still rather symptomatic that they do not seem to be able to translate this into a common, everyday form that the layman can grasp.

Despite these obvious shortcomings, some of them inherent in the fact that buildings are better understood when we are in them than when we look at them in the shape of plans, drawings and photographs, both shows raise important issues and deserve to be visited by anyone concerned with the shape of the city to **Around Galleries in London** all the qualities characteristic of guardian lion contrasts strongly

ONDON - Sculpture in the L service of religion and then as an adjunct to good living for the scholar and connoisseur is exemplified in two current London ex-

Ancient Chinese Sculpture at Eskenazi, Foxglove House, 166 Piccadilly, W.1 to Dec. 24, brings together 17 pieces, of which all but 2 are images of the Buddha, the peneficent Knanyin or of Boddhisatvas, carved between the Northern Ch'i dynasty (A.D. 549-577) and the late Yuan dynasty

Undoubtedly the most important piece in the exhibition is a large limestone standing figure of the Buddha of which Edmund Capon, director of the Art Gallery of New South Wales with in his South Wales, writes in his catalog introduction: "It embodies

PARIS

WALLY FINDLAY GALLERIES

exhibition of recent paintings

SIMBARI

Special showing: Elisée MACLET 2, AV. MATIGNON 75008 PARIS - Tél. 225.70.74

WALLY FINDLAY GEORGE V

Hôtel George V, 31, avenue George V, Paris 8^e

recent paintings

Daily 10 a.m. - 9 p.m. - Sunday 7-9 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

Northern Qi (Ch'i) Buddhist sculp-

These he enumerates as simple monumental form, smooth surface with close draperies emphasizing the body beneath, serenity of profile, monumental but naturalistic facial features, and the added distinctive incident of tight, coiled curls, pronounced eyebrows and a firm line from forehead to nose-

Although as the centuries pass, the sculptures lose some of their simplicity, they lose nothing in the screnity of their postures and the authority of their gestures. This is particularly well seen in the late Sung-early Yuan (13th-14th century) wooden figure of Kuanyin seat-ed on a lion. Finely carved, the figure wears a jeweled crown and ornate necklace, though the draperies are still suggested by simple, incisive carving. The ferocity of the

ALWIN GALLERY

9-10 Grafton Street, Bond Street, W.1. 01-499 0314.

London's Leading

Sculpture Gallery

LEFEVRE GALLERY

30 Bruton Street WT - 01-493 1572/3

AN EXHIBITION

OF 19th & 20th CENTURY

PAINTINGS

WILDENSTEIN

HENRY MOORE

Recent Drawings Until 31 December

147 New Bond Street, W1.

Friday 10-5, Saturdays 10-1

with the calm of the seated Kuanyin, a contrast that must have been all the more marked when the piece was first made, since the differences were emphasized by decorations in yellow, cream, red, green, blue and gold, of which the carving still bears traces. Jade, an even more tractable

material than wood, has been treasured in China from earliest recorded times. Three thousand years ago it was carved to produce rank badges, to form tokens of possessions to be buried with the dead and to form the cicada — the symbol of immortality — that was placed in the month of the dead, to give the dead tongue speech. By the 18th century A.D., when

most of the pieces on display in An Exhibition of Fine Jade (Spink, 5, 6 & 7 King Street, St. James's S.W.1 to Dec. 22) were carved, jade was used chiefly to make ornaments, talismans, emblems of good health and prosperity for the connoisseur; and brush holders, water-droppers, table screens, bowls, boxes and brush washers for the table of the scholar-calli-

The 99 pieces in the show embody a great variety of forms and colors, from a very pale gray-green dish that has a dragon in pursuit of a flaming pear! in high relief inside the bowl, to a pair of fish and a flaming pear! made from a single piece of jade so veined that one fish is purple-gray, the second creamy-white flecked with brown,

Kuanyin seated on a lion. and the pearl a translucent smoky blue. This was presumably a Bud-dhist betrothal or marriage gift, since the flaming pearl is an em-blem of the Buddhist faith and the pair of fish a pre-Buddhist emblem

of conjugal felicity.

The Chinese jade carver had an astonishing command of his medium, making a decorative composition without doing the stylized violence to natural forms of, for example, Art Nouveau or Art Deco. A fine example of this is the 17th-century opening lotus leaf in celadon jade with a bud bound to the leaf-stalk by a ribbon. It is so true to nature that a plant hunter who had never seen a real lotus would at once recognize it, and yet it forms a splendidly decorative shal-

Even more magnificent are the carvings when the artist, not limit-ed by a real-life model, can allow his imagination free rein. In the present show, the 18th-century phoenix with a chrysanthemum in its beak is a case in point. The mythical and immortal bird, emblem of the empress, as the dragon was of the emperor, stands proudly upon a rock, scrolled tail-plu-

on a roof tile (now in the Eumor-fopoulos Collection in the Victoria 200 B.C.



Phoenix in celadon jade.

rage and mandarin crest crect.

It is a noble image in the tradi-tion of phoenix and flower sculptures that had then been in exis tence in China for more than 2,000 years. A cousin-germane of this jade phoenix is to be found carved and Albert Museum) dating from

HOLLAND

INTERNATIONAL

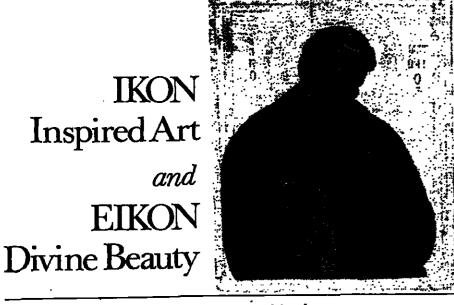
EXHIBITI

of the two famous collections of 5th-19th Century, BYZANTINE, GREEK and RUSSIAN

at the

DE WIJENBURGH CASTLE HOLLAND

December 1981/16 January 1982 Wednesday - Saturday 11 - 17



The two collections are at present touring museums and galleries all over the world and only briefly together "at home" in the Netherlands, at the Icon Center.

DEWITENBURGHCASTLE

HOLLAND 4054 ECHTELD

.GALERIE NIKOLENKO. 220, 8d. Saint-Germain - 75007 Paris Tel.: 548.20.62 RUSSIAN and GREEK

FÉLIX VERCEL

MICHEL

december 2-31

9, AVENUE MATIGNON

PARIS 8°

6 Dyke Street London SW1

Gallery hours: Mon-Fri 9.30 am-5.30 pm. Sat 11 am-1 pm Catalogue £5 including postage

ESKENAZI

Exhibition 11 – 24 December 1981

Foxglove House 166 Piccadilly London W1V 9DE

ROY MILES

Fully illustrated catalogue available

Oriental Art

Ancient Chinese sculpture

AUCTION SALES



Christie's

The Most Expensive Piece of Jewellery



Ruby and diamond brooch by Harry Winston. Sold for SF 2.65 million in Geneva on November 19, 1981

Our next sales in Geneva will be in May 1982 for which the closing date is January 31, 1982.

Christie's France SARL 17, Rue de Lille 75007 Paris Tel. (01) 261 1247

Christic's international S.A. 8, Place de la Taconnerie CH-1204 Geneva Tel. (022) 28 25 44

(100 km. from Amsterdam Airport, Motorway A15) 0031-03444-1804



2 PLACE DU PALAIS-ROYAL- 75001 PARIS- TÉL: (1) 297.27.00.

Actuellement, exposition:

ART DANS LA MARINE



INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE READERS 250 ARE UPON THE WORLD OF ARTS AND ANTIQUES

To reach Trib's readers with an advertisement in "Art Exhibitions" or "Auction Sales", please contact your nearest I.H.T. representative or:

Françoise CLÉMENT - International Herald Tribune 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neutlly Cedex, France. Tel.: 747.12.65. Telex: 613595.

BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS

Motorola to Acquire Four-Phase in Stock Trade

The Associated Press
SCHAUMBURG, 111. — Motorola has agreed to acquire Four-Phase Systems of Cupertino, Calif., in an exchange of stock valued at about \$253 million, the firms announced. Four-Phase will operate under its

\$253 million, the firms announced. Four-Phase will operate under its current management as a Motorola subsidiary.

Four-Phase manufactures and sells computer systems for data processing. For the nine months ended Sept. 30, it reported net income of \$5.3 million on revenue of \$168.1 million. Motorola, one of the largest U.S. electronics manufacturers, is a \$3.1-billion company.

Under the agreement announced late Thursday, each Four-Phase stockholder would receive Motorola common stock at a value of \$45 per Four-Phase base four-Phase bas

Four-Phase share. Four-Phase has 5.62 million common shares outstand ing. Four-Phase will grant Motorola an option to purchase up to about I million shares of its common stock for \$45 a share, Motorola said.

Ford Transforms Steel Division Into Subsidiary From Agency Dispatche

DETROIT - Ford Motor is transforming its steelmaking division into subsidiary called Rouge Steel. The division, which is the ninth-largest

U.S. steelmaker, lost money last year for the first time in 32 years.

The move marks the start of a Ford plan to encourage profitable divisions while cutting back or eliminating other divisions, a spokesman said Thursday. He said the subsidiary would be eligible for tax abatements and joint ventures, and could launch its own marketing program.

More than 70 percent of Ford's steel sales are to outside customers.

The change, effective Jan. 1, also could ease Ford's efforts to gain

contract concessions. The automaker has separate contracts with workers at other subsidiaries that generally call for lower wage and benefit levels than the United Auto Workers master contract.

Elf's Refining Loss Much Larger Than Forecast

PARIS — Sté. Nationale Elf-Aquitaine expects an operating loss of 3 billion francs (\$526.8 million) on refining activities in 1981, after a profit of 79.6 million francs last year, according to Elf chairman Albin Chalan-

Elf had planned for operating losses on refining of 700 million to 800 million francs, Mr. Chalandon told the magazine l'Usine Nouvelle. A company spokesman said the dollar's strength and state controls on

some product prices accounted for the larger loss.

Mr. Chalandon said Elf had abandoned the idea of buying Ashland
Oil, in keeping with a perspective of cutting refining activities. Sources
close to Ashland in New York told Reuters that Elf had been rumored to be interested in Ashland, but there were no reports of talks between the

Japan Traders Selling More U.S. Grain to China From Agency Dispatches

TOKYO — Marubeni Corp. and other Japanese trading houses are carrying large amounts of U.S. grain to China, officials said Friday. A spokesman for Marubeni, believed to be the largest handler in Japan of U.S. grain for China, said exports in the year ending next March may reach 1 million metric tons, at an estimated value of \$200 million.

In the first half of the year ended last September, Marubeni carried 450,000 tons of grain from the United States to China. China is expected to import about 15 million tons of grain this year — a 50-percent increase over 1979 — with about two-thirds of that from the United States. A report published here said Mitsui & Co. is believed to have handled U.S. grain exports of more than 500,000 tons this year, though a Mitsui spokesman declined to confirm the figure. C. Itoh & Co. reportedly dealt with about 100,000 tons. Trading sources said Mitsubishi Corp. plans to sell "several hundred thousand tons" of U.S. grain to China in the year.

The Hunter Becomes the Hunted

U.S. Steel, With Reserves Tied Up, Faces Mobil's Threat

By Lydia Chavez New York Times Service NEW YORK — When U.S. Steel Chairman David M. Roderick

spoke to a group of analysts last month, someone asked if he was worried about the possibity of waking up one day to find that his company was a takeover target. He answered that, if he had to

fight off a takeover, he would rather do it with the \$2.7 billion his company then had in reserve

than without any reserves.

Mr. Roderick might find himself in exactly that less favorable position - fighting off a Mobil bid for up to 25 percent of the steel com-pany's stock without reserve funds to do battle. The \$2.7 billion is earmarked to help pay the \$6.3 billion that U.S. Steel has bid for Marathon Oil, an offer that seems

likely to go through.
Finding its own \$6.5-billion bid
for Marathon stymied, Mobil filed notice Wednesday of its intention to purchase "between 15 and 25 percent" of U.S. Steel's stock, a tactic that the steelmaker labeled as "reckless" and evidence that Mobil "intended to coerce U.S. Steel into abandoning the acquisition of Marathon."

Independence Questioned

Without cash to fend off Mobil, analysts said, U.S. Steel might be able to defend itself on antitrust and public policy grounds. However, they added, neither defense would assure it independence.

U.S. Steel executives have not said how they would defend themselves against such a bid by Mobil.

A spokesman said, however, that the company would proceed with its tender offer for Marathon. Nearly 90 percent of Marathon's shares have been tendered to U.S.

Mobil is free to begin purchasing U.S. Steel shares, either on the open market or perhaps through a tender offer, 30 days after its noti-fication unless either the Justice pealed Department's antitrust division or the Federal Trade Commission has

I presume that Mobil would address the antitrust issues involved in its acquisition of U.S. Steel the same way as it has with

in economist with the Brookings Institution. He was referring to Mobil's move to solve the antitrust issues raised by its Marathon bid by offering to sell Marathon's marketing, transporation and refining assets in the Middle West to Amerada Hess.

Swap Possible

Mr. Crandall said that an acqueition of U.S. Steel minus Marathon's marketing assets would probably be viewed by the Justice Department as just another big conglomerate merger. Al-though Mobil has said that it might buy up to 25 percent of U.S. Steel's shares on the open market, investment bankers and other sources believe that Mobil will purchase as much U.S. Steel stock as it takes to obtain Marathon's domestic oil, particularly the com-pany's 49.6-percent interest in the Yates oilfield in Texas. Buying the biggest U.S. steel

company may turn out to be the cheapest way of acquiring new reserves, in the opinion of Mobil's leaders, since the fall in the price of oil companies' shares have made oil exploration more profitable on Wall Street than in the Baltimore Canyon off the East Coast.
"Don't tell me there's a cheaper

way of buying oil reserves," said Mobil president William P. Tavou-lareas. "There's no cheaper way." "Mobil is going after control of U.S. Steel in stages," said an in-vestment banker. One maneuver (Continued on Page 13, Col. 6)



William P. Tavoulareas ... Cheapest way to buy oil

Court Delays U.S. Steel's Bid for Marathon

CINCINNATI — A federal appeals court reinstated Friday a appears count reinstated reinally a temporary restraining order barr-ing U.S. Steel from purchasing Marathon Oil stock and agreed to hear Mobil's appeals of rulings against its efforts to gain control

of Marathon.
The 6th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals also extended the date by which Marathon stockholders could withdraw shares tendered ei-ther to Mobil or U.S. Steel to five days after it rules on Mobil's appeal of district court rulings. The

court scheduled hearings for next Thursday on Mobil's appeals.

Mobil obtained the temporary restraining order against U.S. Steel and Marathon on Nov. 24 from the U.S. District Court in Column the U.S. District Court in Columbus, Ohio. But the court lifted that order Monday, saying Marathon officials had acted reasonably in offering special options to U.S. Steel, the company's favored suitor in the multi-billion-dollar takeover battle. Mobil immediately ap-

U.S. Steel, which said it had been tendered more than enough shares to buy Marathon, could have begin purchasing those shares at midnight Monday. Friday's court order says Mobil

and disseminate tender offer materials in its pursuit of Marathon. But Mobil will not be allowed to buy or accept for payment tend-ered shares until five business days following the decision on the ap-

In Columbus, Mobil lawyer John Elam said, "If we hadn't got-ten this order, it would have all been over at midnight Monday. This doesn't mean we've won only that they [the appeals court judges] felt the matter is significant and should be heard."

Marathon said it was studying

Mobil is challenging details of the Marathon-U.S. Steel agreement, contending the two compa-nies had arranged a "sweetheart deal" to give U.S. Steel a big advantage over other bidders. One option granted would allow U.S. Steel to purchase Marathon's

the appeals court order. U.S. Steel officials refused to comment.

49.6-percent interest in the Yates oilfield in Texas. The second op-tion would allow U.S. Steel to buy up to 10 million new Marathon shares at \$90 each, or \$35 a share under U.S. Steel's tender offer.

the economy will pull out of reces

sion in the second or third quarter

of next year. The administration

previously had said recovery

would come in the first half of

Kenneth Prussia, BankAmerica Corp. chairman, said the recession

But the U.S. Commerce Depart-

The November sales, which to-

taled \$87.47 billion, were up 5.7

1.7 percent rise in auto sales -

cent decline in October.

percent rise.

were up 1.4 percent after a 7.3-per-

Nondurable goods' sales rose 0.5

percent, following October's 0.3-

On the trading floor, Marathon Oil, which had dropped 14%

points the previous two sessions,

was higher in active trading most

of the day.
Four-Phase Systems was sharply

higher after an opening block of 168,800 shares at 40 and Motorola,

which has agreed to acquire Four-

Phase, was sharply lower.

Prices Ease on Wall Street; U.S. Money Supply Swells

weekly money supply figures would show a significant increase. Frading was moderately active as takeover situations provided the only interest in the session.

lion to \$364.7 billion.

Analysts said the market was that trend would subside.

et deficits could put renewed up-

Senior administration aides reportedly have urged President Reagan to fight for a fiscal 1984 budget deficit of \$50 billion to counter forecasts of a \$164-billion

shortfall. Federal Reserve Vice Chairman Frederick Schultz said that despite

From Agency Dispatches
NEW YORK — Prices on the
New York Stock Exchange eased
Friday amid speculation that the a recent downturn, interest rates remain at historically high levels, and "reduced monetary expansion is essential if the light against inflation is to be successful. James Baker, the White House chief of staff, said in Washington that the administration believes

After the market closed, the Federal Reserve reported that the broader definition of the U.S. money supply, the M-1B, rose \$4 billion to \$439.9 billion in week ended Dec. 2 while the narrower definition, the M-1A, rose \$4.6 bil-

could become nearly as bad as that The Dow Jones industrial averof 1973-75. age showed slight losses all day and then accelerated its decline near the close to finish off 5.61 points to 886.42. Declines led adment said retail sales bounced back last month, increasing a sea-sonally adjusted 0.8 percent after October's revised 2.1-percent devances, 980 to 550, and volume slipped to 45 million shares from 47.02 million Thursday.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange were mixed in moderate percent from November, 1980. Sales of durable goods — led by

churning because of a combination of year-end tax-loss selling and some portfolio adjustment buying. They said they did not know when They had projected that the M1-

B would show a gain of \$1 billion to \$2 billion, which could lead to tighter credit controls by the Fed. Tighter credit controls combined with the heavy Treasury financing expected due to large federal budgward pressure on interest rates, the analysts said.

The investor uncertainty over the outlook for the economy and interest rates came as a budget deficit battle began to take shape in the White House,

OPEC Cuts Prices On Some Crudes

From Agency Dispatches
ABU DHABI, United Arab
Emirates — Faced with a continuing surplus on world petroleum markets, OPEC oil ministers agreed Friday on price cuts for ceragreed Finasy on price cuts for cer-tain crudes ranging from 20 cents to 70 cents a barrel from Jan. 1. Mana Saeed al-Oteiba, OPEC president and the United Arab Emirates oil minister, told a news conference at the end of OPEC's three-day meeting that the main changes were a reduction of 70 cents in Kuwait's export price, 60 cents for Saudi Arabian medium crude and 50 cents for Saudi heavy

The price of Saudi Arabia's light crude, the benchmark from which prices for other oils and are measured, was left unchanged at \$34 a barrel.

The cuts involved a new set of

price differentials above and below the benchmark price reflecting quality differences and proximity

Non-OPEC Impact

Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani said OPEC's pricing deal would result in prices being trimmed a few cents by OPEC and non-OPEC producers throughout the world. He told a news conference that, except for the benchmark price, "every single barrel will be affect-

"North Sea oil may have to come down a little bit," Sheikh Yamani said, adding he thought such non-OPEC exporters as Mex-ico and Egypt would also reexamine their prices.

But he said he expected a tighter

world oil market after April and thought the present round of price trimming would be OPEC's last. He said it would ensure that gas-

oline prices remain depressed. Prices for fuel oil should also remain depressed this winter and might even fall a little. Sheikh Yamani said, noting the price cuts

have a high fuel oil yield. However, analysis said the cuts would have only a minimal effect on the average OPEC price.
Mr. Oteiba said the price of Ira-

nian heavy crude was cut 70 cents a barrel to \$32.30, the same price as heavier crudes from Kuwait. He added that Algeria and Libya were to set prices between \$37 and \$38 a-barrel — a drop of 50 cents — while Nigeria, which produces a similar quality crude, was to remain at \$36.50. UAE crudes were cut 20 cents a barrel.

Unexpected Offer

Mr. Oteiba said oil ministers heard a report from the group's long-term strategy committee, which would continue work on a new pricing formula and report to the next ministerial meeting in Ec-

uador in May.

Earlier the official Emirates News Agency, quoting conference sources, said Iran, whose production has been curtailed by the war with Iraq, had unexpectedly of-fered to cut its price from \$33 to \$32 a barrel. Sources said the lranians said they wanted increase their market share to at least 2 million barrels a day from just under the current 1 million and would cut their prices as much as neces-

sary to achieve it.
The agency said that the conference wanted to help Algeria and Libya "surmount marketing prob-lems" by officially reducing their differentials from a maximum of \$3 to \$4 a barrel to \$3.50. The sources said the 50 cent reduction will help the two countries avoid having to outbid one another in world markets, where the glut in oil inventories is currently estimat-

ed at 2 million barrels a day.

The OPEC meeting had been scheduled to end Thursday but was extended because the ministers failed to agree on price differentials above the base crude oil price of \$34 a barrel

INDOSUEZ-MULTIBONDS

Fonds Commun de Placement 10, rue Aldringen, Luxembourg.

DISTRIBUTION DES REVENUS DE L'EXERCICE ANNUEL CLŌTURÉ LE 30 SEPTEMBRE 1981

tique d'investissement menée au cours de la période du 1º2 octobre 1980 La politique d'investissement mentre au cours ut la persona da la comme des parts "A" existant au 15 décembre 1981, date de mise en paiement aux guichets des accents charaés du Service Financier cités dans le prospectus d'émission.

Les porteurs de certificats "A" auront la faculté, jusqu'au 31 janvier 1982. d'utiliser le produit de l'escaissement du coupon précité à la souscription de nouvelles parts, sans devoir acquitter les frais d'émission prèvus dans le règlement respectif du Fonds. Dans ce cas, le réinvestissement se fera sur base de la valeur d'inventaire de la part, valable le jour de l'opération. Ces conditions seront également valables pour le montant en espèces qui sera versé en complément du produit de l'encaissement du coupon, pour parfaire à l'unité supérieure le nombre de parts à souscrire.

BANQUE DÉPOSITAIRE AGENT FINANCIER À LUXEMBOURG

INDOGREES -- LAXENDORIS

Luxembourg, 10, rue Aldringen.

International Executive Opportunities



ANNOUNCEMENT

THE Ministry of Finance & Petroleum announces the following vacancies:-

- 1. Petroleum Expert
- 2. Gas Industry Expert
- Legal Expert
- Administrative Expert
- 5. Investments Expert

Those who apply for these posts should have been holding leading posts in the same field of specialization.

Those who are selected will be treated according to the rules governing officials in the State of Qatar which includes furnished accommodation, free medical care and other privileges.

Applications should be addressed to the Ministry of Finance & Petroleum, P.O. Box 3322, Doha, Qatar in the shortest possible time enclosing all supporting documents and c.v.

Yugoslavia Cuts Size of Planned Eurocredit \$2.2 billion in principle next year. Mr. Marjanovic said Yugoslavia took between up \$1.8 billion to \$1.9 billion in financial credits this By Tom Heneghan Moscow Reportedly Seeks Bank Loan

BELGRADE — Yugoslavia's next Eurocredit will probably be between \$200 million to \$300 mil-LONDON - The Soviet Union is seeking to raise a \$500-million rather than the originally lion loan, one of its largest single borrowings from Western banks, planned \$400 million, National according to Western banking and diplomatic sources in London Bank adviser Ilija Marjanovic said and Eastern Europe. The loan would be used probably to finance industrial projects

although details and terms remained unclear. Some diplomats said the Soviet Union had been linking the proposed loan to Poland in

their discussions with bankers.

The amount of the loan roughly matches the interest payments Poland must still pay Western banks this year to continue borrowing funds. Although this similarity was probably coincidental, bankers said, the prospect of a loan could free Soviet hard currentifications and the Polantic Country of the country of the prospect of a loan could free Soviet hard currentifications.

million loan, Mr. Marjanovic, a former deputy governor of the bank, said in an interview. He said the loan, which would

probably not be completed until January, would be for seven years. But its terms, which banking sources in London said would have to be higher than the 14 percentage point over the London inter-bank offered rate the National Bank got last year and sought this time, were negotiable, Mr. Mar-

About \$100 million to \$125 mil-

lion has been secured in talks be-

tween lead manager Manufactur-

ers Hanover and the banks which

participated in last year's \$400-

janovic said. Aid for Reserves

Kseate Bogoev, the former bank governor, said in late October that Yugoslavia would rather accept a lower level of credit than a higher

interest rate on the loan. Mr. Marjanovic said the loan would be used to help keep the country's reserves equal to two cy for lending to the Poles this year. Since the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan two years

ago. Soviet foreign borrowing has been rare.

He said most of the 10 banks leading last year's loan consortium would probably participate this year. The National Bank is awaiting a response from Japanese banks following a visit to Tokyo this week by Finance Minister Pe-tar Kostic, Mr. Marjanovic said.

Japanese sources said the Tokyo banks were more wary about lending to Belgrade this year than last year, sharing the reluctance seen in West European and U.S. banks toward lending to East European

percent when figured against its trade only in convertible curren-cies. This should drop to 17 per-

cent overall by 1985, he said. He said Belgrade this year re-paid \$2.15 billion on principle and \$1.95 billion in interest for its

months of imports, or about the problems of Poland and Romania.

But Mr. Marianovic said com-But Mr. Marjanovic said comparisons between those two countries and Yugoslavia were unjusti-fied. "I do not think this is an overindebted country," he said, adding that the debt servicing ratio was 20 percent measured against Yugoslavia's total trade and 23

year, less than the \$2.2 billion cited as a target earlier this year, and had overall borrowings of about The national bank plans to borrow about \$3.5 billion next year to keep its reserves at the level of two months imports and to serve repayment of principal on earlier loans, he said.

Poland Gives Assurances

FRANKFURT (Reuters) - Poland reassured Western commercial banks this week that it will do its utmost to meet outstanding payments due this year, banking sources said Friday.

Repayment of the estimated \$450 million to \$500 million is a condition for the rescheduling of \$2.4 billion of Poland's commercial debt, representing 95 percent of the principal falling due in the last three quarters this year.

Assuming Poland can complete outstanding payments and there are no snags in documentation, the rescheduling agreement should be signed between Dec. 25 and Jan. 1, the sources added.

Receive 12 weeks of Value Line for 555

This trial subscription is open to you only if no member of your household has subscribed to Value Line in the past two years. We make this special offer because we've found that a high percentage of new subscribers who try Value Line stay with us on a long-term basis. The in-creased circulation enables us to keep our subscription fees to long-term subscribers lower than would otherwise be

Under the special trial offer you will receive the 2000-page Investors Reference Service (illustrated above) at no extra cost, You'll receive all the new full-page reports to be extra cvst. For it receive an time new full-page reports to be issued in the next 12 weeks on the more than 1700 Amer-ican stocks and 92 industries regularly monitored by The Value Line Investment Survey. Filing takes less than a minute a week. All this material is so organized in your

hinder that you can quickly turn to a continually updated report on almost any leading stock.

Thus you'll find it convenient to have The Investors Reference Service at your integritips whenever you need facts and figures, as well as Value Line's projected performance ratings on more than 1700 widely held stocks in 92 industries.

forecasts of the national economy and the stock market ...
guidance on current investment policy explaining Value
Line's bullish long-term position on the securities markets
... plus Value Line's specific stock selections.

Take advantage of this special introductory offer—and
receive, as bonuses without extra charge, the 2000-page Investors Reference Service and the "Evaluating Common
Stocks" booklet, which explains how even inexperienced
investors can apply thousands of hours of professional
research to their own portfolios by focusing on only two
unequivocal ratings, one for Timeliness (Performance
in next 12 months), the other for Safety.

In the Selection & Opinion section, which accom-panies your weekly reports, you'll also get analyses and forecasts of the national economy and the stock market...

in next 12 months), the other for Safety. THE VALUE LINE 711 THIRD AVENUE, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A. Department 913H02

Payment in total currencies (British £30, French fr 320, Swiss fr 120, DM 135) and requests for information should be directed to: Value Line, Atta. Alexandre and Edmard de Saint-Pholle, 2 Ave. de Villars, 75007 Parix. (Tel. 551.63.59).
Distributed by KLM Royal Dutch Airlines Publication Distribution Service Holland.

loans and would have to repay countries after the repayment Costa Rica, Banks Fail to Agree on Debts

NEW YORK - A two-day meeting between Costa Rica and a committee of its creditor banks made progress but produced no li-nal agreement on the treatment of the country's commercial bank debt, banking sources said Friday.

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb,

advisers to the Costa Rican gov-

ernment, said in a statement that

another meeting will be held next month. Sources said the meeting

as tentatively scheduled for Jan.

Sticking Point Costa Rica is in arrenrs on interest and principal payments on its roughly 51 billion of bank debt. It told the banks it wishes to resume interest payments but cannot do so at present, banking sources said.
The sources said the two sides

addressed but then put aside diswhether Costa Rica's outstanding foreign bonds and notes should be Costa Rica proposed the rescheduling of debt payments due over several years, but the banks said they preferred to deal in an unitial rescheduling with payments due over a shorter period, the sources said.

IMF Accord Sought

The Lehman Brothers statemen said, "the banks stated they are aware of the considerable difficulties confronting the government of Costa Rica and are willing to work with the government to find ap-propriate solutions to the crisis." It added, "the Costa Rican delegation agreed to continue its effort to pursue economic adjustment policies and also to make every

rent account deficit." Banking sources said Costa Rica told the banks it expects to obtain agreement on credit from the International Monetary Fund in the

next few weeks. The sources noted that Thursday Costa Rica devalued the official rate for its currency, the colon, to 20 per U.S. dollar from 8.6. Although the market rate of the colon is about 37 to the dollar, the sources said the change in the offi-cial rate would be an important step towards gaining an IMF agreement, an element all the par-

ticipants in the talks agreed was es-Banking sources said the meet-ing showed progress because banks had previously refused to discuss rescheduling terms while the issue

£ Storting: 1,1975 (rist) £

possible effort to obtain external of Costa Rica's bonds and notes financing to cover its ongoing cur- was unresolved.

Banks want Costa Rica to reschedule its bonds and floating rate notes as well its syndicated bank credits. Costa rica has been adamant that it will not reschedule securities held by individuals.

Costs Rica has three floatingrate notes totaling \$90 million outstanding as well as a 50 million Deutsche mark bond and a 20 million Swiss franc floating-rate note.

European Banking Co. said in
London Friday that Costa Rica
failed to pay some 54 million in
interest due Friday on the \$50-mil-

lion, five-year floating rate note for which the bank is lead mana-It was the fourth time in two months Costa Rica had failed to complete prompt interest pay-ments on such debt.

CURRENCY RATES

interbank exchange rates for Dec. 11, 1981, excluding bank service charges. 1 0.M. F.R. N.L. 6487. L.F. 1.F. D.K. 4451 109785* 42.195* 0.286 --- 4.292* 13418* 3173* 72.69 17.19 4.751 1.298* 13.485 --- 20.985 5.399 4.246 --- 20.781 12.89* 72.85 5.292* 12.295* 72.85* 72.85* 72.85* 72.85* 72.85* 72.85* 72.85*

				D,M.	Price.	Ref.	wier.	B.F. 3.F.	7JE,
	Ampterdops	2.07	4.63	109,745*	43.195*	0,286		Tass. DCIR.	3773 -
	Brusseti (a)	34,7175	72.67	17.19	4,751	3.206	15445	20,78E	5.397 i
	Frenkfert	2.2553	434	_	28.27 *	1.866 ×	4) UR.	5222 - 12206 -	3045-
	Leades (b)	LIZE	_	4.7395	16.8038	2,271,20	44518	2355 3463	13.834
	Miles	1,200,95	2,236,30	534.25	210.82	_	48L27 ;	1,225 45.22	14475
	New York		1,3755	0.4406	0.1735	0.0024 *	0.4015	(125) U.S.(22)	2.134
	Peris	5,7338	18,796	. 25134 -		4.7455 x	27.65	412° 311.65°	72.14
	Zerick	1,8415	3,4675	87.63 *	32,97*	0.1523	74.34	L2461 *	75.01 ·
	#CD	1.0775	0.5735	2.00	4.7943	1,303,10	2000 4	.8174 1.99 <u>02</u>	7,942
				D	oller Va	ibes			1
•	S C	Derrency	Per U.5.5	Evely.	Correc	ET PET	S Equit	, Сагтемсу	7er 253
	1,1357 AV	eirajina \$	0.0004	0.0441	haroest st	Market 15.22	5 0.480	Shappers 5	2045
		ion schille	15215	0,0044	Jarones	ren 212.5	0 1,074	5. African med	2360
		int So, treat		1 3327		Beer 2383			
		modice 5	1.1674			opsk 2241			
		eish irress	7.3425	21731		On 177			3.554
		eliti mark	4374	เมาก	Phila				39,5257
		ik drachme		4,053	Part, ste				22,975
		of Kool s	5.677	0.2774	Sendi ri		9.2720		3473
	1,5725	Marin S		1,1423	الجية	L 446	¥.		

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES Chicago Futures 81.75 81.80 81.76 85.13 87.76 87.75 87.44 87.46 87.22 87.75 87.15 87.15 ‡25 ‡,15 International Monetary 19.72 19.90 20.50 20.50 20.50 20.75 New York Futures Dec. 11, 1981

Market Summary NYSE Most Actives

NYSE Index

American Most Actives

245,300 180,000 174,700 104,400 90,960 81,500 70,400 44,500 67,900

110aw Close 401 276 2.42 297 1.52 209

London Metals Market +4 ㅡ % +1% —17<u>4</u> — 1/2 82 848.00 849.00 844.00 857.30 888.50 855.00 8.79.00 8.79.00 8.300.00 8.300.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 8.345.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 428.00 8.345.00 488.00 2.345.00 428.00 2.345.00 428.00 2.345.00 2.375.

Dow Jones Averages **London Commodities** (Prices in sterling per metric ton) (Gazoli in U.S. dollars per metric fon)

Cash Prices

Dec. 11, 1981

Commodity Indexes

Dec. 11, 1981

Paris Commodities

Friday's New Highs and Lows

Dividends

Fujitsu Complains To FCC on a Bid Refused by AT&T

Resters

TOKYO — Fujitsu Ltd. said it was to explain to the U.S. Federal Communications Commission on Friday its objections to American Telephone & Telegraph's recent awarding of a contract to its Westem Electric subsidiary despite a lower bid by the Japanese firm.

Fujitsu, which makes computers and data communications equipment, has claimed it lost the \$75-million contract following complaints by U.S. Congressmen that it should go to a U.S. concern for economic and security reasons. AT&T, in rejecting the Fujitsu bid, said the action was taken "in the public interest."

Industry sources said Fujitsu would probably ask the FCC to withhold approval of the contract, which is for an optical-fiber communications project. A Fujitsu spokesman said the company would provide further details Monday.

The Fujitsu complaint was aired at meetings here earlier in the week between the deputy U.S. trade representative, David Macdonald, and Japanese officials.

Meanwhile, Foreign Ministry sources said Japan is considering filing a complaint with GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) over the U.S. import tariff of 25 percent on light cab chassis imposed August, 1980. Before that the chassis were clarified as parts, not imised produces and parts with the chassis were clarified.

Amsterdam Other Stock Markets Centrale 4.00 Credite Ital 4.00 Figure 1.5. Final decements 3.00 Final decements 1.00 Final d **Paris** Aup-Cbs Index : \$6.20 Provious : \$6.40 Hong Kong Brussels 1,402 998 H 102 1176 V 102 H 103 1276 V 103 1276 V 128 128 128 V 128 128 V 128 128 V 678-4985 4,045-1,7100 4,045-1,7100 4,045-1,7100 1,045-1,7 1.413.15 \$13¼ 0.48½ 0.83 0.82 4.61 2.04 3.38 2.17 **Toronto Stocks** Closing Prices, Dec. 10, 1981 M Asbestos
(I Afco I
0 Afco I
0 Afco I
0 Afco I
0 BP Con
6 Bongara Oil
0 Braisr Res
0 Bromdlea
0 Brende
0 BC Phone
0 BC Phone
0 Brunswk
5 Budd Can
6 CAE Montreal Stocks Closing Prices, Dec. 10, 1981

F.F. 528, S.Fr. 242, D.M. 264

If you now buy the International Herald Tribune at the newsstand every day, you're spending almost twice as much as you need to.

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

Take advantage of our special introductory offer for new subscribers. You'll save 25% off the regular subscription price, or 42% off the newsstand price in most countries!

On a 12-month subscription, that represents a saving of FF 528 if you live in France, SFr. 242 in Switzerland, F1.296 in the Netherlands, and similar

Total Sales 654,325 shares

Canadian Indexes

238.09 1,962.20

savings in other countries. Start getting more world news for less immediately. Complete the coupon below and return it to us with your check or money order today.

THESE ARE THE SPECIAL RATES AFTER DEDUCTION OF THE INTRODUCTORY DISCOUNT

	12 months	6 monung	3 100700105	l	12 montos	d months	3 000000	L	(2 months	6 100000	2 mount
Aden (air)S	330.00	165.00	92.00	Greece (air),	7,200.00	3,600.00	1,980,00	Pakistan (sir) \$	330.00	165.00	92.0
Afghanistan (sir)S	330.00	165.00	92.00	Hungary (sir) 5	230.00	115.00	63.00		230.00	115.00	63.0
Africa, ex-Fr. comm. (air)\$	230.00	115.00	63,00	Iran (air)	248.00	124,00			248.00	124.00	69.0
Africa, others (air)S	330.00	165.00	92.00	Iraq (air)	248.00	124.00	_ 69.00	Portugal (sir) Esc.	7,200.00	3,600.00	1,980.0
Algeria (air)5	230.00	115.00	63.00	Iceland (air)\$	230.00	115.00	63.00	Romania (sir)\$	230.00	115.00	63.0
AustriaSch.	2,700.00	1,350.00	736.00	Ireland	72.00	36.00	19.80	Saudi Arabia (air)\$	248.00	124.00	69.0
Belgium B.Fr	5,400.00	2,700.00	1,500.00	Israel (air)	248.00	124.00	69.00	South America (sir) 5	330.00	165.00	92.0
Bolgacia (air)	230.00	115.00	63.00	Italy Lire	144,000.00	72,000.00	39,600.00	Spain (zir) Ptas	12,800.00	6,300.00	3,520.0
Camada (zir)S	330.00	165.00	92.00	Karwait (air)\$	330.00	165.00	92.00	Sweden (air) S.Kr	. 810.00	405.00	225.0
Cyprus (air)S	230.00	115.00	63.00	Lebenon (zir)S	248.00	124.00	69.00	Switzerland S.Fr.	320.00	160.00	90.0
zechoslovakie (sir) S	230.00	115.00	63.00	Libya (air) S	248.00	124.00	69.00	Tunisia (air) S	230,00	115.00	63.0
Denmark (air)	990.00	495.00	270.00	Luxembourg L.Pr	5,400.00	2,700.00	1,500.00	Turkey (air) S	230.00	115.00	63.0
gypt (air)\$	248.00	124,00	69.00	Malagasy (six)	330.00	165.00	92.00	U.A.E. (air)	330.00	165.00	92.0
Chiopia (air)	330.00	165.00	92.00	Malta (zir) S	230.00	115.00	G.00	U.S.S.R. (nir) \$	230.00	115.00	63.0
inland (air)F.M.		405.00	225.00	Mexico (air) \$	330.00	165.00	92.00	U.S.A. (air)	230,00	115.00	63.0
rance P.P.	720.00	360.00	198.00	Morocco (air)	230.00	115.00	63.00	Yugoslavia (air)	230.00	115.00	63.0
јемиу		180.00		NetherlandsFL	406.00	203.00		Zaire (air)	330.00	165.00	92.0
irest Britain	54.00	27.00		Norway (air), N.K.		405.00		Other Ear. Countr. (air) \$	230.00	115.00	63.0

Great Britain	54.00 27.00	15.00 Norway (air)	r. \$10.00 405.00 225.00 Other Est. Counts	r. (ahr)\$ 230.00 115.00 63.0
		سه کی سه مید به عود د	:	. Name and the same and the same
I want to receive the	IHT at my	□ home □ office	Job title/profession	12-12-81
address below for:	_		Company activity	•
☐ 12 months	☐ 6 months	☐ 3 months	Nationality	
□ Mr □ Ms			IMPORTANT: Payment must	he and sold with order to: THT
Address			181 avenue Charles-de-Gaulle,	, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France.
City	Countr	<u> </u>	Pro-forma invoices are available	e on request.
THIS OFFER VALID F	OR FIRST-TIME	SUBSCRIBERS ONLY.	Rates valid through December 1	31, 1981.
		INTERNA	TIONAL.	
	MY	Y	7	1:V
	4110		Maria (1) 144 111111	

Incisive. In depth. International.

TO STATE OF THE ST

Charles on the Charle

Share and the state of the stat

9 2772--- % 1754-- % 5.0 1654-- % 5-0--- % 1550--- %

14 September 19 Se

.49 .72

180 pri 1 pri 247 pri 247 pri 248 1.48 2.25

.100 .140 .140 .10

17 RYIGHT

18 SEL

19 SEL

17 SEPE

17 SEPE

17 SEPE

17 SEPE

18 SERM

6 SEPE

18 SERM

6 SEPE

18 SEP

46 September 2015 Secola pol 215 Secola pol 215 Secola pol 216 Secola pol 217 Secola pol 218 Secola pol

24

The UAI
1th UDS
200 UNA
200 UN

All Volles

Volles

Volles

Volles

A Victor

Pla Victor

IN Verna

IN Verna

IN Verna

IN Verna

IN Victor

IN Victor

IN Victor

All Victor

All Victor

All Victor

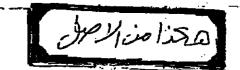
IN Victor

##

はなる。

S. SHANE

يونه



AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Dec. 11 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

100 - 100 -

.₹. 12. 14.

3.20 3.20

360 27

28 .14 .43 .40 .40

494

346 376 15

#E ###

74 7 35 14

114 B RT
4th Badger
5th Batter
4th Badger
5th Batter
4th Badger
5th Batter
11th Ballia
2th Barret
11th Ballia
2th Barret
11th Ballia
1th Barret
11 Beard
11 Beard
11 Beard
11 Berist
11 Buds
1

Fin Bitcheri
The Bitch Ird
The Bitch
The B

| 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200

The Property of the Control of the C

170

en is

3 521

36

中国""日本教育为三年

)4) w w W W W

460

4

110 o 220 o

. 24

% #14

20 62.20 U)

70

1

**

はおおけれて

14 14 2

The Court of the C

ដរ

#:

3

THE THE STATE OF T

ATEMPATE AND THE ACT OF THE ACT O

ATTO- MARINE MAR

は親ったなかれる のかの かなながら

12 1 13 1

Sign Close Proc. 5 THE P/C 1989 High Law Good Close 1974 Grant villa 1175 Grant villa 1175 Grant 25 2h 9 141a 152 4 34 403a 43 775 3 29 77 410 42 116 43 174 32 19 1.72 1.04 405 475 445 1% Morvey
1% Nosbre 2sr
7% Nowell 2sr
7% Nowell 3sr
7% Minch
3% Helmer
1% Nowell 1sr
1% Helmer
1% Nowell 1sr
1% Helmer
1% Nowell 1sr
1% No 30) 14 419 18 1.3_5 14 Hormi 36 8 Horniffo 22h Horlin 3 10 Houst/1 15h Hought 1.34 15h Hought 1.38 16h Hubb 51.88 16h Hubb 51.88 16h Hubb 51.88 16h Hubb 51.88 17h Hubb 9 .39 17h Hubb 9 .15 s1.05 51.06 30 .20 12 9 .15 1,2 20 20 2.55e 28 1.40b 22s 1.0e 91,40 7.40 102.10 04.0 0 140. 53 5.100 0.04e 400 5.40 7 KTelin .40
114 Kolstod
26 KnGs phase
124 Kngc phase
125 Klara
126 Klara
127 Kla 4 LSS 521
4 LOBORS 36
4 LOBORS 36
10 LOBORS 36
10 LOBORS 37
10 LOBORS 37
124 LORON 38
124 LORON 148
124 LORON 148
124 LORON 148
124 LORON 148
124 LORON 139
124 LORON 139
124 LORON 139
125 LORON 139 2300--- to 2300--- to 250--- to 250--- to 414--- to 120---- to 75 .17 .20e 9 .12 12 125 24 10 ," y 75 7 23 4 24 5 275-16 200-16 275-16 275-16 275-16 275-16 225-16 164-17 164-16 165-16 175-16 175-16 175-16 175-16 175-16 270 977.34 941.46 941.46 941.46 91.39 1.70 11700 by
117 1.70 24 Movies 7

24 Movies 20

25 Movies 20

26 Movies 20

26 Movies 20

26 Movies 20

27 Movies 20

27 Movies 20

28 Movies 20

29 Movies 20

20 STATE OF THE PARTY 21 11 30 11 24 11 2004 in 2 1144 i 1427 84 12 61 7 31 9 14 14 35 7 19 14 4 23 14 7 740 1625 2024 17 54 18 64 18 67 18 68 18 18 68 18 68 18 68 18 68 18 68 18 68 18 68 1 14₁₅ 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 3 2031 + 2 1704 to 630 - 16 1370 - 76 570 + 16 170 + 16 470 - 16 The property of the property o 40 411 13-15 2 13 7 17 4 THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O 12 CT TO THE WAR AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY 1-14 PAG wit 15
15 POLICATO 123
15 POLICATO 123
170 POLICATO 133
170 POLICATO 173
170 POLIC The desires of the second seco 1328 11 4 10 40 11 14 4 15 3 47 11 12 3 17 2 1,780 44 51 117 117 1135 117

Los Angeles Times Service
WASHINGTON — The House of Representatives has received its

Rep. Wirth's proposal would al-

sidiaries to offer unregulated services and products.

The bill would prohibit AT&T from engaging in any electronic information publishing services --such as those that would bring information into homes on video screens - except for limited telephone directory information.

The measure would update the common carrier portions of the 1934 Federal Communications Act. But it does not address broadcasting issues, and refers to cable television only in proposing to ban the larger telephone companies from offering cable TV in most

ning" the banker added. "U.S. Steel will be burdened with a lot of debt and a difficult steel business, Rep. Wirth, a Colorado Demo-crat, said the bill was based on the principle that market forces, rather While not suggesting that Mobil would make a bid for all of U.S. Steel's stock, analysts said that if Mobil were to purchase 100 percent of U.S. Steel it would cost anywhere from \$3.6 billion to \$4.5 billion doesed the state of the state o than regulation, should produce reliable, efficient, and diverse telecommunications services and facilities at reasonable rates.

Introduction of the bill - was the latest step in a complex

U.S. House Version of AT&T Bill Introduced

Challenge by Mobil Turns

The Predator into the Prey

own version of a bill to restructure portions of the U.S. telecommunications industry and open the way for American Telephone & Telegraph to compete in new fields.

Rep. Timothy Wirth, chairman of the House Commerce subcommittee on telecommunications. consumer protection and Imance. who introduced the bill Thursday. said the measure would promote competition with AT&T by other companies while protecting consumers from undue rate increases and reductions in telephone ser-

low AT&T to compete in new areas such as data processing, would prohibit the Federal Com-munications Commission from regulating data processing, and would give AT&T a choice of establishing one of two types of sub-

Updating 1934 Act titrust grounds, merely asks Mobil to dispose of Marathon assets that it already plans to sell to Amerada Hess, the banker said, then Mobil "This is the beginning of some-thing that could take half a year, but Mobil has a fair chance of win-

A summary accompanying the bill said the measure "explicitly directs the FCC to deregulate where markets are competitive. and to promote competition where they are not."

Telecommunications Act of 1981 rally the support in Congress, the steelworkers union and the public, observers said. series of evenus involving efforts by

Banks

18 13/14 17 3/16 17 3/16 17 3/16 17 3/16 18 3/16 18 3/16 18 3/16 18 4 18 4 18 4 18 11/14 13/16 18 11/16

17429434171792271151790154379154379154379154379154379154379154379154379154379154379154379154379154379

5-24 5-24 2-16 3-16 1-15 12-17

567227845545555572272757455545557272727567

Issoe-Mils con-Mat.
African Dr. 83, 740
African Dr. 83, 740
African Dr. 83, 740
African Dr. 83, 740
Allied Instal Sh. 43
Allied Instal Sh. 43
Allied Instal Sh. 43
And Instal Sh. 43
And Instal Sh. 43
And Instal Sh. 43
Bonco Serfin 7-8
Bonco Serfin 8-7
Bonco Serfin 8-7
Bonco Serfin 8-8
Bonco Serf

Bit Tokyo Meg That
Bit Tokyo Meg That
Bit Tokyo Meg That
Bit Tokyo Meg That
Bit Tokyo Meg Sar Will
Bit I Allyaria Bit-Bit
Bit I Allyaria

the government and Bell Telephone competitors to restructure AT&T. In October, the Senate approved its plan to update provisions of the 1934 Federal Communications Act. Court cases are also pending, including a Department of Justice antitrust suit to restruc-ture AT&T — which might be

dropped if the House approves
Rep. Wirth's bill — and challenges to an FCC plan to reshape the giant corporation.

Hearings on the bill are sched-uled for February, and Rep. Wirth told reporters he hoped it would pass the House and go to a confer-ence committee with the Senate bill by early summer. bill by early summer.

Rep. Wirth said his bill differs

from the Senate bill in a number of ways. For example, the Senate bill would establish a wholly owned

(Continued from Page 11)

might be for Mobil to exchange its U.S. Steel stock for Marathon as-sets acquired by U.S. Steel.

If the FTC, which objected to Mobil's offer for Marathon on an-

while the attacker is very strong.

billion depending on whether the company went for \$40 or \$50 a share. U.S. Steel closed Thursday

To defend itself against a Mobil bid, U.S. Steel might also try to

19 18 1/14 18 1/1 17 5/14 17 5/14 17 1/1 18 5/16 17 1/1 17 1/1

19 1/16 12 15/16 19 9/16 19 9/16 18 16 13 16 17 15/16 13 1/16 16 13/16 16 13/16 16 13/16 18 1/16 18 1/16 18 1/16 18 1/16 18 1/16

Non Banks

Compon Need
18: 12-18: 12-18: 12-18: 13-18:

at \$32.375.

Floating Rate Notes

Closing prices, Dec. 11, 1981

AT&T subsidiary. Rep. Wirth's proposal would require outside ownership for either of two types of separate subsidiaries:

 A limited subsidiary that would manufacture and market equipment and offer such services as data processing and informa-

tion publishing.

• A general subsidiary that would offer services similar to its parent once competition had de-

AT&T would also be required to buy more equipment from unaffili-

ated manufacturers. Rep. Wirth said his bill would give state public-utility commissions a greater role in overseeing the transition of the communica tions industry to less regulation. The bill would provide for a National Telecommunications Fund.

Even an investment banker in-volved in the battle for Marathon

had some misgivings about the re-cent developments. "It is a new

chapter in corporate history, and I tremble a little bit and keep asking myself where does all of this lead,"

Belgium Raises Rates

From Agency Dispatches

BRUSSELS - The Belgian National Bank announced Friday it had raised its discount rate by 2

percentage points to 15 percent ef-fective immediately. Foreign ex-change market sources said it was

an emergency move to protect the

Dealers said pressure against the franc eased following the rate rise.

The franc has come under heavy

pressure because of Belgium's po-litical crisis. Commenting on the rate rise, outgoing Premier Mark Eyskens told reporters, "Specula-tors will have to pay the price of their speculation."

Standard of Indiana

To End Unit in Italy

CHICAGO - Standard of Indi-

ana will end its operations in Italy because of 'highly unsatisfactory

results" since the unit there was es-

The affiliate, Amoco Italia, has 100,000-barrel-a-day refinery at

Cremona, pipelines, and a market-

ing network serving 1,100 outlets,

tablished in 1961.

Standard said Thursday.

To Bolster Currency

the banker said.

PEOPLE IN BUSINESS

to be administered by a board of state regulators and FCC commis-

sioners; this would subsidize local

phone companies to protect con-

sumers from sudden increases in

phone rates.

An AT&T spokesman said the company was "pleased that after a lengthy time a bill has finally been introduced in the House." He said the company disagreed with some aspects of the proposal, but wanted to review it before commenting further.

Roger L. Low, formerly vice president at Salomon Brothers, has been appointed managing director of Dean Witter Reynolds Over-

Morgan Guaranty Trust has appointed Robert B. Gray, vice president, to head the syndications department, succeeding vice president Mary R. Gibbons.

Chase Manhattan Bank has namedDennis C. Longwell, senior vice president, as general manager of its London branch, succeeding Frank R. Reilly. Mr. Reilly, a sen-ior vice president, returns to New York as executive of administrative services.

J.G. Maisonrouge, senior vice resident and chairman of IBM World Trade Corp., has been named a member of the corporate office and of the corporate management committee of IBM Corp., Kaspar V. Cassani, vice president of IBM, succeeds Mr. Maisonrouge as chairman and chief execu-tive officer of IBM World Trade Europe, Middle East and Africa and president of IBM Europe S.A.

European Gold Markets Dec. 11, 1981

AM. P.M. 409.50 409.75 407.50 409.50 415.63 474.99 408.50 Zorich Paris (12,5 kile) Control Con

Gold Options (prices to \$/02.)							
Prices	Feb.	May	Aug.				
22668	18.00-21.00 9.00-11.00 5.00- 7.00	20.00-23.00 11.00-14.00 7.00-10.00 4.50-6.50	18.00-21.00 13.00-16.00 8.00-11.00				
Geld 407,00-408.00							

Valeurs White Weld S.A. 1. Quai du Mont-Blanc 1211 Geneva 1. Switzerland

PROPERTY All This Exercises STOCK ADVICE For Next 2 Months Only \$5 (\$26.80 Value)

If you will fill in the coupon below and return it to us, we'll send you our easy-toread stock market Advisory Service and Advisor every week for the next 8 weeks.

This is a \$26,80 value based on our regular price, but off you send a \$5—which is
little more than the usual cost of a single issue. You serve \$21,80.

Included are our weekly Market Commentory, Stock Service Digest—Digest of
30 Advisory Services, Bay-Sell-Hold Advisor on 70 Stocks, Dow Theory "Bay" and

"Sell" signals on the general market, 8usiness Custook, Industry Surveys, Analysis
Choices and Tax Savings and Custing Techniques, Stock recommendations include. [1]

Stocks recommended by 30 other Advisors; [2] Growth stocks; and [3] "Investment
List."

15 Capital Gains Stocks and 30 Stock Split Candidates

You also receive our list of "15 Fovorite Capital Goins Stocks" including 5 low prized stocks. And our Bay-Sell-Hold advice is offered on 22 glamour issues such as Symex, Avan, Danny, Surroughs, ISM and Xerax. You also receive our list containing 30 stock split caucidates.
Fill as the coupon below and send it today with \$5 for an 8 week trial of Daw Theory Forecasts. Money-back georganize. Offer open to households with no trial subscription in the last 12 months. (Subscription cannot be assigned without your

-- \$26.80 Value Only \$5 DOW THEORY FORECASTS, INC., Dept. NYTI 12-12 (1346-264-17-25) P.O. Box 4550, Grand Central Station, New York, N.Y. 10163

ADDRESS STATE ZIP_) Check here for a copy of 1982 OUTLOOK. No extra charge,

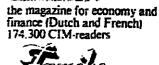
How to reach Belgium

the heart of Europe

knack tren

the Flemish newsweekly for intelligent people 366.100 C1M-readers

the magazine for sports and leasure (Dutch and French) circulation: 120.000 ex.



the formightly magazine for the whole family (Dutch) 1.041.100 CIM-readers

De Streekkrant

a group of 44 local papers which together form the biggest paper in the country 2.119.600 CIM-readers

All information and advertising rates with Roularta Media Louis Schmidtlaan 97, 1040 Brusse! (02) 736 11 75 - telex 25,425

CF Se-8

CFS Se-Selected Over-the-Counter

Esseer-Alia con-Alet.
Alia 10-80
C.F.De Electr. Sti-80
Enserted 7-86
Tenns Altrilines 7-86
Total 8-80
Total 8-80
Total 8-80
Total 8-80
Distacte Alia, 16-87
Permer 8-86
Permer 7-86
Permer 8-86
Permer 8-86
Permer 8-86
Permer 1-86
Permer 8-86
Permer 1-86

Closing Prices, Dec. 14, 1981

120 Cale 100 Cale

hEA YOUR LAPS— The folique no lest is a . Miletald harvard Setu-ral et Declary Assaul Pinkrin
Rover
Purite
Purite
Purite
Purite
Purite
Purite
Purite
Rover
Rov emile direction of the property of the propert Jostyn s.
Jostyn s.
Kozisti pi Kestyn Kozisti pi Kestyn Kozisti pi Kestyn s.
Londras Maristo s.
Maristo s. Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Crainfies
Control
Cont 821 L THE PROPERTY OF A THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY Acquiries
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Anglines
Berther
Ber

7 ### 1 Alle WTC

2004 Wester

2014 Wes The second secon 100 AP 134s Xali n 1 Yanbû 1m Zimmer h-Frairiand or eartifiés, r-Eadriand and muss in the -Salas in lui

éd-Calige ug-1971an destisated w-1974s island, uy-1874 herterik en-1875api upriheta kity-€edeli'ektion. verse is create and independent the provides \$7 bits in Controlly supply, but not stop about trading day.

Where a safe as supply distinct behave no it is that the first property happing and day day.

Below the first page of happing stop and day.

ASK FOR IT EVERY DAY. EVERYWHERE YOU GO.

Fig. 10

Fig

所はなるはのはないのでは、日本のないので、

一大学の大学の大学の大学の はっかい またれ

7

International Herald Trabune

Edited by EUGENE T. MALESKA

ACROSS 1 Whet 5 Gift for a

virtuoso 10 Turkish

cavalryman
15 Jazz singing
19 — Bator,
Mongolia
29 Coarse conton

cloth 21 Court dance 22 Young animal 23 Southern

musician 26 Tub plant 28 Cat's-pay 29 Earls, barons -et ai.

30 Bars at the bar 32 Memorize again 34 Horse blanket 35 Gallery at D.C. 36 Rochet's relative 37 Craze

48—jerk (weight-lifting term) 41 Stale 44 Mining-area examiner 46 "Diga Diga 47 Disney's inventivo

48 Penalty 49 Painter Mondrian 50 Helix 51 Saint Anthony's cross 52 Austin 56 Mod volcar

57 Lively
58 Stake of a sort

WEATHER

ATHEMS AUCKLAND

CHICAGO COPENHAGEN

COSTA DEL SOL

FRANKFURT GENEVA

HOUSTON

ISTANBUL

JERUSALEM

LAS PALMAS

LIMA

LISBON

LONDON

BANK JULIUS BAER & Co Ltd

DIT (NVESTMENT FRANKFURT

Hd) Concentro

Hd) ini'l Rententond

INTERNATIONAL INCOME FUND 28-34 Hill St. St. Heller, Jersey — (d) Short Term A' (Accum) — — (d) Short Term B' (Accum) — — (d) Short Term B' (Accum) — — (d) Short Term B' (Obstr) — — (d) Short Term B' (Obstr) —

\$1,0497 \$1,0497 \$1,0853 \$1,0853 \$1,0853 \$22,11

FIDELITY PO Box 670, Hamilton, Bermuda

(m) American Volues Common 5 14.49

(m) American Volues Common 5 14.49

(w) Fidelity Amer. Assets 5 39.00

(d) Fidelity Common 5 39.74

(d) Fidelity For Cost For 6 3 37.24

(w) Fidelity Int Fund 5 41.27

(w) Fidelity For Cost For 6 5 10.20

(w) Fidelity World Fd. 5 21.96

HELSINK

BEIRUT

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

ACROSS 61 Farmer, often 62 "Deutschlane 63 Rorschach

Items 64 Descendants 66 Nourish 67 Baldness 70 Cautious 71 Thankless wretch from Cheyenne

74 O'NeIII's monogram 75 Chevalier's strap 76 To's antithesis 77 Sponsorship 78 Shortly 79 Period Dettante

84 Metric Mancheste 85 Eavesdrops, modern style 87 Have—__for news 88 Unite 89 Woodenshoes 96 Well-worn

91 Like some doughnuts 95 Musical key 97 "Bean-96 Gas: Prefix 99 Pinna 100 Reno token 101 Sooner official 105 Polanski film 105 Follower of

167 "Ali——for Christmas... 106 Great Barries Island 100 Louthe 110 Kefauver 111 Largest asteroid 112 Rhabdos

> 1 Indulge 2 Oil prod 3 Twangy 4 Quartet in "I No, Nanette' 5 Collect liquid form 6 Nuclear

> > MANILA MEXICO CITY

MONTREAL MOSCOW MUNICH NAIROBI

NEW DELHI

NASSAU

PEKING PRAGUE

REYKJAVIK

SEOUL SHANGHAI SINGAPORE STOCKHOLM

SYDNEY TAIPEI

ADVERTISEMENT

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS December 11 1981

TELAVIV

TELAVIV
TOKYO
TUNIS
VENICE
VIENNA
WARSAW
WASHINGTON
ZURICH

proportions shown below are supplied by the Funds Estad we funds whose quotes are based on issue prices. The follow dicare frequency of equipment graphed for the IHT:(a)—d-meathly;(b)—d-monthy;(r)—regularly;(l)—regularly.

| Description |

UNION INVESTMENT Pronkfurt

FIFAMerica
First Ecole Fund
Forst Ecole Fund
Forstelle First
Formula Selection Fd
Ford Italia
Ford Italia
Global Fund Ltd.
Global Int'l Fund
Houseman Hides. N V

Artivate de la constante de la

Luckund
Associations Sel. Fund
Nicson Fund
Nicson Fund
Nor. Anner. Inv. Fund
Nor. Anner. Bonk Fd
NSP BIT (BSP: \$135.07)
PANCURRI Inc.
France Shipping S.A.

MILAN

7 Blue dye 8 Baksheesh 9 Grafted part 19 Native of Laconia 11 Zoo attractic 12 Rara-13 "——Dog": Terhune 14 Personal

DOWN

DOWN 15 New York island 16 Western teenager 17 Surmounting 18 Dactyl and

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Union Members By Judith C. Dalton

hallux 24 Where Legb 25 Asia Minor region of yore 31 Garment part 33 Engineer

14 57 Coudy
19 66 Foggy
-1 30 Foggy
2 36 Foggy
24 75 Roin
-16 3 Snow
17 63 Cloudy
14 57 Overcust
6 43 Fair
2 36 Foggy
11 32 Cloudy
4 39 Roin
-1 30 Overcust
-4 25 Foggy
-4 25 Foggy
-4 25 Foggy

34 Spirits, to 37 Unit

DOWN 39 Cacophorn Gave out sparingly Conductor

43 Bayou revolut revolutions
44 Good party guest 45 Church parts 48 Galas 50 Bill of fare

sight 78 Verdi opera 80 Doer: Suffix

DOWN

DOWN 82 Philippine idol 83 Like carved emblems

58 George or Marianne 60 Grooves 62 Bouquet 84 On the up and 63 D.C. Hou up 8**6** Slide by 64 Fastener 65 Colette novel 67 Debate 68 Borodin's 88 Sausages 90 Hector 31 Sight from Point Neuf 32 Lariat 33 Ingested 34 Great fear Prince 69 The best

71 Envelops 72 Sobo fello 73 Gaggle 95 Kin of cortis 96 Jets' and Mets home 97 Nimiety 98 Kanten 162 Ring events 163 Reverence 164 Tier

BOOKS

DAMBALLAH 205 pp. \$2.95.

HIDING PLACE 158 pp. \$2.95.

Both by John Edgar Wideman. Avon-Bard, 959 8th Avenue, New York 10019.

Reviewed by John Leonard

HERE are two new books — a col-lection of related short stories and a novel about a few of the characters we meet in those short stories by John Edgar Wideman. They are man the most massive of markets becanse he is a fine writer.
But his earlier books had hard-cov-

er publishers, back when being a black writer was fashionable. Can it really be that whole chunks of people, black or female or Jewish or Italian or Sapphic, go in and out of style according to a phase of the cultural moon?

The black exceptions — a brilliant Toni Morrison, a strong, angry Toni Cade Bambara, an Alice Walker and a Paule Marshall, an Ishmael Reed who writes wherever he wants to - are obvious. This, however, is a handful from a multitude. Are we going to spend the next 30 years, as we've spent the last 30 years, waiting for Ralph Ellison to be less invisible? Is each aggrieved sector of our society permitted a single stiff spokesman? Is there in the 1980s a new "aesthetic" of

bad faith? 'Black Boccaccio'

Wideman pertains because, like so many gifted moderns, he is ambi-valent. He grew up in black Pitts-burgh and got out via a Rhodes scholarship. He has been teaching ever since. He says out loud that he is "too self-conscious" to like watermelon; he would prefer James Joyce. And yet he has been drawn, in novels like "Hurry Home," back to the ghetto, as if to testify. He has become a black Boccaccio in search of "a history we could taste and chew." He is much more than an adjective. That his two new books will fall apart after a second reading is a scandal. Consider this medication in "Dam-

ballah" on history: "On a spoon you see the shape of a face in an egg. Or two eggs because you can change the shape from long oval to moons pinched together at the middle seam or any shape egg if you tilt and push the spoon closer or farther away. Nothing to think about. You go with the Mistress to the chest in the root cellar. She guides you with a candle and you make a pouch of soft cloth and carefully lay in each spoon and careful it don't jangle as up and out of the darkness following her rustling dresses and petticoats up the earthen steps each one topped by a plank which squirms as you mount it. You are following the taper she holds and the strange smell she trails and leaves in rooms. Then shut up in a room all day with nothing to think about. With rags and pieces of silver. Slowly you rub away the tarnished spots; it is finding something which surprises you though you knew all the time it you though you knew all the time it was there. Spoons lying on the strip of indigo: perfect, gleaming fish you have coaxed from the black water."

Perhaps the black water is soft-cover, rather than hard-core history. A boy in "Damballah" back in plantation times sees a man fishing. Both are black: "In his village across the sea were men who hunted and fished with their voices. Men could talk the fish up from their shadowy dwellings and into the woven baskets slung over the fishermen's shoulders. Orion knew the fish in this cold river had forgotten him, that they were darting in and out of his legs. If the whites had not stolen him, he would have learned the fish-

ing magic. The proper words, the proper tones to please the fish. But here in this blood-soaked land everything was different. Though he felt their slick bodies and saw the sudden original paperbacks, and Avon is to dimples in the water where they were never speak the language of these fish. No more than he would ever speak again the words of the white people who had decided to kill him."

Orion will die. Wideman is still looking for the language of the fish.
Orion's severed head will be cast upon black water. Wideman will follow its flow north to Homewood, a black ghetto founded by a runaway slave on the south side of Pittsburgh. The head the south side of Pittsburgh. The head will speak and sing — of dead children in garbage cans, of icemen, of caterpillars consumed like canapes, of a young girl pushed to paralysis down the steps of a stairwell, of chopped-off arms and the slaughterhouse and blindness and rape, of drugs and prison and Vietnam, of bridges and gardens, of wings and the church, of gospels and basketball, of lost gods and dead fathers.

Talk about your ambivalence, or your blues. The hero of "Damballah"
— the title refers to a voodoo god, "the good serpent of the sky," who specializes in a kind of speechless but benevolent fatherhood — is John French One stayer could on his footily. French. One sour apple on his family tree. Tommy, takes over in "Hiding Place." Tommy is running away from a murder conviction and from history. He is not one of those angels for whom "not hurting nothing is their nature"; maybe we need some hurting. He is taken in by Mama Bess. She is family, and what family does is to try to put together the "scars" and the "stories"; family, which forgives, is the opposite of history, which is

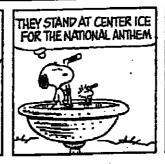
haunted and denies itself. Mama Bess warns us: Tommy "ain't scared no more and they better listen and they better make sure it don't happen so easy ever again." Tommy is also aware: "He will suffer for whather they have they be known Mauhe that's why he also aware: "He will suffer for what-ever he knows. Maybe that's why he forgets so much." Whereas Wideman, in his epic poem of black faces on severed heads, of gospel speech, of signifying, refuses to forget anything. Who knows what silent fish, what pinched moons, he met in England during his Phodes scholarship or during his Rhodes scholarship or while he taught at the universities of

John Leonard is on the staff of The New York Times.

Fair Decision Due in June The Associated Press

PARIS - The International Bureau of Expositions announced Thursday it will decide on June 24 whether Chicago or Paris will host the next official world's fair. Paris proposes to hold its fair in 1989 to celebrate the 200th anniversary of the French Revolution. Chicago wants to hold its in 1992 to mark the 500th anniversary of Columbus' discovery of North America.

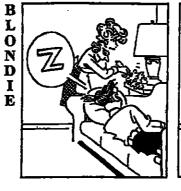
HERE ARE THE WORLD FAMOUS HOCKEY PLAYERS SKATING OUT FOR THE BIG GAME.



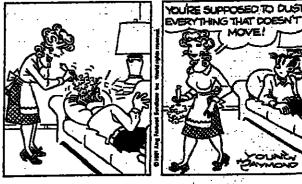










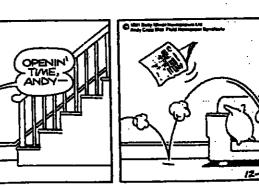




















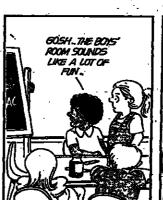








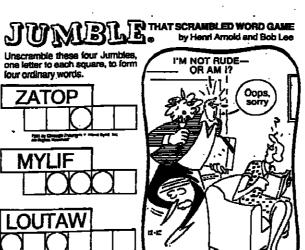






Hembers

Mundings



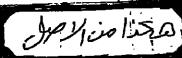
FEENID Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Answer here:

Jumbles: ELITE SWAMP BYGONE FEMALE Answer: Could be a low story—THE BASEMENT

Imprimé par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris



'HI, MOM! I'M JUST MOVIN' STUFF TO THE FRONT TO MAKE IT EASIER WHEN I COME DOWN FOR MY MIDNIGHT SWACK."



ROYHSCHILD ASSET MGTM (CI):
—(r) Q.C. Dir Commodity Trans

18 Clubs Fighting For 8 Places Left In NFL Playoffs

By William N. Wallace New York Times Service
NEW YORK — After 14 weeks
of play and with two weeks left in the regular season, 20 of the Na-tional Football League's 28 teams. a record number, are in contention for places in the playoffs. Only two. Dallas and San Francisco, have qualified for the 10 playoff

So 18 teams, including the Giants and the Jets, are contending for eight playoff spots. Since the NFL extended its regular season

NFL PREVIEW

from 14 games to 16 and added two wild-card teams in 1978, there have never been more than 17 contending playoff teams after 14 weeks. Last year there were 14; 15 in 1979 and 17 in 1978.

The larger number this season reflects the up-and-down perfor-mances of most teams and the close groupings in the standings of the six divisions. Different words are being used to define the reasons. "Parity" is one; "mediocrity" another. The league spokesmen prefer "competitive balance."

This weekend's schedule has six games matching possible playoff teams, the first coming Saturday with Minnesota at Detroit.

The eight teams eliminated from the playoffs are Baltimore, Cleve-land, Houston, New England and Seattle in the American Conference: Chicago, Los Angeles and New Orleans in the National Con-

Previews of all games follow (records in parentheses; betting lines from Harrah's Reno Sports Book). AMERICAN CONFERENCE

Jets (8-5-1) at Cleveland (5-9) -The loss to the Seahawks reminded the Jets once more that they can take nothing for granted. The Browns, division champions a year ago, were too smug beginning in September. They play on Saturday, Betting line: Jets by 2½.

Miami (9-4-1) at Kansas City (8-

6) - These two teams have what is needed in December, strong de-fenses. The Chiefs lost their last two games on the road and their normally robust rushing attack all but disappeared. The Dolphin quarterback, David Woodley, has been inconsistent lately. "He's still going through a learning stage," says the sympathetic coach, Don Shula. Betting line: Kansas City

Cincinnati (10-4) at Pittsburgh (8-6) — Both teams must make quarterback changes. Jack Thompson starts for the Bengals in place of Ken Anderson who has a sprained toe. Mark Malone, who did so well against Oakland after Terry Bradshaw broke a finger, bas the Steelers' confidence as they

make a last grasp at the playoffs. Betting line: Even. Buffalo (9-5) at New England (2-12) — Following a midseason slump, the Bills won their last three games, the first one from the Patriots, 20-17. Their last one is

NFL Leaders

Fouts, SD	533	313	4229	7.93 JI
O.While, Dol	328	189	2604	8.03 19
Montana, SF	452	284	3255	7.20 16
Brodshow, Pt	370	201	2892	7.82 22
Bartkwsk. Atl	474	269	3547	7.48 29
Todd, NYJ	436	249	2825	6.45 21
Zorn, Sea	397	236	2782	7.92 13
Kromer, Mnn	573	īps	3580	A,99 25
Leading	Poss F			
				Avg. TD
Clark. SF		79	1949	13.3 3
Brown, Min		79	<i>1</i> 21	8.6 2
Winslow, 5D		77	982	12.8 10
Andrews, All		73	483	9,4 2
Senser, Min		71	931	13.1 7
Lotton, GB		ðó	1215	18.4 7
Largent, Sea		68	1072	16.2 7
Lewis, Buf		45	1160	17.8 4
Ross, Cin		65	B36	129 5
Jenkins, Atl		64	7265	19.8 13
Lesi	iling Ru			
				Avg. TD
Dorsett, Dal		294	1506	5.3 4
G.Rogers NO		322	7457	44 70
Compbell, Hou		336	1307	40 9
Sims, Def		264	1251	47 12
Montgomery, Phi		256	1227	48 7
Anderson, St.L.		297	1799	A] 9
Payton, Chi		313	1132	3.6 4
Andrews, Atl		248	1129	4.5 B
Delonay, KC		229	1098	4.2 3
Myncle, SD		220	1033	47 19
	41 Par	_		
Lea	ding Pu	WII (CO. 0		
Lea		40,	Yarqs	AVE.
Metholiy, Cin			Yarqs 2949	46.1
		¢ο,		46.1 43.9
Metholly, Ch		60. 64 59 85	2949 2590 3734	46.1 43.9 43.9
Metnally, Cin Skipdany, Del		40. 44 59	29-19 25%0	46.1 419 43.9 43.3
Metnally, Cin Skipdany, De) Guy, Oak Jennings, NYG Camarillo, NE		60. 64 59 85 86 38	2549 2540 3734 3720 1646	46.1 43.9 43.9 43.3 43.3
Methally, Cfn Skindany, Det Guy, Oak Jennings, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt	1	60. 64 59 85 86 38 70	2949 2590 3734 3720 1644 3764	46.1 419 43.9 43.3
Metnally, Cin Skipdany, De) Guy, Oak Jennings, NYG Camarillo, NE	1	60. 64 59 85 86 38 70	2949 2590 3734 3720 1644 3764	46.1 43.9 43.9 43.3 43.3
Mchally, Cin Skindany, Del Guy, Ock Jennings, NYG Camorilla, NE Colquitt, Fitt Leoding	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 38 73 teturna 10.	2949 2590 3734 3720 1644 3764	46.1 439 439 433 433 433 433 433
Metnally, Chr Skipdany, Del Guy, Oak Jenninss, NYG Camarillo, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 38 73 20turns 40,	25-89 257-90 3734 3720 1644 3764 175 Yards 568	461 419 419 411 411 411 411 419 112
Metnally, Cin Skindany, Dei Guy, Ock Jennings, NYG Camaritia, NE Colquiti, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 38 73 teturna 10.	2949 2590 3734 3720 1646 3164 Yards	461 449 447 443 443 443 443 443 144 144 133
Metnally, Cin Sklodany, Del Guy, Ode Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 38 73 86 10 40 19 39	29-99 25-90 373-4 3720 16-46 376-4 375 Yeards 5-68 252 481	44.1 419 429 431 431 431 442 133 123
Metnally, Cin Skindany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninas, NYG Camarillo, NE Colquiti, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grath, NO	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 38 73 20 10, 40 19 39 27	29-99 25-90 373-4 3720 16-46 376-4 9275 Yeards 5-68 25/2 48/1 3-44	44.1 419 427 431 431 431 431 131 123 113
Metnally, Cin Skindany, Del Guy, Ock Jennings, NYG Camarlia, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graffi, NO Nolms, Wash	f Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 38 73 beturne 19 39 29 39	25-99 25-99 3734 3720 1644 3764 1978 Yerds 548 252 481 344 435	44.1 419 429 431 431 431 442 133 123
Metnally, Cin Skindany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninas, NYG Camarillo, NE Colquiti, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grath, NO	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 36 73 Seturns 40, 40 19 39 22 23 25 26 27 27 28 27 28 28 28 28 29 29 28 28 29 29 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	29-99 25-90 3734 3720 16-44 3164 3164 481 5-88 292 481 344 435	44.1 419 429 413 413 413 113 113 113 114
Metnally, Cin Skindany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninas, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Cal Grath, NO Neims, Wash	Punt R	60, 64 59 85 86 36 73 Leturna 10, 40 19 39 20 39 Reform	25-99 25-90 373-4 3720 1644 3164 1978 Yerds 252 481 343 435 Yerds	46.1 419 419 413 413 413 413 114 123 113 114 Avg.
Meinally, Cin Sklodany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Groth, NO Neims, Was Neims, Was	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 88 37 72 60 19 19 39 29 20 19 82 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	29-99 25-90 373-4 3730 16-46 316-4 1078 Yerris 481 435 Yerris 998	46.1 419 413 413 413 413 142 133 123 113 113 114 Avg.
Metnally, Cin Skindany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninas, NYG Camarillo, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grath, NO Neims, Wash Leading I	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 86 38 37 12 16 17 19 39 29 39 29 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	29-99 25-90 373-4 3720 16-44 375-4 92-5 5-88 25:2 48:1 3-44 43:5 7-6-75 7-6-75 9-78 9-6-0	461 419 413 413 413 413 112 113 113 113 114 Avg. 302 275
Metnally, Cin Sklodany, Del Guy, Ode Jenninss. NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grath. NO Nelms. Wash Leading I	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 88 88 73 80 10 19 39 20 39 80 10 10 13 15	29-99 25-90 373-4 3720 16-44 97-64 97-64 5-8 252 481 3-44 435 76-73 97-8 98-8 413	461 419 419 413 413 413 414 112 113 113 114 Avs. 302 275
Metnally, Cin Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninas, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graft, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Learence, SF Verser, Cin	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 86 38 70 10 19 39 23 25 82 10 31 24 25 24	29-99 25-90 3734 3720 1644 3764 1975 Yerris 481 343 481 343 Yerris Yerris 908 411 579	461 419 419 413 413 414 113 113 113 114 Avg. 775 775 780
Metnally, Cin Sklodany, Del Guy, Ode Jenninss. NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grath. NO Nelms. Wash Leading I	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 88 88 73 80 10 19 39 20 39 80 10 10 13 15	29-99 25-90 373-4 3720 16-44 97-64 97-64 5-8 252 481 3-44 435 96-73 97-8 98-8 413	461 419 419 413 413 413 414 112 113 113 114 Avs. 302 275
Metnally, Cin Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninas, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graft, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Learence, SF Verser, Cin	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 86 38 70 10 19 39 23 25 82 10 31 24 25 24	29-99 25-90 3734 3720 1644 3764 1975 Yerris 481 343 481 343 Yerris Yerris 908 411 579	461 419 419 413 413 414 113 113 113 114 Avg. 775 775 780
Metnally, Cin Skloslany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graffi, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou	Punt R P Clckoft R	60. 64 59 85 86 36 37 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	25-97 25-90 3734 3730 1646 3164 3164 5-98 481 344 481 344 998 660 413 599 719	461 419 429 433 433 442 133 113 113 113 114 Ave. 302 775 775 775 775
Metnally, Cin Skloslany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graffi, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou	Punt R P Clckoft R	60. 64 59 85 86 36 37 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	25-97 25-90 3734 3730 1646 3164 3164 5-98 481 344 481 344 998 660 413 599 719	461 419 429 433 433 442 133 113 113 113 114 Ave. 302 775 775 775 775
Metnally, Cin Skloslany, Del Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graffi, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou	Punt R P Clckoft R	60. 64 59 85 86 36 37 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	25-97 25-90 3734 3730 1646 3164 3164 5-98 481 344 481 344 998 660 413 599 719	461 419 429 433 433 442 133 113 113 113 114 Ave. 302 775 775 775 775
Methodity, Chr Sklodany, Del Guy, Ode' Jennings, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chl Grath, NO Neims, Wash Leading i Neims, Wash Leading i Neims, Wash Leading i Neims, Hou Lowrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou	Punt F	60. 44 59 85 84 84 77 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	25-69 25-70 37-30 16-46 37-30 16-46 37-31 5-88 25-2 48:1 3-44 48:1 3-44 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7 9-7	461 419 429 433 433 433 1142 1133 113 113 114 Ave. 302 775 775 775 775
Meinally, Cin Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Comorillo, NE Colquitt, Fift Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J-Fisher, Chi Groth, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou NBA	Punt R	60. 45.985 88. 377 mmile 40. 19. 39. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20	25°09 25°00 37'30 16'46 37'20 16'46 37'54 48'1 34'4 48'1 34'4 48'3 Yerds 9'08 6'40 41'3 5'7'79	461 419 429 433 433 433 1142 1133 113 113 114 Ave. 302 775 775 775 775
Meinally, Cin Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Comorillo, NE Colquitt, Fift Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J-Fisher, Chi Groth, NO Neims, Wash Leading I Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou NBA	Punt F	60. 45.985 88. 377 mmile 40. 19. 39. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20	29-07 25-09 37-09 16-44 37-19 17-19 17-19 17-19 18-19	41 419 419 419 419 419 119 119 114 Ave. 302 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75
Meinally, Cin Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Comorillo, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD JFisher, Chi Groth, NO Nelms, Was Rooches, Hou Lowernee, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou NBA SASTER After	Punt R	COLUMN SECTION	250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	441 419 419 419 419 419 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1124 225 225 225 226 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228
Methally, Cin Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvia, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Graft, NO Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Loading I Verser, Cin Tutils, Hou Philodelphia	Punt R	60. 44. 59 85 88 88 88 88 77 72 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	29-09 25-00	41 419 419 419 419 419 119 119 114 Ave. 302 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75
Methodity, Cin Skloslany, Del Guy, Ock Jennings, NYG Comarillo, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grafth, NO Nelms, Wash Leading I Nelms, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou NBA GASTER Alta Philodelphia Boston	Punt R	60. 64 99 85 84 87 70 Maria 19 39 22 32 Retorn 12 24 29 70 A Effect 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	25-00 25-00	441 419 429 431 431 431 1123 113 113 449 302 275 280 248
Methally, Chr Sklodany, De) Guy, Ock Jenninss, NYG Camarilla, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chl Grath, NO Neims, Wash Leading i Neims, Wash Rooches, Hou Lowrence, SF Verser, Cin Tutils, Hou NBA GASTER Philodelphia Boston New York	Punt R	60. 64 59 85 85 85 85 85 70 total for the first state of the first sta	25-00 25-00	41 419 410 411 411 411 411 411 411 411 411 411
Methodity, Cin Skloslany, Del Guy, Ock Jennings, NYG Comarillo, NE Colquitt, Pitt Leading Irvin, LA Brooks, SD J.Fisher, Chi Grafth, NO Nelms, Wash Leading I Nelms, Wash Rooches, Hou Lawrence, SF Verser, Cin Tuilis, Hou NBA GASTER Alta Philodelphia Boston	Punt R	60. 64. 65. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 7	25-00 25-00 37-00	441 419 429 431 431 431 1123 113 113 449 302 275 280 248

s Resum : 101 (OT) (Richardson 36, Hubbard 15, Jonnson

enjy 117. Pertiond 110 (Macv 29, Johnson 1932an 29, Thompson 27).

Miami next Saturday. The Patriots will be without Don Hasselbeck, who has been their top receiver. Betting line: Buffalo by 31/2. Seattle (5-9) at Denver (9-5) -The Broncos have a strong playoff position with a one-game lead in their division and the Bears as a final opponent. But they have lost another defensive back, Steve Foley, and are thin there. The Seahawks, who will start Dave Kries again at quarterback are a

Krieg again at quarterback, are a gambling team, and the Bronco coach, Dan Reeves, says, "We're scared." Betting line: Denver by 9½. NATIONAL CONFERENCE Giants (7-7) at St. Louis (7-7) — The Cardinals have won four consecutive games with a rookie quarterback, Neil Lomax, and scored 109 points. Four other rookies are starters. The most important Giant will be Rob Carpenter, who must sustain a running attack good for 100 yards-plus. Betting line: St.

Atlanta (7-7) at Los Angeles -This game, on Monday night, is important to the Falcons' struggle for a wild-card berth. With Pat Haden out following knee surgery the Rams will start Dan Pastorini at quarterback. Betting line: At-

Minnesota (7-7) at Detroit (7-7) - The Vikings can claim to be the league's most inconsistent squad. They lost their last three games to teams that had losing records at the time and Joe Senser, their valuable tight end, is burt. The Lions and Vikings can take the divisional title only by winning their last two games while Tampa Bay loses

both Betting line: Detroit by 4.

Philadelphia (9-5) at Dallas (113) — The Cowboys are always there when playoff time comes. Danny White will start at quarterback after missing one game. Another defeat and the Eagles' playoff chances will be halfway out the window. Their last game is at home against St. Louis. Betting

line: Dallas by 3½.

Green Bay (7-7) at New Orleans (4-10) — With Lynn Dickey back at quarterback the Packers have scored 66 points in winning their last two games. They are suddenly a formidable team in a weak division. The Saints' young quarter-back, Dave Wilson, will see some action in relief of Archi Manning. Betting line: Green Bay by 3.

INTERCONFERENCE

San Diego (8-6) at Tampa Bay (8-6) — The Chargers are still a strong force. They lost their last game to Buffalo, 28-27, on account of a fumble by Chuck Muncie who is questionable on account of a muscle pull. By winning one of their last two games the Buccaneers can capture the division

title. Betting line: San Diego by 3.

Houston (6-8) at San Francisco (11-3) — The Oilers will start Gifford Nielsen at quarterback. Ken pass in the NFL. Those three rookies in the 49er defensive backfield continue to play superbly, especially Ronnie Lott at cornerback. Betting line: San Francisco by 7.

Chicago (4-10) at Oakland (7-7)

— The Raiders, whose chances for a playoff berth still exist, have become comfortable with Marc Wilson as their quarterback. The lineup changes Tom Flores made in mid-October look better and better. Walter Payton, who has started 93 straight games for the Bears, is doubtful. Betting line: Oakland

Baltimore (1-13) at Washington (6-8) — The Redskins are finishing up a good season for their new coach, Ron Gibbs, who revamped the team. The Colts had hoped for such a season. Their choices for a quarterback are Bert Jones, who is battered, or Jay Venuto, a newly signed free agent. Betting line: Washington by 12.

NBA Jazz Dismiss Nissalke as Coach

L'nited Press Internatio SALT LAKE CITY - The Utab Jazz, beset by a poor record and dwindling attendance, have dismissed Tom Nissalke as coach and replaced him with Frank Layden, general manager of the National Basketball Association team.

Layden, who will retain his executive post, and Sam Battistone, the team owner, met with Nissalke for more than an bour on Thursday. Following the meeting. Battistone said he and Nissalke were "in agreement that now is the time for a change.

Battistone declined to say whether the team record and de-clining attendance influenced the decision to dismiss Nissalke. The team had an 8-12 record and had lost 10 of its last 13 games, includ-ing a overwhelming 113-77 loss to Indiana on Wednesday night.

Mavericks' Top Scorer Out With Broken Toe

United Press International DALLAS - Mark Aguirre, the Dallas Mavericks' leading scorer, will be sidelined four to six weeks with a broken toe, officials of the National Basketball Association team announced. He was injured while driving for a layup in Wednesday's 113-109 overtime

loss in Kansas City.

Augirre, the Mavericks' No. 1
draft choice last June out of DePaul University, had been averaging 23.5 points a game. He was the team leader in almost every offensive category and was recognized Thursday as being the leading vote-getter in early balloting for the Western Conference All-Star



Trevor Berbick has a laugh as Muhammad Ali looks at the scale during the weigh-in for Friday night's heavyweight fight in Nassau. Berbick weighed-in at 214 pounds and Ali at 236.

Rozelle Asks Lawmakers To Make NFL Single Entity

By Bart Barnes

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Commissioner Pete Rozelle of the National Football League has asked Congress to enact legislation recogniz-ing the NFL as a single business enterprise similar to Ford Motor Co. or a national chain store.

"A sports league is a common enterprise for economic purposes," Rozelle told the House Subcommittee on Monopolies and Commercial Law. "Since 95 percent of all our revenues are shared, we

Court Upholds USTA Ban on Novel Racket

ST. LOUIS — A U.S. appeals court has upheld a United States Tennis Association ban on the "spaghetti" tennis racket, which is of normal size but

The Associated Press

is double-strung, with 10 main strings and five cross strings. USTA tests have shown that the racket allows as much as 60 percent more topspin than does a normal racket, and that the spin is unpredictable. When the association banned the racket for tournament play, Gunter Harz Sports Inc., manufacturer of the racket, filed an antitrust

In upholding a lower court decision in favor of the USTA, the appeals court agreed with the argument that the tennis association was entitled to pass reasonable rules to protect the

Bowman Ends Role As Sabre Coach, Keeps GM Post

BUFFALO, N.Y. - Scotty Bowman, who has been coach and gen-eral manager of the Buffalo Sabres, has handed over the head coaching post to Jim Roberts, who until now was an associate coach with the National Hockey League

Observers had been surprised to find Roberts behind the Sabre bench in Buffalo's 7-1 victory Wednesday night over the Colorado Rockies. And Bowman said Thursday that Roberts will stay there. "I feel like a piano and a cement truck are off my back,"

Bowman said.

Roberts, who played under Bowman with the Montreal Canadiens in the 1970s, said: "I've been waiting two and a half years to get my chance. I hope to do well enough so Scotty doesn't feel he has to come back."

Bowman joined the Sabres in 1979 as general manager and director of hockey operations. During his tenure he has spent several games behind the Buffalo bench as coach, most recently appointing himself bench boss prior to the start of the current season after the Sabres faltered in last year's Staniey Cup playoffs.

Last week Bowman engineered a major trade with Detroit that sent veterans Danny Gare, Jim Schoenfeld. Bob Sauve and Derek Smith to the Red Wings for Dale McCourt, Mike Foligno, Brent Peterson and a future draft choice.

NHL Standings

WALES CONFERENCE							
Patrick	, Dh	risio	2				
W	, 1	. 7		Pis.	GF GA		
Philadeichia	27	70	2	25	109 105		
NY Islanders	15		4	34	113 97		
Phisburgh	IJ		4	36	193 163		
NY Ronzers	70		3	23	73 115		
Weshington				18	101 113		
Adgms							
Buffale	15		7	37	30a R4		
Besteri	16				111 65		
Quebec	15			34	141 134		
Montrett	12	7	8	32	129 81		
HorMord	7	12	6	22	72 107		
CAMPBELL				HCE			
Norris							
₩				Pis.	GF GA		
Minnesolo	12		ę	33	121 93		
Chicoso	11		6	30	127 115		
Winnipeg .	11	12		27	109 127		
5t. Louis	11	15		74	105 126		
Detroit	•	15		23	109 127		
Toronto	7	13	7	21	117 122		
Smythe				_			
Edmonton	18			42	175 114		
Voncouver	13		5	33	109 90		
Caleary		14	ô	24	111 134		
Los Angeles	10	16	1	21	111 124		
Colorade	4	19	5	13	47 142		
Thursday's Results							
St. Louis 2, Boston ? (Suffer (15), Potey (9),							
Federko (12): Bourque (5), Pederson (14)).							
FEGGLES (15); DOMINION	(5),	med	SI A		423.		
Detroit 4, Minnesoto (8), McKechnie (6), G. S	7 (D). Şız	a jitta	(4),	Bipisdeii		

On the playing field, the teams are clearly competitors. But in producing and marketing the NFL product, the clubs are co-producers and co-sellers, not competitors. They are partners acting together

in a common enterprise."

Rozelle delivered his testimony as the subcommittee reonened hearings on antitrust laws and policies as they affect professional sports.
"In my judgment," Rozelle said.

"the antitrust laws, as now applied to sports leagues, do more to frustrate the very consumer and public interests that they were designed to promote than to serve them. "Every league action, every league business judgment and eve-ry league decision can be charac-

terized as an 'antitrust issue' issue, so that every league activity can be second-guessed in antitrust, often on conflicting grounds, by outside parties, league members them-selves and courts."

In the last 15 years, Rozelle said, the NFL has been the target of 50 antitrust suits, and courts in various jurisdictions have held con-tradictorily that "the NFL clubs are no different from ordinary

Heisman Winner Accepts Trophy

NEW YORK - Marcus Allen, the tailback from the University of Southern California who this year became the first collegian to rush for more than 2,000 yards in a season, accepted the 1981 Heisman Trophy Thursday night, saying that he was "one of the luckiest guys in the world."

Allen accumulated 2,342 yards and set 12 National Collegiate Athletic Association records. He was officially presented with the Heisman Trophy, awarded each year to the outstanding U.S. college football player, by James Farrell Jr., president of the New York Downtown Athletic Club, which sponsors the award.

"I was a little scared to speak but now that I'm here, I'm happy," said Allen, a landslide winner over Georgia running back Herschel Walker. "I'm one of the luckiest guys in the world. God has been good to me."

Sims Voted Top Lineman

HOUSTON (UPI) - Kenneth Sims, the All-America defensive tackle from the University of Texas has won the Lombardi Award as the top U.S. college football lineman. He was named by 96 sportswriters and coaches over Arkansas defensive end Billy Ray Smith, Penn State offensive guard Sean Farrell and Notre Dame middle linebacker Bob Crable.

Transactions

American League
BOSTON RED SOX-Signed Jerry Remy, sec ond baseman, to a five-year contro KANSAS CITY ROYALS—7roo

National League CINCINNATI REDS—Traded altcher, to the Philadelphia Phili nomed, SAN FRANCISCO GIANTS—Outrighted Jesus Flactuce outfielder, to the Phoenix Glams of the

Pacific Coast Leogue.

BASKETBALL

BASKETBALL Notional Baskethall Association CHICAGO BULLS—Walved Roser Burkman

guard.

UTAH JAZZ—Fired Tom Nissaike, head cooth, and replaced him with Frank Lavden, general manager.

FOOTBALL #00TRALL
National Footpall Learne
SALTIMORE COLTS—Placed Kim Anderson,
correspock, on the injured reserve list. Signed
Shaw Kenry, detensive book.
STLOUIS CARDINALS—Placed Dook Fleid,
linebocker, and Ken Times, tackie, on the injured reserve list, Actived Kirby Criswell, detensive sed. Signed Dole Markhom, offensive
linearone.

namon.

WASHINGTON REDSKINS—Placed Neat Olsewicz, linebocker, on the injured reserve list,

HOCKEY

National Nockey League

PHILADELPHIA FLYERS—Recalled Ray

Allison, right wing, from Maine of the American

Lorden League Allison, Fight Wing, Item Moute of the Athen Icas Hockey Leogue, WASHINGTON CAPITALS—Terminated itse

Chandler Keeps WBA Title

United Press International
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J. — Jeff
Chandler of Philadelphia retained his World Boxing Association Bantamweight title Thursday night, stopping Eijiro Murata of Japan midway through the 13th round of a scheduled 15-round

Watch for Pirates Around the Ring in Nassau

By Dave Anderson

New York Times Service

NASSAU. Bahamas — Among the tourist attractions here is Blackbeard's Tower, a small stone fortress from which the legendary pirate of nearly three centuries ago peered out across His name was Edward Teach, described as a passive man with a thick black beard tied with

colored ribbons. Smoke often curled around his fierce face from smoldering ropes hanging from his tri-cornered har, thereby creating a demonic

Those he offered a drink of rum either accepted or risked being shot. Blackbeard and his pirates terrorized the islands here until 1718 when the first royal governor of what was then British colony, Woodes Rogers, established law and order. Oh, for Woodes Rogers now.

Judging by the intrigue and innuendo surrounding Muhammad Ali's comeback at age 39 against Trevor Berbick here Friday night, piracy may be flourishing again in these islands off the Florida coast. What the three-time heavyweight champion titled "The Drama in the Bahama" has turned into "The Trauma in the

Ali has even been upstaged by a mysterious promoter with mysterious financing.

The mysterious promoter is James Cornelius,

an American who is the president of Sports Internationale (Bahamas) Ltd., a firm orga-nized specifically to stage Friday's card. Cornelius and three unnamed men have already been accused by promoter Don King of having

Pete Rozelle

business competitors" and that

"the NFL is a unique type of busi-ness, not like ordinary businesses

and its clubs must not compete too

well with each other in a business

In asking that the NFL be treat-ed as a single business enterprise, Rozelle said that it was unneces-

sary for any new legislation to ap-

ply to labor-management issues.

lective bargaining agreements be-tween the league and the NFL

Players Association, and individu-

al contracts are negotiated be-

tween each player and the separate

ecutive director of the players as-sociation, said Rozelle's proposal

that the NFL be declared a single

business entity, "would essentially strip cities and the public of any

protection of the antitrust laws

from this monopoly."

"If they were to get legislation

declaring that they are a single

business entity they would argue

that everything they do is the act of a single business and could nev-

er be challenged," Garvey said, "If

Gots, be an escort. Call or write PCI 176, Fresh Meadows, NY 11365, USA

REGENCY - USA

WORLDWIDE MULTILINGUAL ESCORT SERVICE

NEW YORK CITY

Tel: 212-839-8027

8 212 753 1864.

TEL: 212-563-0322

LONDON

SCARLET

ESCORT AGENCY

TEL: 402 5346

CONDON ZARA Escart Agency. London, Heathrow & Gatwick areas. Tel 01 570 8038.

Contacted later, Ed Garvey, ex-

Those are currently covered by col-

beaten him and threatened him with death last Sunday in nearby Freeport where Berbick

trained Two days before going there, King had spoken of "the people in the Bahamas owing me money," perhaps as much as \$200,000, for him to waive his promotional option on Bertick.
Asked at Thursday's weigh in about King's accusation, Cornelius declined comment. But that's what the man in the black suit and black

Mission Accomplished

Slim and with a scruffy beard, Cornelius was talking Tuesday at Ali's workout at the Britan-nia Beach Hotel about how "We wanted Muhammad Ali to get back in the ring and that's what we accomplished." But when he was asked about his occupation, his eyes narrowed. "I don't have any businesses," he replied

quickly. "I'm a poor man."

"But if you're poor," he was asked, "how are you promoting this fight?"

"I'm through answering questions," he said.

"Don't ask me any questions. What he's promoting here is intrigue. He's identified in the Sports Internationale (Bahamas) Ltd. publicity handouts as an "entrepreneur" but that vague description has reminded boxing people that another recent boxing promoter, Harold Rossfields Smith, was varied thought in personal trial in Lorentz Smith is now a risk in Lorentz Smith is now as risk in Lorentz Smith in Lorentz Smith is now as risk in Lorentz Smith in Lorentz Smi gue about his past. Smith is now on trial in Los Angeles for having conspired to embezzle \$21 million from the Wells Fargo Bank there.

Just as Smith talked about big money that suddenly evaporated. Cornelius and others in-

volved in the Ali promotion here have talked big money that apparently is in question. Three weeks ago Lionel Schaen, the president of the cable television firm SelecTV, spoke of Ali collecting a flat fee of "close to \$4 million." But Ali's people insist that the most he can expect here is \$1 million. And when Berbick was asked

at Thursday's weigh-in about his financial arrangements, Cornelius interrupted.

"If you want to ask him some damn questions," the mysterious promoter snapped, "you ask him about the fight."

ask him about the fight."

Yes, the fight That's another area of intrigue. Herbert Muhammad disclosed that Cornelius has "the right of first refusal" for promoting Ali's next fight. But for Ali's next fight to materialize, he must get by Berbick. If he does, Ali talks of challenging Mike Weaver for the World Boxing Association title next year after he turns 40 next month.

Bediefe transferd extends of the 27 steady.

Berbick, rough and strong at age 27, should handle Ali easily. But if Ali somehow survives the 10 rounds with the Canadian heavyweight champion, who grew up in Jamaica, and if the old Ali shows even a few flashes of the young Ali, cynics would not be surprised if he were awarded a sentimental decision. The referee is expected to be Zack Clayton, who worked Ali's eighth-round knockout of George Foreman in

Even if Ali were to get a decision, he would have to show much more than he did 14 months ago in 10 dreary rounds with Larry Holmes to avert suspicion of an arrangement that would enable Cornelius to make some big money from promoting a lucrative Ali-Weaver title fight.

Trades Involve Foli, Paciorek and Hurdle As Baseball Winter Meetings Wind Down

The Associated Press
HOLLYWOOD, Fla. — Baseball's winter meetings wound down Friday with major trades involving Tim Foli of the Pittsburgh Pirates, Tom Paciorek of the Seattle Mariners and Clint Hurdle of the Kansas City Royals.

Foli, a shortstop, went to the California Angels for catcher Bri-an Harper: Paciorek, an outfielderfirst baseman, was dealt to the Chicago White Sox for three play-ers, and Hurdle, an outfielder, went to the Cincinnati Reds for pitcher Scott Brown. Foli, 31 years old, hit 247 with no home runs and 20 RBIs with

the Pirates in 1981. Hurdle, 24, batted .329 with four home runs and 15 RBIs in 28 games.

Lengthy Negotiations Paciorek, the outfielder and first-baseman who turned down a contract that would have paid him more than \$1 million, was dealt for catcher Jim Essian, shortstop Todd Cruz and minor-league outfielder Rod Allen.

Paciorek, 35 years old and the second leading batter in the American League last year at .326, turned down the Mariners' multiyear offer on Thursday, ending months of negotiations. Essian, 29, batted 308 in just 27 games as a back-up catcher for the White Sox. Cruz, 26, was hampered by injuries and did not appear last season.

The St. Louis Cardinals, meanwhile, made a deal with the San Diego Padres, with pitcher Steve Mura moving to St. Louis for outfielder Sixto Lezcano. But the in-triguing part of Thursday's trade was the mysterious "player to be named later" on each side. Those Templeton of St. Louis and Ozzie

days, one month, two months or estimated at \$2.8 million, with the three months " There appeared to be several reasons for the delay. It was

learned that the Padres want to ex-amine Templeton, who spent several weeks in a psychiatric hospital last summer after making an obscene gesture to the fans. Also, the contracts of both Tem-

pleton and Smith would have to be renegotiated. Templeton is enter-ing the third year of a six-year, \$4.4 million contract, while Smith earns about \$300,000 annually. If these technicalities cannot be worked out to the satisfaction of both clubs, lesser players could finalize the trade.

Lezcano, 28 years old, hit .266 in 72 games last season. Mura. 26, was 5-14 with a 4.27 earned run average at San Diego and is 17-27 in his three-year major league ca-

In another major action Thursday, the Boston Red Sox signed Jerry Renry to a five-year contract

McEnroe Captures Davis Cup Opener

CINCINNATI — John McEnroe soundly defeated Guillermo Vilas, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2. Friday to give the United States a 1-0 lead over Argentina in the Davis Cup final.

The day's second singles match

in this best-of-five format at Riverfront Coliseum, sent Roscoe Tanner against José Luís Clerc. A doubles match was to be played two teams are prove the idea.

McEnroe displaying the awe-some form that propelled him to titles at both Wimbledon and

foliand Escort Service, Phone: 852259.

GENEVA V.I.P. Escort Service Noon to michight. Tel: 41 20 36

EEC. - CAPITALS ervice. Germany 0/7851-5719

ENGLISH ESCORT SERVICE. London/Heathrow (01) 757 87 54. LONDON MARIE CLAIRE ESCORT Service, Tel; 01 235 1863.

LONDON DEBEL Escort Service. Tel: London 589 0451. LONDON BLANCA Escort Service. Tel: 01 352 3667.

BRUSSELS. CARRIE ESCORT Service. Tel: 3/3/25/52

ZURICH. VIF ESCORT SERVICE: Tel: 057/5 1876; 11:30cm - 1 pm & ot 6pm NEW YORK CITY, Mo & Gabrielle Escort Seprice. 212-888-1666.

COPENHAGEN ESCORT SERVICE

team having an option on a sixth year. The signing ended more than six months of negotiations during which the second baseman declared free agency.

"I'm very excited ... and pleased to be with the Red Sox for probably the rest of my career," Remy said. "It's a two way type of deal that's good for both myself and the ball club."

Furthermore, the San Francisco Giants acquired right-handed pitchers Rich Gale and Bill Laskey from the Kansas City Royals for outfielder Jerry Martin.

New Format Studied

Ron Guidry, meanwhile, appeared ready to sign with his old team, the New York Yankees. Af-ter a 2 hour, 55 minute negotiating session Thursday with the Yankee owner, George Steinbrenner, Guidry's attorney, John Schneider, said he was close to agreement on a contract. Guidry, a pitcher, had declared free-agency.

In other business at the annual winter baseball meetings, both leagues met separately and jointly. and the major result was an American League pronouncement of a desire to go with three divisions in 1983. This would mean an extra tier of playoffs.

The American league urged the National League to give the three-division setup serious considera-tion. But the National league needs a unanimous vote to approve such a change, and at least two teams are reported to disap-

The rules committee made a few changes, including mandatory wearing of double ear flap helmets

moving a team, they would was like a city trying to atta bil Oil for moving one of its stations out of Poughkee Pittsburgh. They would just was an internal decision."	ck Mo-Smith of the Padres s filling The Cardinal ge- psie to Whitey Herzog, w	only 96 mi meral manager, The Arge as noncommit- world's ax trade," he said. had five bn	nutes to dispatch Vilas. while ntine left-hander, the er, a th-ranking player, only on eak points, and three of pitch	a pitcher to blow on his hands the on the mound in cold weath- and figuring earned run average the basis of total innings thed instead of rounding off ings.
HOTELS RESTAURANTS NIGHT CLUBS	. 	ED ADVERT		CHRISTMAS GIFTS ANYTHING FOR A LAUGH! Fun presents for all your depressed friends from 99p 2991. Come to KNUTZ,
FRANCE PARIS - Picza Mirobeau* **NN, 10	·I	inued from Back	k Page)	9,30gm - 11,30gm, Mon. to Sct. 1 Rus- sell St, Covent Gorden, London.
Ave. E. Zola, 1-2-3 room flots, bath, kitchen, fridge. 577 72 00.	HOTELS RESTAURANTS	EDUCATION	EDUCATION]
GREAT BRITAIN GORE HOTEL LONDON, a great fo-	NIGHT CLUBS	SEA PINES ABROAD	FRENCH IN ONE MONTH, only with Coudret. Le Vesinet, Paris 952 06 03.	COLLECTORS
works with the electrometers from the		American Preparatory School in the Salzburg Alps. Co-ed, grades 9-12	PEN PALS	STAMPS US cover 1845 ACN periods Jopan 1871-1894 series.
10 minutes West End. All rooms with color TV, bertvroom, radio, telephone. Singles from £21.00. Doubles from £25.00. Tel: 584 66 01. Telex 696691 prefix Gore, 189 Queen's Gote, Longrey Cone, 189 Queen's Gote, 189 Queen	HOTEL LA PENECE et des Artistes. Pre- ferred for its unique atmosphere, lus- unious consfort, but moderate prices.	Co-ed, grades 9-12 Boarding, trovel. High casdemics. Catalog. Write: See Pines Abroad, 5324 Paistenau, Sakburg, Austria.	GRUS AND GUYS of continents want	PAINTINGS: 18th century German, mu- seum Munchen, Hamburg, Harring scene 130 x 90 cm.
don SW7. WEST INDIES	ing distance from St. Marco Square. Reservations, Tel: 41 32333 Venice Tit, 411150 Fenice. Manager Dante Apol-	SPANISH COURSES IN MALAGA SPAIN, oil grades, smoil graups, 4	pen pols. Details free Hermes Verlog, Box 110660/N., D-1000 Berlin 11, West Germany.	ARCHEOLOGY: Egyptics Ptolemoic mask, Etrasque mirror, Roman glass; bronze Louristan, Write C. 18-115399; PUBLICITAS CH-1211 Geneva 3.
THE HALF MOON CLUB	U.S.A.	hours doily, courses commencing each month, Living with Spanish families or in small apartments. Write: Centra de Estudios de Espanol, Ave. J.S. Elasno,	CHRISTMAS GIFTS	
Montego Bay's most exclusive complete resort. 5,500 feet of white private beach, championship Golf, 13 Tennis/4 Squash Courts lit, 19 swimming pools,	TUDOR HOTEL, 304 East 42nd St., New York City. In restionable, East Side Manhattan, ½ block from UN. Single	DIPLOMA/DEGREE in interior design.	Glassware, 19th c. to contemporary VERTIGE 20 no de l'Echauds Poris 6th. Tel: 325 36 62. Doily till 8 p.m.	BOOKS
Telephone: (809) 953-2211. Telep (291)	from \$48, doubles from \$60. Tales: 422951. Tel: 800-522-7558	Correspondence course. Details: Dept. HT, Rhodec International, SCM/Rhodec, London WCIN 30X UK. NTENSIVE SPOKEN FIRSNCH, small	}	BRITISM BOOKSHOP WIELCOMES you. Come either in person or send your roal order. We offer a wide se-
Montago Boy, Jamaico WT, Rapresented by: USA (800) 223 65 10. Conado (416) 862-1722. England (01) 730-7144/5. West Germany (0611) 751091.	FOR SALE & WANTED PRIVATE SALE GOLD JEWELRY. Tel: 336 17 90 Ports.	dossas, 4 weeks, 5 lessons/doy. Instinut de Seine, Poris 520 25 84. PRENCH. PRIVATE courses in my home by US graduate. Poris 705 00 03	SEND THEM A GIFT that they II open & open againt Whisty, cognat, were or champagne. DRINK INK. Tel. London (91) 834 9090. Open 7 days a week until 10 pm. Gifts to Britain, Europe, USA & Australia. Pay by phane.	fection of British/Arcericon books toleo children's). We also sell all British tou- ist publications, mad order service within Germany. Tet 280492, Boer- senstr. 17, D-6 Frankfurt.
ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES
CONTACTA INTERNATIONAL Escort Service in Europe;	INTERNATIONAL ESCAPET SERVICE	CACHET U.S.A.	ARISTOCATS Excert Service	*COME BUROPE Club Escort 8. Guide Service. Tel: 06/589 2604 - 589 1146 [10 cm 10 pm.]
GERMANY: 06103-86122 Frankfurt - Wiesbaden - Mainz - Cologne - Boan - Dosseldorf - Berlin - Munich - Hamburg,	ESCORT SERVICE	ESCORT SERVICE NEW YORK 212-242-0838 or 212-874-1310	London 437 4741/2 12 noon - midnight	VENNA - EXCLUSIVE Excert Service. Tal: 47-74-61. BRUSSES. LAUGE ESCORT SERVICE Tel: 02/267-45-29
SWITZERLAND: 0049-6103-86122	N.Y U.S.A. Travel anywhere with midlinguel excerts. Major Credit Cards Accepted. 212-765-7896 or 765-7754.	MIANI, FLORIDA, 305-944-5683 FT.LAUDERDALE, FLA. 305-962-5477 Other major cries available.	LONDON MAYFAIR ESCORT SERVICE	MADRID LIA ESCORT SERVICE. Tel. Madrid 458 6002. Accept credit cords
Zurich - Basel - Lucente - Berne - Lauranne - Geneva. 881GRUM: 0049-6103-86122	212-765-7896 or 765-7734. 330 W. 56th St., N.Y., N.Y. 10019 International Escarts needed.	<u> </u>	Tel. (01) 408 0283	MADRED RUTH ESCORT SERVICE TAL 242 27 92. DUESSELDORF-COLOGNE Doming
Brussels + major cities.		LONDON	LONDON TOWN	ZURICH-BASEL-GENEVA. Omego Escort Service, 0049-6103-82048,
Amsterdam-Hague-Rotterdom. PNGLAND: 01-628 7969	CAPRICE	Portman Escort Agency 67 Children Street, London W7	ESCORT AGENCY Tel: 752 7132	MUNICH - LONDON - STAR Escorts, Munich 311 7900 London 385 3490 HAMIS GEOCHT SERVICE. Tel:
LQ N D O N. OTHER EEC CAPITALS Tel: Germany 0-6101-86122	ESCORT SERVICE	TR: 486 3724 or 486 1158	AMSTERDAM	040/45 65 01. DUESSELDONF ESCORT SERVICE. Tel: 0211-492605. FRANKFURT - KAREN Escort Service.
	IN NEW YORK	LONDON	ESCORT GUIDR SERVICE Tel: 247731.	Tel: 0611-081662. FRANKFURT, SYBELL Escart Service. Tel: 0611-417-480.
A-AMERICAN ESCORT SERVICE ESCORTS NY &	TEL: 212-737 3291.	BELGRAVIA	LONDON CLASSICS	FRANKPURT - WIESBADEN - MAINZ SHIRLEY Escort Service 0611/282728.
YOU AREOR GO	L'ELEGANCE	Escort Service tel: 736 5877.	ESCORT AGENCY TEL: 794 5218 / 794 2901	LONDON KENSINGTON Excert Agen- cy. London 291 8818/231 11:58 LONDON ALANA ESCORT SERVICE
America-Transworld 212-591-2934	ESCORT SERVICE	LONDON PARK LANE	LONDON - CHEISEA GERL Scoot Servica, 51 Secuchamp Place, London SW3. Tel: 01 584 6513/2749, 4-12 pm.	Tel London 937 8527. LONDON EXECUTIVE CLASS Excert Service Tel 262 3108 LONDON LACQUELINE Excert Ser-
212-461-6091 212-961-1945	NEW YORK	ESCORT AGENCY Tel: 231 1158 or 231 88 19,	AMSTERDAM	LONDON JET SET ESCORT SERVICE. Tel: 01 408 0283.
414-701-1743	751 010 740 0000		Molland Facurt Service Phone 852250	ENGLISH ESCORT SERVICE.

ZURICH

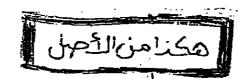
Vanessa Escort Service

Tel: 01/47 02 12 - 69 22 45

Zurich - Geneva

Monique Escert and Guide Service MALE AND FEMALE Tel: 01/361 90 00

FRANKFIRT ESCORT AGENCY TEL



The Clay of the Land

WASHINGTON — The large doses of economic news we are getting is only confusing most then took some clay from the bottom and put it on the top.

"In my original model I had in-

Fortunately I know someone who understands it. He is an economist named Alfred Daffy, and he endeared himself to the Reagan

people with his economic theory that you can solve any prob-lem if you throw Trojan enough

horses at it.
When I first met Daffy he had constructed an economic model for unbelievable prosperity, full

employment and a surplus in the

Treasury. It was a work of art, done in smooth clay without a line out of place. People from all over the country came to admire it; there was talk Alfred might wind up with a Nobel Prize.

Buchwald

I went to see Daffy at his studio the other day, and he had the model all torn apart.

"What are you doing?" I asked. "I have to rework it," he said.
"There are a few things I hadn't counted on." He took an enormous glob of clay and threw it at the side of the model "What's that?"

"The recession. On my original model I only allowed a little clay for a mild recession. Now we're in a real one and that puts my whole model out of kilter." He took another large glob and put it on the other side. "There that should bai-

"What does that glob repre-

"Unemployment. You can't have a large recession without large unemployment." He studied his model for a few moments, and

\$18-Million Art Gift

The Associated Press NEW YORK - The Metropolitan Museum of Art says it has received a gift of 60 Chinese art works estimated to be worth \$18 million. The works, which consist largely of Chinese painting and calligraphy done from the 11th to the 18th centuries, are from the 200-piece collection of John M. Crawford Jr. a 68-year-old bibliophile, collector and patron of the arts who is said to have the greatest concentration of such art in a private collection.

terest rates down here. I never fig-

"Not for long," I said,
"Not for long," he said, grabbing a glob of clay in both hands and dumping it on the top of the model. He took another glob and dumped that on top of the first

"What are you doing?" I cried.
Daffy said, "I'm adding a \$100million deficit that wasn't in the

original model."
"Why wasn't it there?"

"Because in my original model, everyone was going to get a tax cut which would spur the economy, and with more people working there would be more money going into the Treasury than the government was paying out, and we would have a surplus."

What went wrong?" Daffy kept throwing clay at his model indiscriminately. "The savings in government spending weren't there, the military budget jumped to over \$200 billion, and

they wouldn't let us give school kids ketchup for lunch."
"That model is starting to look a "I'm not through with it yet. Consumer spending is nil, our bal-ance of payments is way out of whack, and the Gross National

Product is down to zero." "Are you sure you have enough clay?" I asked him.

There were tears in his eyes. "I created a masterpiece. Everything in the model was supposed to work. They were going to put it up in Rockefeller Center in place of the Christmas tree."

I tried to console him "Alfred, you're being too hard on yourself. Economists aren't scientists they're dreamers. And they translate their dreams into beautiful works of art such as your original model. President Reagan may not know much about art, but he knows what he likes. And he wouldn't have bought the other model if he didn't like it."

"Yeh, but what is he going to think of this one?" "Well, to be honest, it may not be to his taste. But he paid for it, so he's going to have to live with

© 1981, Los Angeles Times Syndicate

Wreck That May Be Pinta Starts Explorers' Scramble

By Joanne Fishman New York Times Service

TEW YORK — On a shallow coral reef in a relatively little-known group in the Bahama chain called the Turks and Caicos Islands, lies a shipwreck that many believe could be that of the Pinta, one of the three ships that sailed with Columbus

But in the heated jockeying for the rights to the wreck among several groups of scientists and treasure hunters, the historical value of the wreck may be threatened because the site has become widely known.

The Pinta, which was once believed to have disappeared after the first voyage led by Columbus, may actually have foun-dered eight years later on Molasses Reef, part of the West Caicos Bank in the waters of the British crown colony, according to material unearthed in Spanish archives.

Olin Frick and John Gasque, the two treasure hunters who discovered the wreck in 1976, say the records show the Pinta was part of a four-boat fleet that left Spain for the New World in 1499. While the ships were anchored off the Caicos Islands in 1500, a hurricane struck, causing two to founder. The other two returned to Spain.

In March, 1980, Frick and Gasque returned to the reef and discovered what they believe to be the wreck of the Frailia, the second ship that sank. Until last summer only Frick knew the site and was working on verification. Since then, for reasons not made clear, he has lost his Turks and Caicos contract to excavate and others have learned of the site.

Salvage Attempts Feared

Now that a race is on to see who will wind up with what could be one of the most significant underwater archaeological finds so far, there is concern that the wreck may be tampered with or even destroyed before its archaeological significance can be firmly determined.

"Possibly the local people will attempt salvage, thinking anything they get off it will be worth millions of dollars, not knowing it has to be proven first. And everything you bring up has to be properly pre-served or it's not worth anything, said Dr. Nancy Desautels, an archaeologist from Santa Ana, Calif.

Dr. Desautels said she and Roger Miklos, her treasure hunting partner, and their 20-man team were chased out of Turks and Caicos waters last week after charges against them were filed by a representative of the Institute of Nautical Archaeology, a nonprofit group affiliated with Texas A&M University and an influential archae-

claimed by the institute. The team countered that they had permission to be there and intended to continue the fight.

Meanwhile, Frick and Gasque, whose firm Caribbean Ventures is located in Key West, Fla., said they and their backers intend to file a \$100-million suit against the institute for damages to their program to salvage the wreck. The two men have been negotiating for books, films and even computer games based on their expedition. They assert that the institute maligned their ability to handle the job professional-

Dr. George Bass, president of the institute, will not talk about specifics of the case because of the legal fight, but he ex-pressed his qualms about allowing professional treasure hunters the right to excavate valuable historical wrecks.

All Three Claim Contracts

All three groups contend they have valid contracts with the Turks and Caicos administration. In a recent telephone interview Stanford Missick, the minister of economic development, said Caribbean Ven-tures' contract had been terminated. He expressed some displeasure at the length of time the job had taken so far.

The salvage contract for the site believed to be the Pinta, he said, was to be given to the institute but was not yet drawn up. Bass said last week that he had reached an oral agreement with the authorities. However, it was unclear to him when a contract would be in hand so he could go ahead with the work.

Meanwhile, Dr. Desauteis and her group continue to voice anger over their inability to pursue the Pinta, contending they knew its whereabouts before the institute did and, in fact, provided the information that would eventually make it possible for Bass' group to locate the site.

'Seven Little Humps'

The object of this intense rivalry appears as a pile of ballast rock covered with coral on the ocean floor 30 feet below the surface. It was originally spotted by Gasque while he and Frick were searching the area for wrecks five years ago. Wood believed to be part of the hull has been seen in the seabed beneath the rock by a number of explorers. Frick and Gasque removed two cannons that first trip. Later they returned and removed two cannonballs, which turned out to be solid lead. This dated the wreck before 1550, after which iron and lead together were used in the manufacture of cannonballs.

Frick stumbled across another piece of ological organization.

Among other things, the institute from the 70-foot-high crow's nest of his charged the team had been on a site salvage ship. What he saw was "seven little

humps, the high points on the islands, in a crescent shape on the horizon."

Later he found a reference to such a crescent while reading an account of the

ATLANTIC OCEAN

CUBA .

voyage by Vincente Pinzon, who belonged to one of the wealthy ship-building families in Spain and had been the captain of Columbus' Nina in 1492. In a journal recording a later trip, Pinzon referred to anchoring his four-boat

fleet off an area known as the "Bajos de

Babulaca," or dangerous shallow waters, on the "seven islands of the Baneque north

KEY WEST

of Haiti." "Pinzon wrote he could see seven islands in a crescent shape from his mast, and that's when I said to John, 'We've got it,'

Before anchoring off the seven islands, Pinzon already had discovered the Ama-zon River and had taken red pearls from the waters off the island of Margarita. He had also captured the first oppossum seen by Europeans, according to Frick's Spanish references. Then Pinzon sailed to the Caribbean settlement of Isabella on Haiti to take on supplies before looking for the islands of the Baneque.

Concerning the authenticity of the Frailia, Gasque said the lead fittings from world this site matched the type of lead in artisaid.

SWITZERLAND

U.S.A.

GENERAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE

GENERAL POSITIONS WANTED

VERSATILE PERSON Multilinguol, 50°s, traveled most of the world, available for very dedicated on important assignments, Box 7398, Carlton House Terraca, London SWI.

YOUNG LADY, 25, ATTRACTIVE withing to remain in New York, looking for something unwased and different. No secretarial skills, Box 15320, Herold Tribune, 72521 Neutly Codex, France.

France.

PRENCH MALE, 32, bilingual, 5 years in UK, qualified teacher, driving 5-cence, would give french lessons 8 consider other proposals. Call Paris 355 90 52, mornings.

US WOMAN WRITER, Hollywood background, PR ochernising, TV, moves. Paris 976 87 41.

facts removed from the wreck believed to the Pinta. The ballast stone also is similar. It is irregular, not smooth in shape, and experts believe this type of stone came from southern Spain from where the early ships left the country, he said. "All I want to do is get in the water and

TURKS

CAICOS ISLANDS

salvage the ships. I can't believe this is happening," said Gasque of losing the con-Said Bass: "We're not sure what steps

we're going to take. I'm just a scholar and now I'm involved in hearing people say they're going to sue us for \$100 million." In the view of Dr. Desautels, the politi-

cal situation in the islands is "too explosive" for them to continue, "and that is related to the fact that we're talking about treasure seekers and gold and silver. It's greed. But if it was strictly up to the archaeologists there wouldn't be a program to benefit the islands either, because they don't have the funds to do this.' Dr. Desautels, who was the first archae-

ologist to view the site, said she is 90 percent certain the wreck is that of the Pinta. and she terms it "very well preserved."
"It sure would be fun to prove, one way

or the other. If nothing else, it probably is the oldest shipwreck in this part of the world. It's a very important wreck," she

PEOPLE:

Ex-Lover Must Leave Tennis Star's House

Marilya Barnett must move within 30 days from a beach house owned by her former lover, tennis star Bille Jean King, a judge ruled Friday in Los Angeles, Barnett failed to prove that King ever intended to give her the Mailbu house said Superior Court Judge Jalius Title, adding that he be-lieved Barnett had tried what almost amounted to "an attempt at most amounted to "an attempt ar extertion." Barnett said after the ruling, "I knew when I did this that to challenge Billie's credibility would be difficult." She denied that she had tried to blackmail King. The tennis star testified before Title earlier that she coose. offered Barnett \$125,000 "to get out of my life, to get out of my house and not be bothersome to me." King said she also tried to get back love letters she had sent to

In Washington, Henry Kissing

received the 5th annual Francis Boyer Award of the American En-terprise Institute. About 1,600 people turned up to bear Kissinger defiver the Francis Boyer Lecture on Public Policy, which carries with it a stipend of \$10,000, "I want to a stipend of \$10,000, "I want to express my gratitude quickly,"
Kissinger told his andienoe. "I have difficulty looking hamble for extended periods of time," "I think he's a man who has genius, charm and great wit, but now and then is capable of being a bit devious," said U.S. Ambassador to West Germany Arthur Burns, recipient of last year's Boyer Award, in the banter during the ovening. Long pause. "Maybe yen better leave out devious." National security adviser Richard V. Alles, on administrative leave from the same job Kissinger first had when he joined the Nixon administration. said. When I think of Henry, I think of a man of great brilliance and force of intellect. And I also think of a man who speaks Ger-man almost as well as I do."

Former White House Chief of

Staff Hamilton Jordan, 36, will marry Dorothy A. Henry, 25, of Allentown, Ga., Saturday, Henry is a nurse at Georgetown University Hospital in Washington, D.C. Jordan was divorced in 1978 after an eight-year marriage. He is working on a book about his life in politics and on a CBS-TV documentary dealing with the Iranian HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL

AMERICA CALLING CVH528H. Trovelers' messages, Write Box 6262, Olympia, WA 98502, USA. ANNOUNCEMENTS **SUBSCRIBE** to the INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE AND SAVE. As a new subscriber to the you can save up to 42% the newsstand price, depend on your country of residence

For details on this special introductory affer, IHT Subscriptions Department, 181, Avenue Charles-de-Gasile, 92200 Neully-sur-Saine, France. Or phone Paris 747-12-65 ext. 305

IN ASIA AND PACIFIC contact our local distributor on International Herald Tribune 1801 Tel Sang Commercial Building 24-34 Heansey Road HONG KONG Tel: HK 5-286726

SUBSCRIBE TO THE WALL STREET **JOURNAL** NATIONAL AIR EDITION

Send order with payment to J. Potulay: THE WALL STREET JOURNAL International Press Centre 76 Shoe Lone London E.C. 4, England

AT CHRISTMAS SAVE TIME

CUT DOWN ON YOUR POSTAGE Send Your Greetings Through An Ad under "Season's Greetings"

DIVORCE IN 24 HOURS Mutual or contested actions, low cost. Heim or Dominican Republic. For infor-mation, send \$3.75 for 24-page booking for / handling to: Dr. F. Gonzales, COA. 1835 K St.N.W., Washington D.C. 2000, U.S.A. Tel: 202-452 8331 or 703-820-0574, Worldwide service.

YOUR ANCESTRY
Ask the leading experts to trace
and compile your FAMILY HISTORY
or research your COAT OF ARMS.
All credit cords occupied. Write to
Achievements, Northquie, Contestury,
Kent, UK. CTI 18AHT. Tel: (0227) 62618

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DIVORCE in 24 hours. Contested/un-contested. Bufete, Inc. 35 Wisconsin Circle, Wizshington, DC 20815 FEBLING low? - havings problems? SOS HELP crise-line in English, 3 p.m. 11 p.m. Tel: Paris 723 60 60. AA in English doily, Paris. Tel: 325. 76.03./551.38.90. CRISIS Counselling, Psychotherap, Masters & Johnson, Paris 293 40 77.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

FRANCE EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH is Rue des Bons-Rossins, Reuil-Molmo n, Western Suburbs. Sunday Worshi I a.m.; Sunday School 11 a.m. Servic in English. Tel: 749 15 29, 722 71 03.

ALLIED VAN LINES INTERNATIONAL THE CAREFUL MOYERS FRANCE: 14 r. de la Vega, Paris 12 Contact: Mr. McBain. Tel: 343 23 64

GERMANY: INTL MOVING Frankfurt, 0611-781006. Munich, 065 142244. Dusseldorf, 02102-45023/24.

UNITED VAN LINES SECOND TO MONE
Huet interpational Moving
15 Rue Philippe de Dangeau
78000 Versoilles
Tel: (3) 950 77 44 - Telex; 676301F

International **Herald Tribune** ads work



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MOVING WONDERFUL WORLDWIDE **MOVES INTERDEAN**

ATHENS: BARCELONA: BARCELONA: BONN: BONN: BREMEN: BRILISSES: CADIZ: CHICAGO: FRANKFURT: GENEVA: THE HAGUE: HOUSTON: LONDON: LONDON: LONDON: MADRED:

598 5511 671.24.50 141.50.36 738.32.88 490 7444 742.85.11 475.43.57 82.43.64 363.20.00 MADRID: MUNICH: MUNICH: NAPLES: NEW YORK: PARIS: ROME: VIENNA: ZURICH:

AUTOMOBILES, REMOVALS, BAG-GAGE Special rates by air to U.S.A., Conodo, & other destinations. Tran-scor, Paris 500 03 04. scor, Paris 500 US UA.
CONTINEX: TEL. 281 18 81 PARIS
(Near OPERA). Air 8. Sea to all cost
tries. Economy rates. Also baggage. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BELGIUM CASTLE

17th century, Neo-Gothic style, good condition, About 23,600 sq.m. of property, about 700 sq.m. of living area, including unique items like: 2 Tremish Renaissance open fireplaces in alabatter and solid-wood coffered celling, beautiful stoir-case, etc.

CASTLE 17th century, Baraque style, very good condition, about 900 sq.m. of living area, 9000 sq.m. of property, cestle up to 60% educavely renovated, drawings from French interior decorator are present for complete restoration, large annexes for edensions.

LIDGUESOUS VILLA ad in 1980, first class materials, from Lusembourg-City in subur-ia, about 1000 sq.m. of living any representative and with all

SEIGNEURIAL COUNTRY HOUSE 50 km from Libembourg-City, 7000 ic.m. of property, about 450 sq.m. of iving area, aneitine apportunity, unique panarama and very quiet.

JEANNOT G. HEIDERSCHEID REALTOR P.O. BOX 32 L-8001 SXSEN GR. D. OF LUXEMBOURG. TEL 33 82 39. FRENCE PROVINCES

COTE D'AZUR PORT GRIMAUD 'Fishermon's Ho GARDE FRENET Village house in han-let which can be extent ed, living room, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, solari-ims. Water, electricity, phone. F 450,000 or nearest offer.

NEAR CROCK VALMER Overlook sec, excellent opportunity to purchas semi detached houses with angel private gordens, 3 to 5 rooms. Prices from F605,000 to F1,100,000.

Apply: **30HN TAYLOR S.A.** B.P. 66, 83990 ST-TROPEZ Tel. (94) 97 07 30. FRENCH RIVIERA

- CAP FERRAT
Onto the Water
th direct occess to the sea and pier
dracrdinary 1-bedroom opertment
maxing view. Apoly lo:
JOHN TAYLOR S.A.
I Avenure Albert I
F - 06230 Saint-Jean-Cap-Ferrat
Tel. [73] 01 24 24. mylipia uses, topo con record secrety, even by phone. Tel: 720 39 61 Paris. 42 Ave George V, 75008.

DON'T VISIT PARIS ALONE. Toka o high standard private guide with cor. Call APOS: 541 01 89/539 55 75.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE PARIS & SUBURBS

PARLES & SUBURIOS

POR SALE F 1,250,000 beoutiful apartment in Gerches, 8 lens. Boile, 2 lens. from American School, direct bus to in? I school in St German, 3 bedrooms, 2 bethrooms, 1 shower, 43 sct.m. living, real balcony on park. Fully redecorated 2 years ago. Equipped litchen. Paris: 741 47 96 learly mornings & evenings or 524 43 76 (Miss Hennel or Miss Huchet office hours). 15th NEAR AVE DE RICTEUR, new, high class building, 95 sq.m. aportment + 13 sq.m. belanny. Double recapion, 2 bedrooms, 1½ belas, 2 WCs, fully equipped, possibly furnished, porting, F1,300,000. Foris Fromos 563 25 do.

563 25 60.

N PARES, OWNER SELLS magnificant operations, 280 sq.m. Near Champs Bysees. 80 sq.m. garden. Available immediate view on Biffall Tower. F6,000,000. Tel 541 01 89/539 55 75. F6,000,000. Tal 541 01 89/539 55 75.
EFANG LA VILLE (near). Morty is Roi, beautiful villa, double living, 5 bedrooms, 3 baths, 900 sam. gordenoret view, ovaliable immediately. Tel 916 38 71.
EVALIDIS - Newilly 92. Paris limits, owner sells 2nd floor flat, sunny. 60 sam, 2 rooms, many dosests, equipped kitchen, both, enternees, corridor. Parking. Bulls '68. F550,000; 758 66 13

FOREIGNERS on buy apartments on LAKE GENEVA Can buy apartments on LAKE GRNEV, in Mantheux near Lausanne, or all year round resorts: St. Carigue near Geneva, Villiars, Les Dioblents: Verbier. Resorting up to 30-70% at low instruments and the care of the control of the control

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

COMPUTER PORTRAITS

COMPUTER PORTRAITS

IN COLOR OR B & W

AN INSTANT MONEY MAKER

THAT CAN EARN YOU

A GOOD'S 8000 per menth

A portroit from a live subject or from a photo in less than 60 sec. This can be unstantly transferred on to a Tohirt or soot say textile item. Full or port-time. ALL CASH BUSINESS. Portoble, No experience necessary. Eccellent for thopping centers, resorts, shows, hotels, mail order, comiveds, from or any high inefficiention. Systems priced from \$10,000 to \$29,000. FOB frontfurt.

REMA COMPUTER SYSTEMS

DEPT D12 POSTFACH 174082,

6 PRANICIERT GERMANY.

6 FRANKFURT GERMANY TELEX: 412713.

WONDERMENTI
What GELET'S 'EL TORO' Mechanical
Bull can do for your business! Club
comers (Western, right, and disco), promotional agancies, corpival & festival
agarctura. Get in on the Western movement now! Immediate delivery Europe
& the for East. We are more than just
a machinel Become part of Gilley's
International. Principals only. Contect:
Earl I, Dubin. Exclusive Distributor, Hoselst
Numberg, Masselst. 20. Do 6 frankfurt /
Main. Germany. Tel. (0) 611-618527 or
(0) 611-226742.

ART GALLERY - Les Holles, Poris, Lody orist seeks partner in established bus-ness. Tel: 236 82 87 Paris, From 3-8 pm. until Dec. 20.

BUSINESS SERVICES

CCS'S FAMOUS voice stress analyzer \$11,000 - tells if your clients are lying

Office hours 10 c.m. · 6 p.m. IN COLOR OR B & W

MARBELLA Opportunity, posite Marbello Club. 6 bedron buttrooms, 1 acre plot. Sea vic Contact P.O. Box 264, Marbello, (Mologo), Spain.
Tel: 52/776 350 or 52/773 212. USA GENERAL

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

RIVEST IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Apartment, Commercial and Industrial complexes, currently manages \$300 million of Real Estons, \$150,000 million num. Contact Michael K. Hoyde, P.O. Box 6348, Orange, California 92667, U.S.A. USA RESIDENTIAL WASHINGTON D.C. 2-lavel town-house oper/ment in Westergete com-plex. 175 sq.m. plus garden polio 75 sq.m., 3 bethreoms, private indoor porlding spoce. US\$ 500,000. Phone Paris 705 11 68 or Athens 711 458. Telesa Athens 215735 AMTR.

USA COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL **U.S. REAL ESTATE** WE WISH TO COMPACT WISTONS, FINANCIAL GROUPS OR SALES ORGANIZATIONS interested to take over a substantial part of our REAL ESTATE PROPERTY

Located in very rapidly growing Texas city (pop. 425,000). The property con-sists of subdivided lots, with zoning and chready existing roads to the lots, Coun-try and Golf Cub. Extremely interesting

REALESTATE TO RENT/SHARE FRENCH PROVINCES FRENCH RIVIERA **CAP FERRAT** stified Apply to: JOHN TAYLOR S.A.] Avenue Albert | F - 06230 Somt-Jean-Cop-Ferrot Tel: (93) 01 24 24.

GREAT BRITAIN WHY SHOULD YOU or your company spend large emounts of money on hotels in London? You can runt on ele-

spend strips consume or increay on no-test in London? You can rant en ele-gant & cosy opentreast near Marble Arch et £150 per week. Bedroom, fiv-ing room, con sleep 4, completely fur-nished & equipped, color TV, rest 3, 6 or 12 months. Centect London 997-7889 between 7-10pm. MAIDA VALE - Fully fernished oport-ment in prestigious building for rest or sole. Near American schook. Three bedrooms, large reception room. Two betwooms, Mammum six months of £530/month. Phone USA-803 723 7077 or London 405 0767. LONDON BEJGRAVIA - Unusual know-tyrhouse, lorge reception, 2 bedrooms, terroce/garden. Well furnished. £250/week. Tek London 235 7119. LONDON karry properties, short/long ONDON knowy properties, short/le lets - HERRIST 01 434 3717/8/9,

MAGNETICENT GULF OF MEDICO 3-bedroom beach front island home for rent. \$650 per week, Mr. John Niel-son, P.O. Box 41, Matolacha, Florida, 33709. Phone 813-282-2265 HOLLAND Renthouse International 020-448751 (4 lines) REAL ESTATE WANTED/EXCHANGE Amsterdom, Bolestein 43. VANTEO: 3 bedroom furnished oper-neast for visiting academic & family lanuary thru June 1982, convenient to Versatiles - (INSIA). Paris 642 54 85.

DUTCH HOUSING CENTRE B.V. Deluse rentals. Valeriusstr. 174, Amsterdam. 020-721 234 or 723272.

EMPLOYMENT International Business Message Center POSITIONS AVAILABLE FOR MORE EXECUTIVE POSITIONS LOOK UNDER 'INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES' PAGE 11 over a quarter of a million readers worldwide, most of whom are in business and industry, will read

your message. Just telex in Paris 613595, before 10:00 a.m. ensuring that we can talex you back and your message will oppear within 48 hours. You will be billed at U.S. 38.20 or local equivalent per line. You must include complete and verifiable billing address. DIAMONDS PREMISES PARIS NEAR TROCADERO: sells lexurious restourons with To Diamond Owners

> INVESTMENTS **FOUND** 1 MacDonald's paper place setting outographed by D. Rockefeller, Reward; KONCEPTS 288 50 42 PARS.

DIAMONDS DIAMONDS & JEWELRY **Export Prices Tax Free** Open Man. thru Sat. included, SIDIAM INVESTMEN Brussels: 1509 Centre Int. Rogier, 15th Roov, 02/218 28 63. Antwerp: 58 Longe, Herestickestract 031/33 13 62

DIAMONDS Your best buy.

Fine clamonds in any price range of lowest wholesole prices of free from Antwerp center of the clamond world.

Full guarantee.

For free price list write Jeachers Geldensstein Champing of the Communication of the Communicati Pelikaanstraat 62, 8-2000 Antwe Belgium - Tel: Q 37/34.07.51 Thu 717/79 syl b. At the Diamond a Heart of the Antwerp Diamond indi

And oil those who want to know what is the real market price of diamonds. We are the only publishers of a monthly booklet giving the most serious and occurret prices and information of the diamond trade world wide.

Circulation: 25,000 copies per month. To obtain a free copy, please mail a self-addressed envelope to:

Georges Evens

Afth: Poished Dept.,

72 Palikoanstroot.

2000 Antiwerpen, Belgium.

☐ WORLD WIDE ☐

Copies also constable in PARS - 285 89 79 LONDON - 404 (231 ± 405 8487 AMSTERDAM - 22 55 41 ZURICH - 252 19 31 NEW YORK - 719 5324 = 391 2981 RO DE JANEERO - 227 1137 Teles: 331 17 DIMBOO 8 (BELGIUM)

OF CLOSER seeks more money. En-close details in confidence. Smiling Mr., Aggressive. Portfach 1127, D-7148, Remack 2, W. Germony. OFFICE SERVICES

MONEY MANAGEMENT

Your PERSONALIZED PARES OFFICE Change Bysess Boile Busines & legal videres, mail, letex, messages & secretarial service

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE **EMPLOYMENT** GENERAL POSITIONS WANTED PORTUGUESE MAN, 28 years, species good English, seeks domestic or other position. Good references, Will travel. Write: Herald Tribune, Box P, Findorou 26, Athers, Greece.
STUDENT, B.A. BCONGMICS, seeks work Forst, Feb. Research, writing, etc. American corp experience. Box 342, 440 E 26th St., N.Y.C. 10010, USA. INT'L HOUSING SERVICE for rest houses and apartments AMSTERDAM, Tel: 020 - 768022 PIERRE'S SEKVICES in Amsterdam, HS. versum & Utrecht oreas. Tek 035-12198, Kapittelweg 389, Hilversum.

TEACHING POSITIONS
AVAILABLE SCHOOL SEEKS part-time TEFL, expe exced teachers send CV & photo Durin, 23 rue Ballu, Paris 9th.

When in Rome:
PALAZZO AL VISLABRO
LIcory opertnent house with furn
lath, available for 1 week and
rom \$50 a day for two.
Phone: 6794325, 6793450.
Write: Via del Velabra 16,
00186 Rome. * Active Business * * Couple * PARIS AREA FURNISHED BLE ST LOUIS, Luxurious studio, Call 325 NO AGENT EQUIPPED DUPLEX of ment, short term, Call 606 04 37.

With one 11 year old, wel-trovelled bright young mon, requires RYTE LIGENT EDUCATED PERSON
With experience in driving, homeonology and family core who can loke complete charge of a gradious one family home in BOCA RATCH, FLORIDA
Full time, sleep-in, reliable person will be generously compensated.
Apply Box 40566, 1-17, 103 Kingsway, Landon WC2

SUBURBAN NEW YORK CTY: Full time normy for 2 very young mather-less children. Must be loving, experienced & English specialing. Excellent working conditions. Replys Box. 15225, Harold Tribune, 92521 Neutify Cadex, Franke.

DOMESTIC POSITIONS AVAILABLE EXPENSION MANNY - MOTHER help with rability to cook needed fromly in Switzerland. One child achool age. Phone Lugano 54 84 29 c Write to Mrs Marroy, Via Goggini dissone 9, CH-6901 Lugano.

DOMESTIC POSITIONS WANTED POSITIONS WANTED

WE HAVE a number of Mothers' Nelpers & Trained Namies available for 1 year contracts WORLDWIDE. Write or beignions us nown Reinbow Bursou, Mrs. Greenslode, 6th floor, Carolyn House, Dispeval Road, East Croydon, Surrey, CR3 3EE, England. Tel. 01 680, 5633, for 01 771 0086 other 6 pm) Agy SE 5038.

BYGILSHMAN, 46, single, seeks possion as guardian of villa or apartment in Connex or resorby. Fresch speading, refeibble, capable, maintenance, sec. + good innovinding of orac. References. Contacts Mrs. Hyperprise, 64, by

EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE CECUTIVE, 41, international exp EXECUTIVE. 41, international experi-ence in general management, market-ing and contrast regolicitor. Basil-ground in chemical and industrial products, serospece and studies manage. gy. Small office and studies in Lucem-bourg. Contact Box 15328, Herold Tri-burn, 72521 Newly Cedar, France. PORTFOLIO MANAGER, executive, 18 years experience in Beigan bank, specialist franch-fragish, 37 years old, will manage investments in bank or company, preferably in Austratio, good references. Box 15327, Herold Inburs, 92521 Newly Cedar, France. WORLDWIDE ou poirs, mothers' help, namies, houseleopers. Au Poirs Inter-rational. Mrs Grosbord, 2: Pinks or, Pine-Brog. 7ch (03-790403, broad. BNGLISH NANNESS & Mothers' Helps free now. Nash Agency, 27 Grand Po-trade, Brighton, UK. Tel: 652 666.

AUTOMOBILES ROLLS ROYCE ESTATE MARKETING FRM doing business with US military in Europe needs area monoper. Selling experience required, preferably with the US military. Good sellony + car + odditional benefits. Please send resume to Trans-European Marketing, Feddergest. 25, 6 Frankfurt 1, or call 6011-723 458 / 59 offer Dec. 14, 1981.

ATTRACTIVE billingual wanne for particular frain, Forts. Send CV & photo to NLS, B.P. 221, 75749 Paris Cadex 15, France. Silver Shadow II, custom converted into 5 door estate with power operated surshine roof. 1981. British roong green. 1800 miles. One owner. A superto apportunity to acquire a unique car. Private sale.

Landon 834 2722 or LIK 0420 63019.

BENTLEY 1975 In exceptional condition, I owner, Regularly maintained & serviced by affi-cial Robs Royce distributor throughou ownership, Regetared in the Sepublic o treland, Price IR £18,500. Phone Dublic 306451 for appointment with owner.

CLD TIME PORSCHE, 2568 Model Cobrio 1963, best offer. Gorganhuber, Brunn 20, 530 Puschel om See, Schburg, Austrio. Tele 43/08/226/395 MUSICIAN WILL EXCHANGE 76 Mercedes 230, excellent condition, with optores for F15,000 + von in some condition. Tel: 233 10 52 Paris. MERCEDES SERVE 2002 280 SEL 501 MERCEDES SERVE 2002 SE. Left Hand Drive. Tel: 01 221 0538 / 0543 UK. Teles: 299967. JAGUAR. XJ-12, 1978, very low mileage, fully equipped, a fastistic deal france: (23 31 69 98.

AUTO SHIPPING FRANKFUKT/MAIN - W. GERMANY H. bernonn GmbH, Tel-0611-44907; Fidwip off over Europe + ro/ro-ships.

AUTO SHIPPING TRANSCARL Europe's longest for Core, old baggage & household effects worldwide. Contact Landon W1, 43/44 New Bond St., Tek 491, 4121. Geneva 1219, 33/78 Ava. du Lippon. Tek 96 55 11. Frankfurt, Am Sudpark 10, D4072 Kelsterbock, Tek 04,107 2051. The original & still the only transcor Organization. SHE YOUR CAR TO & FROM U.S.A. VIA ANTWERF AND SAVE Free hotel. Regular scalings, JFK/McGurre Airport delivery. AMSCO, Kribbastroot 2, Antwerp. Belgism. Tek 31 42 39. Teles: 71469.

Teles: 71407, TRANSCAE 20 the Le Suter, 75116 Pors. Tel: 500 03 04: Nice: 83 95 33. Adverp 33 99 85. Carnes 39 43 44. WORLDWIDE car thioping/removols. Marin Air Fret, Paris 288 73 97.

AUTOS TAX FREE

FROM STOCK
Thunderbird, 79, silver, \$4800
Deville, 81, 2-door dissel, \$12,000
Mestang, \$2,000x, 79, \$4900
Mercades 200, new, champagne
Mercades 200 D, new, horgo being
Mescades 300 SD, USA, new, ivory
Chery Recredition Von, new, \$12,000
Codillacs, Lincolns, Jaguors, Ronge
Rovers, Lond Rovers, Mercades and
other leading males available.
Some day registration possible. **ICZKOVITS**

Cloridanstrasse 36, CH-8027 Zurich Tek 01/20276 10, Telesa 53444. TAX FREE CARS

Largest inventory in Europe, European, Japanese and American cars. All brand new. Same day delivery and transit registration. P.C.T. Expart International Bredatoon - 2000 Mentsom-Antwerp-Belgium. Tel. 031/46.50.15 or 46.50.31 or 46.70.91. Tix 35546.

TAX FREE CARS ALL MAKES & MODELS with Swiss Roance plates, RAMPY MOTORS INC. 1290 Geneva-Versoix, 87 route Soit Tel: 022/55 44 43, Telex 28279 or 289477

TRANSCO TAX FREE CARS
LARGEST STOCK IN EUROPE
Serot for free cotatog & stock list: 9:
Noorderfoor, 2009 Arthwere, Belgium
Teli 031-426240. The 35207 TRANS-8.

BOATS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

1st CLASS 70th WOODEN COASTER for sole, suitable for conversion for soil & crusing. Price £ 15,000. For further information & phate, please write to: 1. Statous, Wergelandsclien 15, 5032 Medie, Norway.

LEGAL SERVICES TT IN'S' COMBAS - HYORIE WIT. ota, finance; all metters, integrity, in Who's Who in America, Fluest German - ett I dientale. William Begart, P.C., State Tower Bidg., Syrocuse, NY 13202. Tel: 315-471-5522. (Lenuary 22 is the lost date for filing arbitration of all licensor classes before the Hague court.)

SERVICES PS/ INTERPRETER & TOURISM GLEDE Pleasant presentation, English/Franch Fore 562 06 87.

YOUNG BYT'I, INTERPRETER considers presentation, English, French, German, Itolian, Cali Pare 433 91 88, PARIS-YOUNG LADY PR. Excellent appearance, maininguel, 553 42 42.

BERNOUAL BUSINESS & travelling caistant. Tel: 500 58 17 Paris:

The year of Latry - willinguel, appellent appellent. PR YOUNG LADY, trifingual, excellent appearance, Paris 527 0193. BUSINESS INTERPRETER and lourism guide, Paris 774 75 65.

LOW COST FLIGHTS AUSTRALIA/ NZ from London. Context the specialists. REHO Troval, 13 New Colord St (01) 465 8755/404 4944 WGRLDWIDE LOW COST, FUGHTS. Reductions on 1st clars travel. EURO-CHECK. Tel-London (01) 540 6341. PAM AM 15 FARE coupons for world-wide fights. USA 47 202-787-0034 TO USA or WORLDWIDE, context your US travel agents Paris 225 12.39. **PORTUGAL**

7 DAYS INCLUSIVE TOURS FROM PARIS TO:

FROM MILAN TO:

MADERA (HALPBOARD) 667,000 Ure Placas Contact: Milion, Teb 87 41 50. Th: 31 36 96 For other programs and detailed information, ask your

TRAVEL AGENT

COME SPEND CHRISTMAS WEEK around the fire in a worm 8-colorful chrosphere, in the Provencel village of Max 86 Sthousete, perched on a ful everlooking the gulf of St. Tropez. Cost of renting a house for 6-8 people is only 75000. And if you decide to buy, this will be deducted from purchase price. For further information-scale, 1 rue tongchamp, 05000 Nice. 196 (578 750 21. CHARTER A WALEY YACHT in Greece direct from owner of lorgest fleet in Surope. American memogenerat, Section condect. Volaf Yochit Ltd., Albi Themstoldeous 22C, Fironeus, Greece, Tel. 4229571, 4229486, Telesu 21-2000.

CHRISTIMAS IN CALEFORNIA SUN. Furnished villos to rant, 6 people, pool, jocuzzi, view, colm, sectority system, or, 15 dovy or 1 month. Call USA (213) 550 18 24.

GREECE BY VACHT. Motor/soil. To discover, 2000 islands at leijum. PNN NN THE SEA, Loshou 12, Pironas, Greece. Tel: 452.4669, The 211249. HELIAS YACHTING. Yorks charters. Academica 28, Athens, 134, Greece. PAGE 15

FOR MORE

potect the TRIB's office in your country. HEAD OFFICE

Tel.: 747.12.65. BROFF ins Alfons Grim Tel.: 26 36 15. Frankfurt: H. Jung or K. Ohlf Tel.: 28 36 78 Tel. 67 27 93 & 66 25 44. Tel.: 455 28 91 & 455 33 06.

tenamener Giy von Thuyne Tel.; 29 58 94. Lisbon: Rie Ambe Tel. 242 51 73. Madrids A. Umlouff So Lernet Antonio Sambrotto Tel.: 679 34 37. Annua McKla White Tel.: 54-15-06-22. OTHERS Hong Kongt C. Chansy Tel.: 5 - 420 906. Tal Avive Dun Delich

Tel., 229 873,

10 - 10

CLASSIFIEDS

MILE Control of the second of the s A County

A THE PERSON NAMED IN The second To the straight August & Sang godi bi^{an}